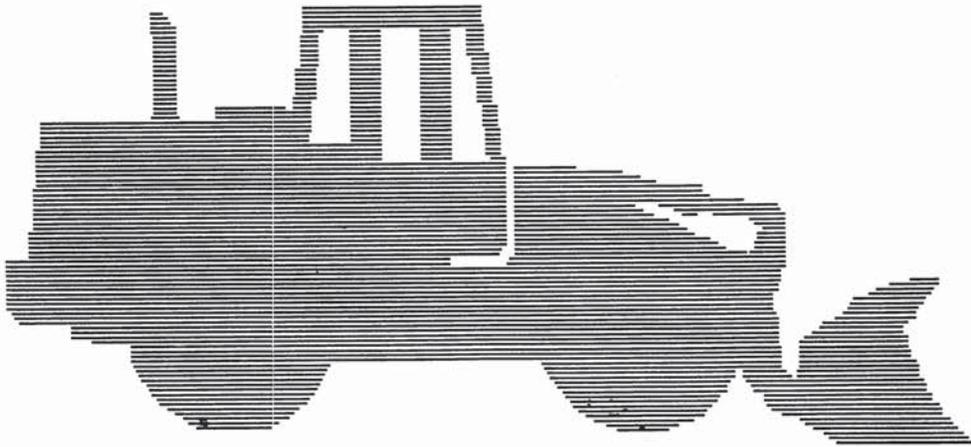


Product: Fiatallis FR220 Wheel Loader Service Repair Manual  
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# FR220

## Wheel Loader



Sample of manual. Download All 437 pages at:  
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# Service Manual

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**FIATGEOTECH S.p.A.** TECNOLOGIE PER LA TERRA

DIVISIONE MACCHINE MOVIMENTO TERRA - ASSISTENZA - PUBBLICAZIONI

Form 604.06.546 - II 1992 - 200 - GRAFICA DESSÌ S.N.C. - RIVA PR. CHIERI (TO)

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# FR220

## WHEEL LOADER

### service manual

Form 604.06.546 English



#### WARNING

STUDY THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION MANUAL THROUGH BEFORE STARTING. OPERATING, MAINTAINING, FUELING OR SERVICING THIS MACHINE.



The Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual provides the instructions and procedures for starting, operating, maintaining, fueling, shutdown and servicing that are necessary for properly conducting the procedures for overhaul of the related components outlined in this Service Manual.



This symbol is your safety alert sign. It MEANS ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED.



Read and heed all safety instructions carrying the signal words WARNING and DANGER.



Machine mounted safety signs have been color coded yellow with black borders and lettering for warning and red with white borders and lettering for danger points.

## AVOID ACCIDENTS

Most accidents, whether they occur in industry, on the farm, at home or on the highway, are caused by the failure of some individual to follow simple and fundamental safety rules or precautions. For this reason MOST ACCIDENTS CAN BE PREVENTED by recognizing the real cause and doing something about it before the accident occurs.

Regardless of the care used in the design and construction of any type of equipment there are conditions that cannot be completely safeguarded against without interfering with reasonable accessibility and efficient operation.

A careful operator is the best insurance against an accident.  
The complete observance of one simple rule would prevent many thousand serious injuries each year.  
That rule is:

*Never attempt to clean, oil or adjust a machine while it is in motion.*

### WARNING

On machines having hydraulically, mechanically, and/or cable controlled equipment (such as shovels, loaders, dozers, scrapers, etc.) be certain the equipment is lowered to the ground before servicing, adjusting and/or repairing. If it is necessary to have the hydraulically, mechanically, and/or cable controlled equipment partially or fully raised to gain access to certain items, be sure the equipment is suitably supported by means other than the hydraulic lift cylinders, cable and/or mechanical devices used for controlling the equipment.

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### **IMPORTANT**

Always furnish serial number if making an inquiry to Dealer or Factory about this machine.

Many equipment owners employ the Dealer Service Department for all work other than routine lubrication and minor service. This practice is encouraged, as our Dealers are well informed and equipped to render efficient service by factory trained mechanics.

This manual may not be reprinted or reproduced, either in whole or in part, without written permission of Fiatallis.

Illustrations show standard and optional items.

### **NOTICE**

**OPTIONS SHOWN IN THIS MANUAL MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE IN ALL SALES AREAS. CONTACT YOUR DEALER OR DISTRIBUTOR IF UNSURE OF YOUR MACHINE'S CONFIGURATION.**

### **IMPORTANT**

The information in this manual was current at the time of publication. It is our policy to constantly improve our product and to make available additional items. These changes may affect procedures outlined in this manual. If variances are observed, verify the information through your Dealer.

Neither the Factory nor any organization in its distribution chain, including but not limited to national, regional or local distributors, are responsible for any liability arising from any damage resulting from defects caused by parts and/or components not approved by the Factory for use in maintaining and/or repairing products manufactured or merchandized by the Factory.

In any case, no warranty of any kind is made or shall be imposed with respect to products manufactured or merchandized by the Factory when failures are caused by the use of parts and/or components not approved by the Factory.



### **WARNING**

Some illustrations in this manual show the machine with panels and/or covers removed to show components placed behind them. Never operate the machine without protective panels and/or covers properly installed and secured.

You are expressly warned to abstain from altering the setting of any valve in the hydraulic system to avoid possible damages to the components of the machine, to persons and/or property.

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## INDEX

<b>SAFETY RULES</b> -----	<b>I - VIII</b>
<b>STANDARD TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS</b> -----	<b>IX - XII</b>
<b>GENERAL DESCRIPTION</b> -----	<b>Section 1</b>
<b>ENGINE : see Print No 604.06.543</b>	
<b>TRANSMISSION : see Print No 604.06.549</b>	
<b>AXLES</b> -----	<b>Section 3</b>
<b>BRAKE SYSTEM</b> -----	<b>Section 4</b>
<b>STEERING &amp; IMPLEMENT</b> -----	<b>Section 5</b>
<b>BUCKET &amp; CHASSIS</b> -----	<b>Section 6</b>
<b>ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS</b> -----	<b>Section 7</b>
<b>CAB</b> -----	<b>Section 8</b>



## SAFETY RULES

### GENERAL

Study the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual before starting, operating, maintaining, fueling, or servicing machine.

Read and heed all machine-mounted safety signs before starting, operating, maintaining, fueling or servicing machine.

Machine-mounted safety signs have been color coded yellow with black border and lettering for **WARNING** and red with white border and lettering for **DANGER** points.

Never attempt to operate the machine or its tools from any position other than seated in the operator's seat. Keep head, body, limbs, hands and feet inside operator's compartment at all times to reduce exposure to hazards outside the operator's compartment.

Do not allow unauthorized personnel to operate service or maintain this machine.

Always check work area for dangerous features. The following are examples of dangerous work areas: slopes, over hangs, timber, demolitions, fire, high walls, drop off, back fills, rough terrain, ditches, ridges, excavations, heavy traffic, crowded parking, crowded maintenance and closed areas. Use extreme care when in areas such as these.

An operator must know the machine's capabilities. When working on slopes or near drop offs be alert to avoid loose or soft conditions that could cause sudden tipping or loss of control.

Do not jump on or off machine. Keep two hands and one foot, or two feet and one hand, in contact with steps grab rails and handles at all times.

Do not use controls or hoses as hand holds when climbing on or off machine. Hoses and controls are movable and do not provide a solid support. Controls also may be inadvertently moved causing accidental machine or equipment movement.

Keep operator's compartment, stepping points, grab-rails and handles clear of foreign objects, oil, grease, mud or snow accumulation to minimize the danger of slipping or stumbling. Clean mud or grease from shoes before attempting to mount or operate the machine.

Be careful of slippery conditions on stepping points, hand rails, and on the ground. Wear safety boots or shoes that have a high slip resistant sole material.

For your personal protection. Do not attempt to climb on or off machine while machine is in motion.

Never leave the machine unattended with the engine running.

Always lock up machine when leaving it unattended. Return keys to authorized security. Heed all shut down procedures of the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual. Always set the parking brake when leaving the machine for any reason.

Do not wear rings, wrist watches, jewelry, loose or hanging apparel, such as ties, torn clothing, scarves, unbuttoned or unzipped jackets that can catch on moving parts. Wear proper safety equipment as authorized for the job. Examples: hard hats, safety shoes, heavy gloves, ear protectors, safety glasses or goggles, reflector vests, or respirators. Consult your employer for specific safety equipment requirements.

Do not carry loose objects in pockets that might fall unnoticed into open compartments. Do not use machine to carry loose objects by means other than attachments for carrying such objects.

**DO NOT CARRY RIDERS** unless the machine is equipped for carrying people to reduce personal exposure to being thrown off.

Do not operate machinery in a condition of extreme fatigue or illness. Be especially careful towards the end of the shift.

Roll Over Protective Structures are required on wheel loaders, dozer tractors, track type loaders, graders and scrapers by local or national requirements. **DO NOT** operate this machine without a Roll Over Protective Structure.

Do not operate a machine without a falling object protective structure (FOPS).

Do not operate this machine without a rear canopy screen when machine is equipped with rear mounted towing winch.

Seat belts are required to be provided with roll over protective structures or roll protection cabs by local or national regulations. Keep the safety belt fastened around you during operation.

Where noise exposure exceeds 90 dBA for 8 hours, wear authorized ear protective equipment per local or national requirements that apply.

Keep clutches and brakes on machine and attachments such as power control units, winches and master clutches adjusted according to Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manuals of the manufacturers at all times. **DO NOT** adjust machine with engine running except as specified.

Do not operate a machine with brakes out of adjustment. See the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

Move carefully when under, in or near machine or implements. Wear required protective equipment, such as hard hat, safety glasses, safety shoes, ear protectors.

To move a disabled machine, use a trailer or low boy truck if available. If towing is necessary, provide warning signals as required by local rules and regulations and follow Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual recommendations. Load and unload on a level area that gives full support to the trailer wheels. Use ramps of adequate strength, low angle and proper height. Keep trailer bed clean of clay, oil and all materials that become slippery. Tie machine down securely to truck or trailer bed and block tracks (or wheels) as required by the carrier.

## SAFETY RULES

To prevent entrapment in cabs or mounted enclosures, observe and know the mechanics of alternate exit routes.

On machines equipped with suction radiator fans, be sure to periodically check all engine exhaust parts for leaks as exhaust gases are dangerous to the operator. Keep a vent open to outside air at all times when operating within a closed cab.

**STARTING FLUID IS FLAMMABLE.** Follow the recommendations as outlined in the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual and as marked on the containers. Store containers in cool, well-ventilated place secure from unauthorized personnel. **DO NOT PUNCTURE OR BURN CONTAINERS.**

Follow the recommendations of the manufacturer for storage and disposal.

Wire rope develops steel slivers. Use authorized protective equipment such as heavy gloves, safety glasses when handling.

### OPERATION

Before starting machine, check, adjust and lock the operator's seat for maximum comfort and control of the machine.

**DO NOT START OR OPERATE AN UNSAFE MACHINE.** Before working the machine, be sure that any unsafe condition has been satisfactorily remedied. Check brakes, steering and attachment controls before moving. Advise the proper maintenance authority of any malfunctioning part or system. Be sure all protective guards or panels are in place, and all safety devices provided are in place and in good operating condition.

Check instruments at start-up and frequently during operation.

Do not run the engine of this machine in closed areas without proper ventilation to remove deadly exhaust gases.

Be sure exposed personnel in the area of operation are clear of the machine before moving the machine or its attachments. **WALK COMPLETELY AROUND** the machine before mounting. Sound horn. Obey flag man, safety signals and signs.

Know the principles of cross steering of crawler tractors. Read section in Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual on cross steering.

Keep engine exhaust system and exhaust manifolds clear of combustible material. Equip machine with screens and guards when working under conditions of flying combustible material.

If engine has a tendency to stall for any reason under load or idle, report this for adjustment to a proper maintenance authority immediately. Do not continue to operate machine until condition has been corrected.

Never use bucket as a man-lift.

Use recommended bucket for machine and material load ability and heaping characteristics of material, terrain, and other pertinent job conditions.

Avoid abrupt starts and stops when transporting a loaded bucket.

Inspect your seat belt webbing and hardware at least twice a year for signs of fraying, wear or other weakness that could lead to failure.

Use only designated towing or pulling attachment points. Use care in making attachment. Be sure pins and locks as provided are secure before pulling. Stay clear of draw bars, cables or chains under load.

When pulling or towing through a cable or chain, do not start suddenly at full throttle. Take up slack carefully. Guard against kinking chains or cables. Inspect carefully for flaws before using. Do not pull through a kinked chain or cable due to the high stresses and possibility of failure of the kinked area. Always wear heavy gloves when handling chain or cable.

Be sure cables are anchored and the anchor point is strong enough to handle the expected load. Keep exposed personnel clear of anchor point and cable or chain. **DO NOT PULL OR TOW UNLESS OPERATOR'S COMPARTMENT OF MACHINES INVOLVED ARE PROPERLY GUARDED AGAINST POTENTIAL CABLE OR CHAIN BACKLASH.**

During operation always carry ripper in full raised position when not in use and lowered to ground when parked.

When counterweights have been provided, do not work machine if they have been removed unless their equivalent weight has been replaced. See the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

When operating a machine know what clearances will be encountered, overhead doors, wires, pipes, aisles, roadways; also the weight limitations of ground, floor, and ramps.

Know bridge and culvert load limits and do not exceed them. Know machine's height, width, and weight. Use a signal person when clearance is close.

Be sure that the exact location of gas lines, utility lines, sewers, overhead and buried power lines, and other obstructions or hazards are known. Such locations should be precisely marked by the proper authorities to reduce the risk of accidents. Obtain shut-down or relocation of any such facilities before starting work, if necessary.

Be certain to comply with all local, state, and federal regulations regarding working in the vicinity of power lines.

When roading find out what conditions are likely to be met - clearances, congestion, type of surface, etc. Be aware of fog, smoke or dust element that obscure visibility.

When backing, always look to where the machine is to be moved. Be alert to the position of exposed personnel. **DO NOT OPERATE** if exposed personnel enter the immediate work area.

## SAFETY RULES

Never travel a machine on a job site, in a congested area, or around people without a signal person to guide the operator.

In darkness, check area of operation carefully before moving in with machine. Use all lights provided. Do not move into area of restricted visibility.

Maintain clear vision of all areas of travel or work. Keep cab windows clean and repaired. Carry blade low for maximum visibility while traveling. Obtain and use fan blast deflectors where tractors are used as pusher tractors in tandem.

Transport a loaded bucket with the bucket as far tipped back and in as low a position as possible for maximum visibility, stability, and safest transport of the machine. Carry it at a proper speed for the load and ground conditions.

Carry the bucket low when traveling with a load.

Maintain a safe distance from other machines. Provide sufficient clearance for ground and visibility conditions. Yield right-of-way to loaded machines.

Avoid going over obstacles such as rough terrain, rocks, logs, curbs, ditches, ridges, and railroad tracks whenever possible. When obstructions must be crossed, do so with extreme care at an angle if possible. Reduce speed - down-shift. Ease up to the break over point - pass the balance point slowly on the obstruction and ease down on the other side.

Cross gullies or ditches at an angle with reduced speed after insuring ground conditions will permit a safe traverse.

Be alert to soft ground conditions close to newly constructed walls. The fill material and weight of machine may cause the wall to collapse under the machine.

Operate at speeds slow enough to insure complete control at all times. Travel slowly over rough ground, on slopes or near drop offs, in congested areas or on ice or slippery surfaces.

Be alert to avoid changes in traction conditions that could cause loss of control. **DO NOT** drive on ice or frozen ground conditions when working the machine on steep slopes or near drop offs.

Keep the machine well back from the edge of an excavation.

Be especially careful when traveling up or down slopes. Position the bucket in such a way as to provide a possible anchorage on the ground in case of a slide.

When proceeding across a hill side proceed slowly. Never turn sharply up hill or down hill.

Avoid side hill travel whenever possible. Drive up and down the slope. Should the machine start slipping sideways on a grade, turn it immediately downhill.

In steep down hill operation, do not allow engine to over speed. Select proper gear before starting down grade.

There is no substitute for good judgement when working on slopes.

The grade of slope you should attempt will be limited by such factors as condition of the ground, load being handled, the type of machine, speed of machine and visibility.

**NEVER COAST** the machine down grades and slopes with the transmission in neutral on power shift machines, or clutch disengaged on manually shifted machines.

To reduce the danger of uncontrolled machine, choose a gear speed before proceeding down grade that will hold machine to proper speeds for conditions.

Operating in virgin rough terrain that includes previously mentioned hazards is called pioneering. Be sure you know how this is done. Danger from falling branches and upturning roots is acute in these areas.

When pushing over trees, the machine must be equipped with proper over head guarding. Never allow a machine to climb up on the root structure particularly while the tree is being felled. Use extreme care when pushing over any tree with dead branches.

Avoid brush piles, logs or rocks. **DO NOT DRIVE THE MACHINE ONTO BRUSH PILES, LOGS, LARGE ROCKS** or other surface irregularities that break traction with the ground especially when on slopes or near drop offs.

Avoid operating equipment too close to an over hang or high wall either above or below the machine. Be on the look out for caving edges, falling objects and slides. Beware of concealment by brush and under growth of these dangers.

Park in a non-operating and non-traffic area or as instructed. Park on firm level ground if possible. Where not possible, position machine at a right angle to the slope, making sure there is no danger of uncontrolled sliding movement. Set the parking brake.

Never park on an incline without carefully blocking the machine to prevent movement.

If parking in traffic lanes cannot be avoided, provide appropriate flags, barriers, flares and warning signals as required. Also provide advance warning signals in the traffic lane of approaching traffic.

Move the machine away from pits, trenches, overhangs and over head power lines before shutting down for the day.

When stopping operation of the machine for any reason, always return the transmission or hydrostatic drive control to neutral and engage the control lock to secure the machine for a safe start up. Set parking brake, if so equipped.

Never lower attachments or tools from any position other than seated in operator's seat. Sound the horn. Make sure the area near the attachment is clear. Lower the attachment slowly. **DO NOT USE** float position to lower hydraulic equipment.

## SAFETY RULES

Always before leaving the operator's seat and after making certain all people are clear of the machine, slowly lower the attachments or tools flat to the ground in a positive ground support position. Move any multi purpose tool to positive closed position. Return the controls to hold. Place transmission control in neutral and move engine controls to off position. Engage all control locks, set parking brake, and open and lock the master (key, if so equipped) switch. Consult Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

Always follow the shut down instructions as outlined in the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

### MAINTENANCE

Do not perform any work on equipment that is not authorized. Follow the Maintenance or Service Manual procedures.

Machine should not be serviced with anyone in the operator's seat unless they are qualified to operate the machine and are assisting in the servicing.

Shut off engine and disengage the Power Take Off lever if so equipped before attempting adjustments or service.

Always turn the master switch (key switch if so equipped) to the *OFF* position before cleaning, repairing, or servicing and when parking machine to forestall unintended or unauthorized starting.

Disconnect batteries and *TAG* all controls according to local or national requirements to warn that work is in progress. Block the machine and all attachments that must be raised per local or national requirements.

Never lubricate, service or adjust a machine with the engine running, except as called for in the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry near moving parts.

Do not run engine when refueling and use care if engine is hot due to the increased possibility of a fire if fuel is spilled.

Do not smoke or permit any open flame or spark near when refueling, or handling highly flammable materials.

Always place the fuel nozzle against the side of the filler opening before starting and during fuel flow. To reduce the chance of a static electricity spark, keep contact until after fuel flow is shut off.

Do not adjust engine fuel pump when the machine is in motion.

Never attempt to check or adjust fan belts when engine is running.

When making equipment checks that require running of the engine, have an operator in the operator's seat at all times with the mechanic in sight. Place the transmission in neutral and set the brakes and lock. *KEEP HANDS AND CLOTHING AWAY FROM MOVING PARTS.*

Avoid running engine with open unprotected air inlets. If such running is unavoidable for service reasons, place protective screens over all inlet openings before servicing engine.

Do not place head, body, limbs, feet, fingers, or hands near rotating fan or belts. Be especially alert around a pusher fan.

Keep head, body, -limbs, feet, fingers, or hands away from bucket, blade or ripper when in raised position.

If movement of an attachment by means of machine's hydraulic system or winches is required for service or maintenance, do not raise or lower attachments from any position other than when seated in the operator's seat. Before starting machine or moving attachments or tools, set brakes, sound horn and call for an all clear. Raise attachments slowly.

Never place head, body, limbs, feet, fingers, or hands into an exposed portion between uncontrolled or unguarded scissor points of machine without first providing secure blocking.

Never align holes with fingers or hands - Use the proper aligning tool.

Disconnect batteries before working on electrical system or repair work of any kind.

Check for fuel or battery electrolyte leaks before starting service or maintenance work. Eliminate leaks before proceeding.

*BATTERY GAS IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.* Leave battery box open to improve ventilation when charging batteries. Never check charge by placing metal objects across the posts. Keep sparks or open flame away from batteries. Do not smoke near battery to guard against the possibility of an accidental explosion.

Do not charge batteries in a closed area. Provide proper ventilation to guard against an accidental explosion from an accumulation of explosive gases given off in the charging process.

Be sure to connect the booster cables to the proper terminals (+ to +) and (- to -) at both ends. Avoid shorting clamps. Follow the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual procedure.

Due to the presence of flammable fluid, never check or fill fuel tanks, storage batteries or use starter fluid near lighted smoking materials or open flame or sparks.

Rust inhibitors are volatile and flammable. Prepare parts in well ventilated place. Keep open flame away - *DO NOT SMOKE.* Store containers in a cool well ventilated place secured against unauthorized personnel.

Do not use an open flame as a light source to look for leaks or for inspection anywhere on the machine.

*DO NOT* pile oily or greasy rags - they are a fire hazard. Store in a closed metal container.

## SAFETY RULES

Never use gasoline or solvent or other flammable fluid to clean parts. Use authorized commercial, non-flammable, non-toxic solvents.

Never place gasoline or diesel fuel in an open pan.

Shut off engine and be sure all pressure in system has been relieved before removing panels, housings, covers, and caps. See Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

Do not remove hoses or check valves in the hydraulic system without first removing load and relieving pressure on the supporting cylinders. Turn radiator cap slowly to relieve pressure before removing. Add coolant only with engine stopped or idling if hot. See Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

Fluid escaping under pressure from a very small hole can almost be invisible and can have sufficient force to penetrate the skin. Use a piece of card board or wood to search for suspected pressure leaks. **DO NOT USE HANDS.** If injured by escaping fluid, see a doctor at once. Serious infection or reaction can develop if proper medical treatment is not administered immediately.

Never use any gas other than dry nitrogen to charge accumulators. See Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual.

When making pressure checks use the correct gauge for expected pressure. See the Operation and Maintenance Instruction Manual or Service Manual for guidance.

For field service, move machine to level ground if possible and block machine. If work is absolutely necessary on an incline, block machine and its attachments securely. Move the machine to level ground as soon as possible.

Brakes are inoperative when manually released for servicing. Provision must be made to maintain control of the machine by blocking or other means.

Block all wheels before bleeding or disconnecting any brake system lines and cylinders.

Never use make shift jacks when adjusting track tension. Follow the Undercarriage Service Manual.

Know your jacking equipment and its capacity. Be sure the jacking point used on the machine is appropriate for the load to be applied. Be sure the support of the jack at the machine and under the jack is appropriate and stable. Any equipment up on a jack is dangerous. Transfer load to appropriate blocking as a safety measure before proceeding with service or maintenance work according to local or national requirements.

Always block with external support any linkage or part on machine that requires work under the raised linkage, parts, or machine per local or national requirements. Never allow anyone to walk under or be near unblocked raised equipment. Avoid working or walking under raised blocked equipment unless you are assured of your safety.

When servicing or maintenance requires access to areas that cannot be reached from the ground, use a ladder or step platform that meets local or national requirements to reach the service point. If such ladders or platforms are not available, use the machine hand holds and steps as provided. Perform all service or maintenance carefully.

Shop or field service platforms and ladders used to maintain or service machinery should be constructed and maintained according to local or national requirements.

Lift and handle all heavy parts with a lifting device of proper capacity. Be sure parts are supported by proper slings and hooks. Use lifting eyes if provided. Watch out for people in the vicinity.

In lifting and handling heavy parts, slings must be of adequate strength for the purpose intended and must be in good condition.

Handle all parts with extreme care. Keep hands and fingers from between parts. Wear authorized protective equipment such as safety glasses, heavy gloves, safety shoes.

When using compressed air for cleaning parts use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Limit the pressure to 207 kPa (30 psi) according to local or national requirements.

Wear welders protective equipment such as dark safety glasses, helmets, protective clothing, gloves and safety shoes when welding or burning. Wear dark safety glasses near welding. **DO NOT LOOK AT ARC WITHOUT PROPER EYE PROTECTION.**

Replace seat belts every two years on open canopy units and every three years on machines with cabs or at change of ownership.

Wear proper protective equipment such as safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields, hard hat, safety shoes, heavy gloves when metal or other particles are apt to fly or fall.

Use only grounded auxiliary power source for heaters, chargers, pumps and similar equipment to reduce the hazards of electrical shock.

Keep maintenance area **CLEAN** and **DRY**. Remove water or oil slicks immediately.

Remove sharp edges and burrs from reworked parts.

Be sure all mechanics tools are in good condition. **DO NOT** use tools with mushroomed heads. Always wear safety glasses with side shields.

Do not strike hardened steel parts with anything other than a soft iron or non-ferrous hammer.

Do not rush. Walk, do not run.

Know and use the hand signals used on particular jobs and know who has the responsibility for signaling.

## SAFETY RULES

Face the access system when climbing up and down.

Apply the parking device and place the transmission in neutral before starting the machine.

Do not bypass the starter safety switch. Repair the starter safety controls if they malfunction.

Fasten seat belt before operating.

Steering should be checked to both right and left. Brakes should be tested against engine power. Clutch and transmission controls should be moved through or to neutral positions to assure disengagement. Operate all controls to insure proper operation. If any malfunctions are found, park machine, shut off engine, report and repair before using machine.

If the power steering or the engine ceases operating, stop the machine motion as quickly as possible. Lower equipment, set parking device and keep machine securely parked until the malfunction is corrected or the machine can be safely towed. Never lift loads in excess of capacity.

Should the machine become stuck or frozen to the ground, back out to avoid roll over.

Know and understand the job site traffic flow patterns.

Keep the machine in the same gear going down hill as used for going up hill.

When roading a machine, know and use the signaling devices required on the machine. Provide an escort for roading where required.

Always use the recommended transport devices when roading the machine.

Do not attempt repairs unless proper training has been provided.

Use extreme caution when removing radiator caps, drain plugs, grease fittings or pressure taps. Park the machine and let it cool down before opening a pressurized compartment.

Release all pressure before working on systems which have an accumulator.

When necessary to tow the machine, do not exceed the recommended towing speed, be sure the towing machine has sufficient braking capacity to stop the towed load. If the towed machine cannot be braked, a tow bar must be used or two towing machines must be used - one in front pulling and one in the rear to retard. Avoid towing over long distances.

Observe proper maintenance and repair of all pivot pins, hydraulic cylinders, hoses, snap rings and main attaching bolts.

Always keep the brakes and steering systems in good operating condition.

Replace all missing, illegible or damaged safety signs. Keep all safety signs clean.

Do not fill the fuel tank to capacity. Allow room for expansion.

Wipe up spilled fuel immediately.

Always tighten the fuel tank cap securely. Should the fuel cap be lost, replace it only with the original manufacturer's approved cap. Use of a non-approved cap may result in over-pressurization of the tank.

Never drive the machine near open fires.

Use the correct fuel grade for the operating season.

## MACHINE THEFT AND VANDALISM

### ACTIONS TO DISCOURAGE THEFT AND VANDALISM

Immediately upon receipt of a new machine, record the serial numbers of the machine and of all major components and attachments. Keep this list up-to-date as components are replaced or exchanged on the machine. File these numbers in a safe location for fast retrieval.

Report all model, machine and component serial numbers to the insurance company at the time of purchase. If the numbers are noted on the insurance policy, make certain that the numbers are correct.

Remove keys from unattended machines.

Attach, secure, and lock all anti-vandalism and anti-theft devices on the machine.

Lock doors of cabs when not in use.

Immobilize machine by lowering the blade, bucket, or boom to the ground, removing the battery or removing a critical electrical or starting system component.

Discourage the thief! Inspect the gates and fences of the machinery storage yard or construction site. If possible, keep machines in well-lighted areas. Ask the law enforcement agency having local jurisdiction to make frequent checks around the storage or work sites, especially at night, during weekends or on holidays.

Establish liaison with neighbors and ask them to watch equipment left at job sites and report suspicious activities to the applicable law enforcement agency.

Make frequent inventories of machines to promptly detect losses and vandalism.

### ACTIONS TO AID IN RECOVERY OF STOLEN MACHINES

Take photographs of the machine for identification purposes.

In the event of theft, immediately notify the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. Provide the investigating officer with brand name, type of equipment, and serial numbers of the machine and of major attachments and components. It is helpful to show the investigating officer an Operator's Manual, photographs, and advertising to familiarize him with the appearance of the machine.

Report the theft to the insurance company. Provide the model and all serial numbers.

Report the model and serial numbers of the stolen machine to a dealer handling the respective line of equipment. Request that the dealer forward this same information to the equipment manufacturer.

Ask the dealer to post a description of the stolen machine, including serial numbers, and to inform his sales and service personnel.

**1.17 STANDARD PART CLASSIFICATION TO DETERMINE TORQUE DATA**

**IMPORTANT:** When a specific torque is not given the FIAT STANDARD TORQUE CHART should be used after fully indentifying the part.

Part may only be fully identified by the eight-digit code number, as follows:

**l / a b c d e / f g**

**l - Standard part code**

Always represented by figure 1. Such a number indicates that the part can be produced in various versions which differ in material and coating.

**a-b-c-d-e-Standard part basic number**

It always consists in five figures to identify the part in its dimensional characteristics.

**f - Material code number**

This number represents the material provided for a specific part. Its meaning is indicated in the table below.

**g - Coating code number**

This number represents the coating provided for a specific part.

**1.18 FIAT STANDARD TORQUE CHARTS**

When a specific fastener torque is not given, the following charts may be used:

**IMPORTANT**

- Fasteners with nominal diameter up to 24 mm to be lubricated with engine oil, major diameter fasteners with tallow.

- Torques for cadmium plated fasteners are valid also for not coated parts.

- Nominal torque tolerance is  $\pm 5\%$

- R80, R100, R120 strength classes are to be considered as follows:

10.9 replaces R100

12.9 replaces R120 bolts & screws

10 replaces R80

12 replaces R100 nuts

- Coating abbreviation meaning:

CDT = Cadmium plated

FOSF = Phosphatized

ZNT = Zinc plated

Material code (f)	FIAT	Strength class and type of material				
		UNI	DIN	SAE	BSI	BNA
0	R40	4D - 4S - 4A		1	A	42
1	R50	5S - 6S		3	P	56
2	R80	8G		5	T	80
3	R100	100	10K	8	V	100
4	Ottone	Ottone	Messing	Brass	Brass	Laiton
5	Alluminio	Alluminio	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium
6	Rame	Rame	Kupfer	Copper	Copper	Cuivre
7	open to other metallic material					

## SAFETY RULES

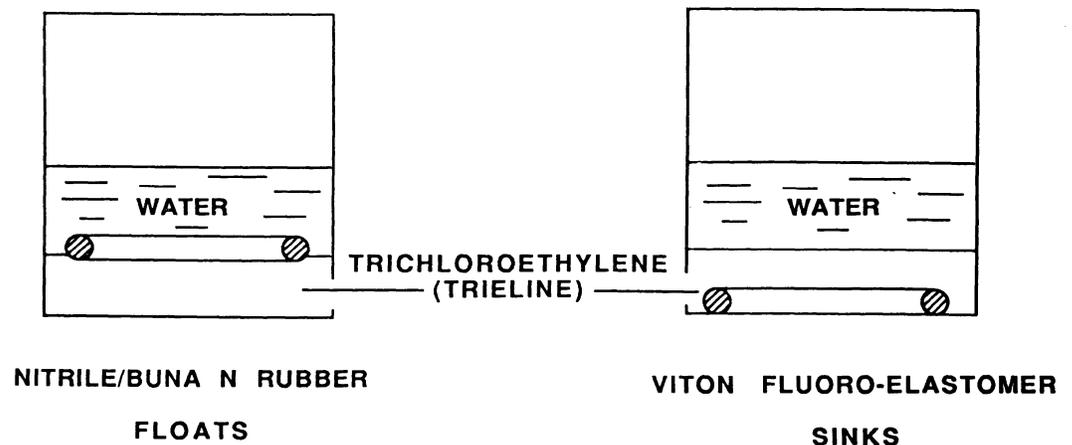
### GENERAL NOTES ON SEALS

#### VITONS SEALS (Fluoro-elastomers).

All VITON seals, the O-rings in particular, are used in applications subject to high service temperatures, because of the satisfactory resistance to heat of this material. However, when Viton is subjected to temperatures exceeding 315° C (in practice, only in case of fires or when oxy-acetylene torches are used) hydrofluoric acid is emitted. This acid is highly corrosive and may cause serious burns when in contact with the skin. Every time an action is needed on components fitted with Viton rings suspected to have undergone exposure to excessively high temperatures, proceed as follows :

- 1) Visually inspect, without touching them, all seals which appear to be damaged by excessive heat : these would be black and sticky.
- 2) Assess the material of the seals to identify if they are of Viton by making the test illustrated on the annex using a spare seal.
- 3) If it is ascertained or positive grounds to suspect that Viton items are involved, the contaminated area **MUST BE** decontaminated before proceeding with any further servicing.
- 4) Wear neoprene or PVC gloves and protective goggles or visor. Wash the contaminated area accurately using a calcium hydrate solution (obtainable from tile industries) in water which should have a milky aspect. Rinse thoroughly with steam or running water.
- 5) Discard safely any removed material and the gloves used: **DO NOT BURN**.

#### HOW TO DISTINGUISH THE RUBBER (BUNA N) AND VITON (FLUORO-ELASTOMER) MATERIALS



## WARNING

Some components fitted to your vehicle such as gaskets, brake linings, clutch discs, may contain asbestos.

Inhaling asbestos powder is dangerous to health. The following precautions must be observed when working on components containing asbestos :



- Work in the open air or in a well ventilated area.
- Asbestos powder found on the vehicle or produced during operations on the vehicle should be eliminated using extraction methods and not blown or brushed.
- The powder residues must be completely dampened, placed in a sealed container and marked to make sure they are safely eliminated.
- If the components containing asbestos require cutting, drilling or grinding, the part should be dampened first and only manually operated tools should be used or with the motor running at low speed.

**BOLT AND SCREW TORQUE CHART**

Diameter and width of thread  mm	Strength class: 10.9				Strength class: 12.9	
	standard ZNT daNm (***) lbs ft (°/°°)	self locking ZNT daNm (***) lbs ft (°/°°)	standard CDT daNm (***) lbs ft(°/°°)	self locking CDT daNm (***) lbs ft (°/°°)	standard FOSF daNm (***) lbs ft (°/°°)	self locking FOSF daNm (***) lbs ft (°/°°)
M6 x 1	1.3 (9.5/6.5) 9.6 (0.37/0.25)	-	-	-	1.4 (12/8) 10 (0.47/0.31)	-
M8 x 1.25	3.2 (12.5/9) 23 (0.5/0.35)	3.5 (12/8) 26 (0.47/0.31)	-	3 (13.5/9.5) 22(0.53/0.37)	3.5 (16.5/11) 26 (0.65/0.43)	3.8 (16.5/11) 28 (0.65/0.43)
M10 x 1.25	-	7.9 (18/12.5) 58 (0.70/0.50)	-	6.5 (18/12.5) 48 (0.70/0.50)	-	-
M10 x 1.5	6.5 (16/11) 48 (0.63/0.43)	7 (15.5/10.5) 52 (0.61/0.41)	-	6 (17/11.5) 44 (0.66/0.45)	7 (21/14) 52 (0.82/0.55)	7.8 (21/14.5) 57 (0.82/0.57)
M12 X 1.25	-	13.9 (23/15.5) 102 (0.90/0.61)	-	11.4 (23/15.5) 84 (0.90/0.61)	-	-
M12 X 1.75	11 (19.5/13.5) 81 (0.76/0.53)	12 (18.5/12.5) 88 (0.73/0.50)	-	10.1 (20.5/14) 74 (0.80/0.55)	12 (26/17.5) 88 (1.02/0.68)	13 (26/17.5) 96 (1.02/0.68)
M14 X 1.5	-	22 (26.25/18) 162 (1.04/0.70)	-	18 (26.5/18) 132 (1.04/0.70)	-	-
M14 X 2	18 (23/16) 133 (0.90/0.62)	19 (22/15) 140 (0.86/0.59)	-	16.2 (24/16.5) 119 (0.94/0.65)	19 (30/20) 140 (1.18/0.78)	21 (30/20) 155 (1.18/0.78)
M16 X 1.5	30 (30/20) 221(1.18/0.78)	33 (29/19.5) 243 (1.14/0.76)	25 (31/21) 184 (1.22/0.82)	27 (31/21) 199 (1.22/0.82)	33 (40/26.5) 243 (1.57/1.04)	36 (40/26.5) 265 (1.57/1.04)
M16 X 2	-	-	23 (28.5/19.5) 170 (1.12/0.76)	24.8 (28/19.5) 183 (1.10/0.76)	-	-
M18 X 1.5	45 (34/23) 332 (1.34/0.91)	48 (33.5/22) 354 (1.21/0.86)	36 (35.5/24) 265 (1.39/0.76)	39 (35.5/24) 288 (1.39/0.94)	48 (46/30.5) 354 (1.81/1.20)	52 (46.5/30.5) 383 (1.83/1.20)
M18 X 2.5	-	-	31 (30.5/21) 229 (1.20/0.82)	33.5 (30.5/21) 247 (1.20/0.82)	-	-
M20 X 1.5	60 (38/25.5) 412 (1.50/1.00)	65 (38/25) 479 (1.50/0.98)	50 (39.5/26.5) 369 (1.55/1.04)	-	65 (52.5/34.5) 479 (2.06/1.35)	70 (53/35) 516 (2.08/1.37)
M20 X 2.5	-	-	44 (35/44) 324 (1.37/1.73)	-	-	-
M22 X 1.5	80 (42/28) 590 (1.65/1.10)	90 (42.5/28) 664 (1.67/1.10)	66 (44/29.5) 487 (1.73/1.16)	-	90 (59/38.5) 664 (2.32/1.51)	95 (59.5/39) 700 (2.34/2.32)
M22 X 2.5	-	-	59 (39/26.5) 435 (1.53/1.04)	-	-	-
M24 X 2	100 (44/29.5) 737 (1.73/1.16)	110 (44.5/29.5) 811 (1.75/1.16)	83 (45.5/31) 612 (1.79/1.22)	-	110 (62/40.5) 811 (2.44/1.59)	120 (62/41) 885 (2.44/1.61)
M24 X 3	-	-	74 (41/28) 545 (1.61/1.10)	-	-	-
M27 X 2	100 (54/36) 737 (2.12/1.41)	-	-	-	100 (75/50) 811 (2.95/1.96)	-
M30 X 2	140 (61/40.5) 1032 (2.40/1.60)	-	-	-	150 (85/56) 1106 (3.34/2.20)	-
M33 X 2	190 (68/45) 1401 (2.67/1.77)	-	-	-	200 (95/63) 1475 (3.74/2.48)	-
M36 X 3	240 (71/47) 1770 (2.80/1.85)	-	-	-	250 (97/65) 1844 (3.81/2.55)	-

( ) Minimum thread length in mm, specified for cast iron with 255 N/mm<sup>2</sup> tensile strength- (\*\*)Minimum thread length in mm, specified for steel with 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup> tensile strength - (°) Minimum tread length in inches, specified for cast iron with 37,000 psi tensile strength- (°°)Minimum tread length in inches, specified for steel with 74,000 psi tensile strength.

**NUTS TORQUE CHART - Unit of measure daNm (lbs ft)**

Diameter and width of thread  mm	Strength class: 10 (RBO)					Strength class 12 (R100)
	standard ZNT	standard CDT	jam type	with polyamide ring		standard FOSF
				standard	jam type	
M6 x 1	1.3 (96)	-	-	-	-	1.4 (10)
M8 x 1.25	3.2 (23)	-	*2.6 (19)	*3.9 (19)	*3.2 (23)	3.5 (26)
M10 x 1.25	-	-	*5.2 (38)	*8.2 (60)	*6.2 (48)	-
M10 x 1.5	6.5 (48)	7.2 (53)	*5 (37)	*7.7 (57)	*6 (44)	7 (52)
M12 X 1.25	-	13 (96)	*8.7 (64)	*14.5 (107)	*10.2 (75)	-
M12 X 1.75	11 (81)	-	*8.1 (60)	*12.9 (95)	*9.6 (71)	12 (88)
M14 X 1.5	-	19.5 (144)	*13 (96)	*21.6 (159)	*15 (110)	-
M14 X 2	18 (133)	-	*12.5 (92)	*20 (147)	*14.6 (107)	19 (140)
M16 X 1.5	30 (221)	23.5 (173)	°13 (96)	°26.8 (198)	°16 (118)	30 (221)
M16 X 2	-	23 (170)	°12.5 (92)	°26.5 (195)	°16 (118)	-
M18 X 1.5	45 (332)	34.5 (254)	°19 (140)	°39 (236)	°23.5 (173)	45 (332)
M18 X 2.5	-	32 (236)	°17.5 (129)	°36.5 (269)	°22 (162)	-
M20 X 1.5	60 (442)	46 (339)	°23.5 (173)	°51.7 (381)	°29 (214)	60 (442)
M20 X 2.5	-	44.5 (328)	°21.5 (158)	°50 (369)	°27 (199)	-
M22 X 1.5	80(590)	62 (457)	°32 (236)	-	-	80 (590)
M22 X 2.5	-	61 (450)	°29.5 (217)	-	-	-
M24 X 2	100 (737)	78 (575)	°37 (273)	°85.8 (633)	°45 (332)	100 (737)
M24 X 3	-	76 (560)	°33 (243)	°84 (619)	°41 (302)	-
M27 X 2	95 (700)	-	-	-	-	95 (700)
M30 X 2	130 (959)	-	-	-	-	130 (959)
M33 X 2	170 (1254)	-	-	-	-	160 (1180)
M36 X 3	220 (1622)	-	-	-	-	220 (1622)

\*ZNT (Zinc plated) °CDT (Cadmium plated)

**CAPSCREW AND TORQUE VALUES**

Capscrew Head Markings	SAE Grade Number	Capscrew Size									
		1/4	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	9/16	5/8	3/4	7/8	1
 1 or 2  5  6 or 7  8 		20	18	16	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
		28	24	24	20	20	20	18	18	16	14
		5	11	18	28	39	51	83	105	160	235
		6	13	20	30	41	55	95	115	175	250
		8	17	31	49	75	110	150	270	395	590
		10	19	35	55	85	120	170	295	435	660
		10	19	34	55	85	120	167	280	440	660
		12	21	38	61	95	130	187	300	480	730
		12	24	44	70	105	155	210	375	605	910
		14	27	49	78	120	170	240	420	675	990

Manufacturer's marks may vary

Threads per inch

Torque Ft-Lb

**Notes:**

1. Always use the torque values listed above when specific torque values are not available.
2. Do not use above values in place of those specified in other sections of this manual; special attention should be observed.
3. The above is based on use of clean, dry threads.
4. Reduce torque by 10% when engine oil is used as a lubricant.
5. Reduce torque by 20% if new plated capscrews are used.
6. Capscrews threaded into aluminum may require reductions in torque of 30% of more of Grade 5 capscrews torque and must attain two capscrew diameters of thread engagement.

**CAUTION:** If replacement capscrews are of a higher grade than originally supplied, adhere to torque specifications for that replacement.

## FOREWORD

Always furnish serial number if making an inquiry to dealer or factory about this machine.

Many equipment owners employ the Dealer Service Department for all work other than routine lubrication and minor service. This practice is encouraged, as our Dealers are well informed and equipped to render efficient service by factory trained mechanics.

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Illustrations show standard and optional items.

## IMPORTANT

The information in this manual was current at the time of publication. It is our policy to constantly improve our product and to make available additional items. These changes may affect procedures outlined in this manual. If variances are observed, verify the information through your Dealer.

Fiatallis is not responsible for any liability arising from any damage resulting from defects caused by parts and/or components not approved by Fiatallis for use in maintaining and/or repairing products manufactured or merchandized by Fiatallis.

In any case, no warranty of any kind is made or shall be imposed with respect to products manufactured or merchandized by Fiatallis when failures are caused by the use of parts and/or components not approved by Fiatallis.

# INDEX

## FR 220 Wheel Loader

<b>Service Manual Set</b>	<b>Italian Form No</b>	<b>English Form No</b>	<b>French Form No</b>
Engine 8465.21	604.06.542	604.06.543	604.06.544
Transmission	604.06.548	604.06.549	604.06.550
Service Manual Text	604.06.545	604.06.546	604.06.547
Binder	604.07.036	604.07.036	604.07.036





# SECTION 0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## INDEX

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
IDENTIFICATION DATA .....	0-2
SPARE PARTS .....	0-2
SPECIFICATIONS .....	0-3
DIMENSIONAL DATA .....	0-5
RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS AND SPECIFICATIONS .....	0-6
FLUID CAPACITIES .....	0-7
TRANSMISSION SCHEMATIC .....	0-8



## GENERAL



### WARNING

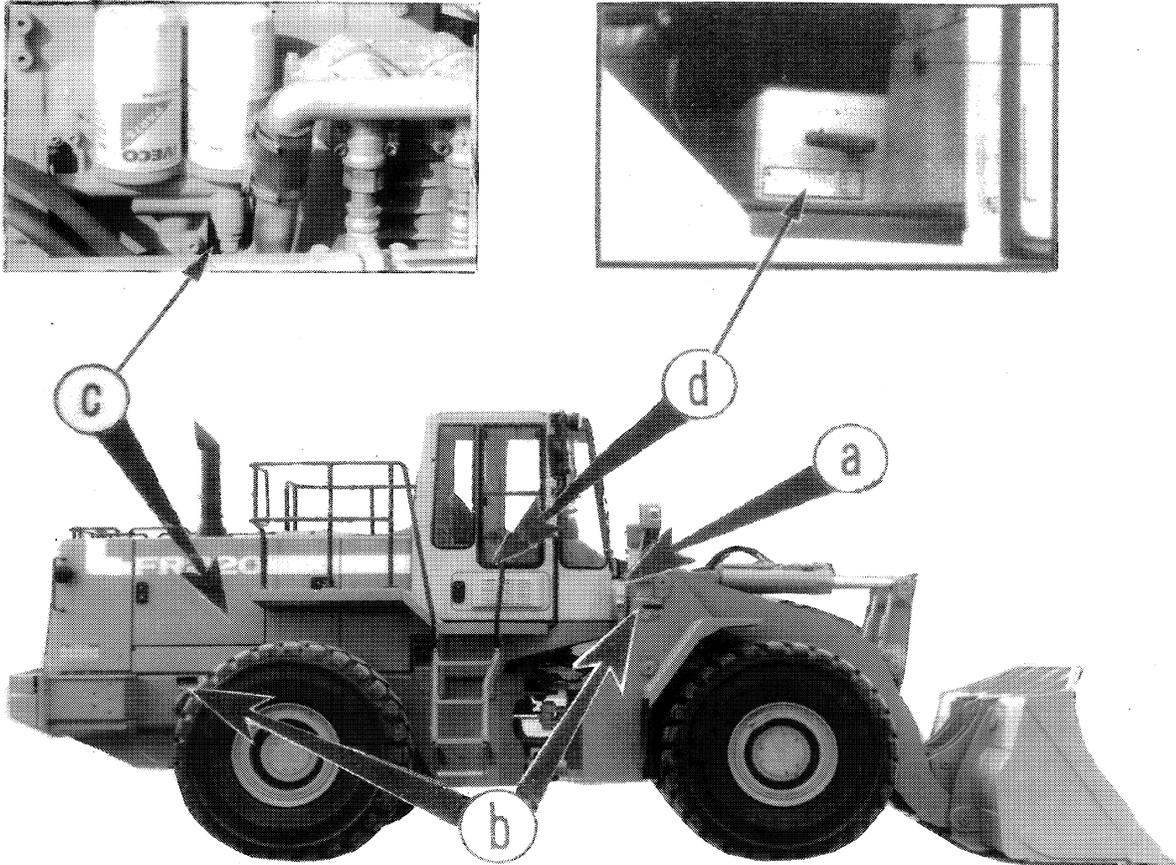
*Your safety and the safety of those around you depend upon the care and judgement you use in operating this machine and its equipment. knowing the position of function of all controls is essential to this end. Any equipment has limitations: understand the speed braking, steering, stability and working characteristics of the machine before starting to operate.*

---

Study SAFETY RULES in the front of this manual thoroughly for the protection of machine and safety of personnel.

## GENERAL

### MODEL IDENTIFICATION



**a. Machine identification data plate (right side) : Frame and Engine serial numbers**

**b. Frame serial number (right side)**

**c. Engine type and serial number (right side)**

**d. ROPS data plate (left side)**

To preserve the operating efficiency of your machine,  
use exclusively genuine spare parts.

When ordering parts, quote the following information:

- Frame type and serial number.
- Engine type and serial number.
- Part number.

## GENERAL

# SPECIFICATIONS

### ENGINE

Make and Model: ..... FIAT 8465.21.004

Diesel cycle, 4-stroke, direct-injection, with exhaust gas driven turbocharger.

Number of cylinders: ..... 6

Bore x Stroke: ..... 120 x 140 mm (4.72x5.51 in).

Total Piston Displacement: ..... 9500 cc(679 cu. in).

Compression ratio: ..... 16 to 1

Rated speed: ..... 2200 RPM

Rated speed at max. torque: ..... 1300 RPM

### Lubrication System

Type :force-feed by gear pump.

Gauze strainer on pump intake. Full oil decontamination by two filters with replaceable cartridge.

Low oil pressure warning indicator in Electronic Data Monitor Panel.

### Valve gear

Overhead Valves, pushrod operated camshaft.

Valve clearance:

For normal operation:

- |           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| - Intake  | 0.25 mm (0.009") |
| - Exhaust | 0.30 mm (0.011") |

### Fuel system

Plunger feed pump, in-line injection pump, integral all-speed governor and automatic advance variator.

Firing order: ..... 1-5-3-6-2-4

Fuel injectors release pressure: 260 - 268 bar (3770 - 3884 psi)

Twin throw-away cartridge type fuel filtration.

Paper cartridges dry air cleaner, with cenreifugal pre-cleaner, and restriction warning light in Electronic Data Monitor panel.

### Cooling System

Water, force-circulated by centrifugal pump.

Radiator: 6 row tube core.

Fan: 7 blade, pusher.

Water circulation between engine and radiator governed by thermostat.

Engine coolant low level/high temperature warning indicator in Electronic Data Monitor.

### Starting

By electric motor.

### DRIVE TRAIN

#### Converter

Hydraulic torque converter.

Stall torque ratio .....2.12 to 1.

#### Transmission

Transmission: Powershift, 4 speeds forward and 3 reverse electrically operated by a single lever on steering column left side.

## GENERAL

Gearshift lever safety lock in neutral.  
Converter/Transmission gear pump.  
Oil cooling through heat exchanger with coolant recirculated from radiator.  
Oil filtration: Two full-flow filters with incorporated by-pass valve on control pump delivery line and metal strainer on suction intake.

### AXLES

Front and rear axles with limited slip "Max-Trac" or self-locking "Super-Max-Trac" type differential.

#### Front:

Rigid, full-floating, complete with central bevel gear set, differential and planetary final drives in wheel hubs.  
Total reduction ratio .....26.4 to 1

#### Rear:

Swinging, full-floating, complete with central bevel gear set, differential and planetary final drives in wheel hubs.  
Total swing angle .....24°  
Total reduction ratio .....26.4 to 1

### BRAKE SYSTEM

#### Service:

Disc, on all wheels, with automatic clearance take-up.  
Control: Hydraulic, servo-assisted.  
Circuit: Dual-split, independent front and rear.  
Single pedal operation, located on the left side of operator's compartment.  
Pedal will also operate transmission neutralizer when braking, if desired, after activation of switch on instrument panel.

#### Parking:

Disc brake on front axle shaft.  
Control: Hydraulically operated by hand lever on left side of Operator's seat.

### WHEELS

- Standard tire size :.....26.5 x 25  
- Wheel mounting torque :.....60 daNm (440 ft lbs)

### STEERING SYSTEM

Hydraulically controlled by steering wheel and power assisted through a vane pump (also provides hydraulic system control).

Two, double-acting power cylinders.

As the steering wheel is turned, one cylinder exerts a contracting force and the other an extending force; this causes the loader to pivot (articulate) where the front and rear frame sections are joined.

Optional emergency steering system, with hydraulic pump, flange-mounted on the transmission housing and driven by machine wheels.

### LOADER FRAME

Articulated, consisting of front and rear sections coupled through two ball joints. Both sections are made of welded sheet steel box sections, carrying the different operational units.

### IMPLEMENT HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Sealed fluid tank with oil level sight glass indicators.

Dual stage vane type gear supply pump:  
one section for implement control and one for steering control.

Oil filtering is assured by means of two full flow filters. One metal strainer on the oil suction side; a paper filter on the return fluid line to tank is protected by a by-pass valve in the event of restriction.

Three-spool main control valve operated through manipulators and pilot circuits, controlling :

- . Boom raise/lower and float.
- . Bucket dump/roll-back.
- . Additional hydraulic functions.

A locking lever is provided to retain the implement control levers in hold position to prevent accidental engagement.

Four hydraulic double-acting cylinders operate the implement: two for boom lift/lower and two for bucket dump/roll-back.

Automatic and adjustable, electromagnetic type bucket leveler and boom kick-out.