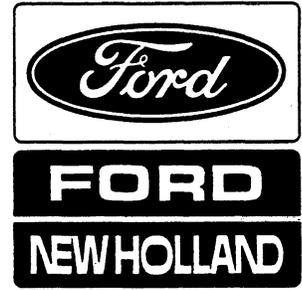


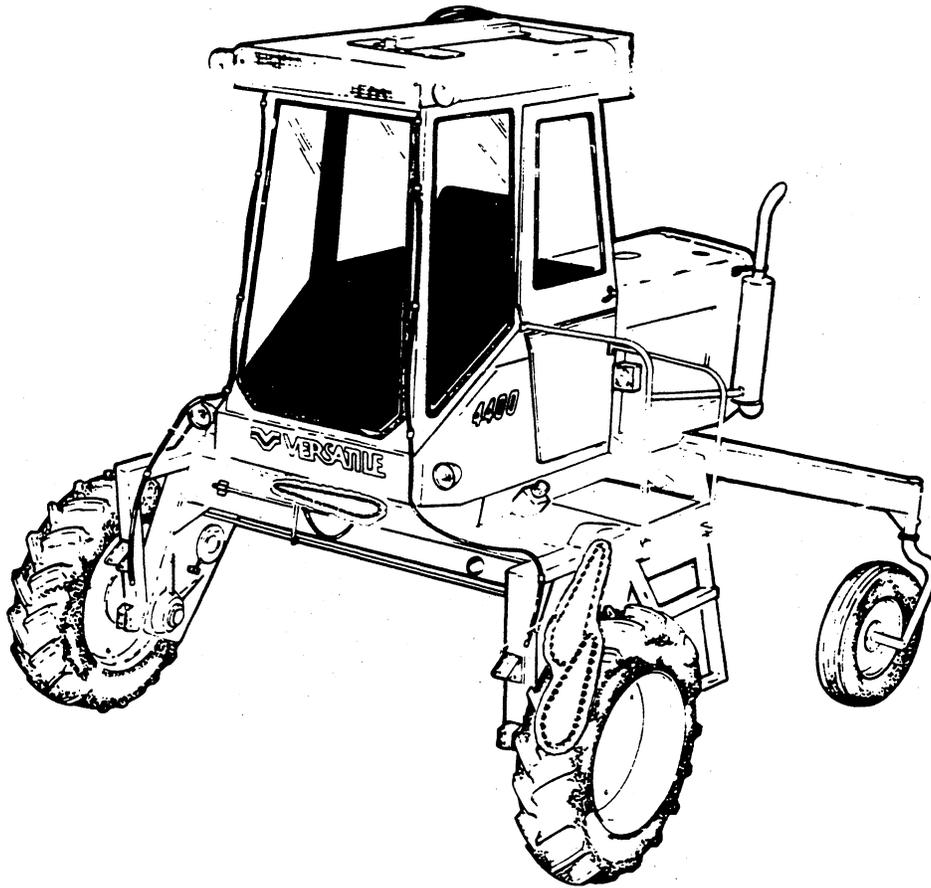
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VERSATILE



Service Manual

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4400



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4400 SWATHER SERVICE MANUAL



VERSATILE FARM EQUIPMENT COMPANY

A division of Versatile Corporation

1260 CLARENCE AVENUE, WINNIPEG
MANITOBA, CANADA, R3T 1T3/(204) 284-6100

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**74799
JANUARY 1984
PRINTED IN CANADA/1.4M/LG**

FOREWORD

This service manual provides instructions for troubleshooting, removal, inspection, replacement and overhaul of 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982 and 1983 Model 4400 VERSATILE® Swather components.

The service manual should be used in conjunction with the parts manual for the specific model year.

A table of contents precedes each section providing detailed coverage of the information contained within that section. The index at the end of the book should ease location of specific information.

REVISIONS AND ADDITIONS

The purpose of a loose-leaf service manual is to enable us to keep the book updated.

When changes are made, pages will be forwarded to you marked either as replacement or additional pages.

Replacement pages will carry the same page number as the original. Discard the original page and insert the replacement page in its place. Added pages will carry the original page number plus an alphabetical suffix. Insert these pages after the existing page.

Please complete the feedback page at the back of the book and return it to Versatile Farm Equipment Company. Such information will help us improve our service manuals in the future.

Safety

This section contains general safety precautions which should be studied and practised by all service personnel.

GENERAL SAFETY

1. Mount a fire extinguisher in the service area. Maintain it according to manufacturer's recommendations.
2. Never operate swather in a closed building. If it is absolutely necessary to do so, ensure building is well ventilated and use ducting to channel exhaust fumes outside.
3. Always keep clothing relatively tight and belted. Remove jewelry or any objects that might catch in moving parts.
4. Use steps and handholds when entering or leaving swather.
5. Park swather on clear, level area before servicing. Ensure engine is shut down, key removed, parkbrake set and all controls are in neutral. Chock wheels.
6. Lower table and reel completely before leaving swather.
7. Operate all swather controls from the operator's seat.
8. Clear personnel before moving swather.

TRANSPORT SAFETY

1. Do not tow swather or hydrostatic system may be damaged. Move swather under its own power or transport on a flatbed.
2. Use a trailer with a minimum capacity of 3 175 kg (7 000 lb) to haul swather.
3. Securely chain swather to trailer, chock wheels and engage parkbrake to prevent swather movement.

HOIST SAFETY

1. Use a chain hoist and frame to lift swather or table. Follow capacities recommended in the sections on special tools and equipment throughout this manual.
2. Protect yourself from injury when swather, table or parts are being raised by doing the following:
 - a. Do not stand on swather or table when lifting.
 - b. Keep hands away from pinch points where chain links or belts tighten or are against swather or table frame.
 - c. Do not let swather, table or parts swing and strike personnel or hoist frame as it leaves the ground.
 - d. Keep support stands nearby and place under lifted item when the necessary height is reached.
 - e. Do not go under swather, table or part supported by a hoist. Place support stands of recommended capacity under item before working on it.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

1. Shut down engine, disengage table drive and remove key before servicing swather or table.
2. Be alert when approaching swather while it is running, especially the reel and table assembly.
3. Engage cylinder locks and securely block table and reel before servicing and adjusting swather.
4. Never service, lubricate or clean swather or table while it is running.

5. Add coolant only when engine is shut down. Do not remove radiator cap until coolant temperature is well below boiling. Turn radiator cap to its first stop to relieve pressure before removing cap.
6. Relieve all hydraulic pressure before servicing components. Use a piece of wood or cardboard and wear safety gloves and goggles when searching for hydraulic leaks.
7. Repair adhesive is very flammable. Keep adhesive and its vapors away from heat, sparks and flames.
8. During adhesive use and until vapor is dissipated, avoid using spark producing electrical equipment. Keep container closed when not in use.
9. Use adhesive only in a well ventilated area.

FUEL AND FLUID SAFETY

1. Do not smoke and avoid open flame or sparks when:
 - a. Filling fuel tanks.
 - b. Filling batteries.
 - c. Working on air conditioning systems. Refrigerant vapor and flame combine to produce a lethal gas.
2. Never use an open pail or can to transport fuel. Use only an approved container manufactured for that purpose.
3. If clothing is splashed with fuel, change immediately. Fuel soaked clothes are an extreme fire hazard.
4. Dispose of all fuel soaked rags. Do not leave them lying around work area where they may be exposed to flames, sparks or cigarette smoking.

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SECTION 1: SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA

1 Introduction

This section contains general information about specifications, capacities, lubricants, fluids and fuels for the swather.

1.1 TRANSPORTATION

1.1.1 Highway Driving and Towing

When driving or towing a self-propelled swather, follow recommendations listed in the Safety section.

1.2 HOISTS AND JACKS

1.2.1 General

Observe recommendations listed in the Safety section.

2 Specifications

CANVAS

Depth 42 in. (1 070 mm)

Drive Hydraulic motor

Control Adjustable flow control valves give
200 to 800 r/min on each roller

CAPACITIES

Gas Engine

Cooling System 12 qt US (11.4 L)

Engine Oil 4.5 qt US (4.2 L)

Fuel Tank 32 gal US (120 L)

Hydraulic Tank 20 gal US (76 L)

Diesel Engine

Cooling System 17 qt US (16 L)

Engine Oil 7 qt US (7.1 L)

Fuel Tank 32 gal US (120 L)

Hydraulic Tank 20 gal US (76 L)

CUTTERBAR AND FRAME

Lift Range - 1 to + 43 in.
(- 25 to + 1 090 mm)

Swath Opening
(Standard Table) Adjustable 40 to 47 in.
(1 020 to 1 190 mm)

(Double Swath Table) ... Adjustable, 2 positions,
44 or 50 in. (1 120 mm or 1 270 mm)

Draper Angle at 8 in. (203 mm)

Cutting Height Upper position: 14.5°
Lower position: 11°

Knife Speed 1 080 strokes/min

Knife Stroke 3-1/4 in. (85 mm)

Suspension Full-floating, adjustable on
springs with independent end articulation

Knife Drive Timken-mounted counter-
weight, with pitman to swaybar

Cutting Parts Twin-forged, mill-cut
guards and heavy-duty knife sections

DIMENSIONS

Overall Length	235 in. (5 970 mm)
Tractor Unit Length	156 in. (3 960 mm)
Tractor Unit Frame Width	84 in. (2 130 mm)
Wheelbase, Normal	120 in. (3 050 mm)
Wheelbase, Tailbeam Reversed	90 in. (2 290 mm)
Wheel Tread Width (11.1 x 24 tires)	104 in. (2 640 mm)
(18.4 x 16.1 tires)	110 in. (2 790)
Height, with Cab	128 in. (3 250 mm)
Less Cab	84 in. (2 130 mm)
Clearance, Table to Tractor Unit Frame	36 in. (910 mm)

DIVIDERS

Type	Laterally adjustable
Total Cutting Width Adjustment	± 10 in. (± 250 mm)

ENGINE

Gas Engine

Type	Ford gasoline, six-cylinder
Horsepower at 2 800 r/min	75 hp (56 kW) SAE J245
Full load governed speed	2 600 r/min
Displacement (79-82)	200cu in. (3.3 L)
(83)	5.4 qt US (5.1 L)
Bore x Stroke	3.68 x 3.13 in. (93.5 x 79.5 mm)
Compression Ratio	8.3:1
Idle Speed	550 r/min
Oil Capacity 1979 to 1982	4.5 qt (4.2 L)
1983	5.4 qt US (5.1 L)

Diesel Engine

Type	VERSATILE® diesel, four cylinder
Horsepower at 2 600 r/min	69 HP (51.5 kW) SAE J270
Displacement	220 cu in. (3.6 L)
Bore x Stroke	3.8 x 4.6 in. (98.4 x 118 mm)
Compression Ratio	16.5:1
High Speed Idle	2 800 r/min
Low Speed Idle	1 000 r/min
Oil Capacity	7 qt US (7.1 L)

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Gas Engine

Type	42 A alternator; 12V, negative ground
----------------	---------------------------------------

Diesel Engine

Type	72 A alternator; 12V, negative ground
----------------	---------------------------------------

GENERAL

Rear Suspension	Two castoring rear wheels on articulating, reversible tailbeam
Weight Pans	Sand, 240 lb/pan (110 kg/pan)
Seat	Position and suspension adjustable
Steering column	Tilting and telescoping

HYDROSTATICS

Pump	Double pump with integral charge and auxiliary pump
Motors	Fixed displacement
Speed Control	Infinitely variable
Speed Range	0 to 12 mph (0 to 19 km/h) forward 0 to 7 mph (0 to 11.2 km/h) reverse
Steering	Steering wheel operates transmission independently of speed control

OPTIONS

Cab

Length (Outside Top) 45 in. (1 140 mm)

Length (Outside Bottom) 55 in. (1 400 mm)

Width (Outside Top) 36 in. (910 mm)

Width (Outside Bottom) 42 in. (1 070 mm)

Height 59.5 in. (1 510 mm)

Windows Tinted safety glass;
side windows open

Double Swath Table

Swath Opening . . . 44 or 50 in. (1 120 or 1 270 mm)

Deck Shifting and Motor Reversing Control
. Solenoid-operated valves

Knives Black overserrated high-rise,
chrome overserrated high-rise
chrome overserrated low-rise

Engine

Gas Engine Ford, six cylinder

Diesel Engine VERSATILE®, four cylinder

Field Light Package
Hydraulic Hand Control
Spark Arrestor
Heater Package
Hanging Divider with Double Swath Table
Crimper
Pickup Reel
Skid Shoes
Air Conditioning Package

REEL

Type Five sheet metal, roll-formed bats

Diameter 54 in. (1 370 mm)

Speed Range 0 to 60 r/min,
variable sheave adjustment

Lift Range
above Cutterbar 1 to 30 in. (25 to 760 mm)

Drive . . . Hydraulic motor, roller chain and V-belt

TABLE DRIVES

Reel and Canvas Drives Hydraulic, fixed displacement pump, proportionator, two motors
Knife Drive Mechanical, 1 080 r/min PTO

TIRES

Front 11.2 × 24 or 18.4 × 16 (optional)

Tailwheels 6.70 × 15 (170 × 381)
SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

3 Fuel, Fluids and Lubricants

SAFETY

DO NOT HANDLE FUEL NEAR AN OPEN FLAME, WHILE SMOKING OR UNDER ANY CONDITION THAT COULD CAUSE A SPARK.

USE ONLY A PROPERLY ENCLOSED CONTAINER APPROVED FOR FUEL HANDLING.

IF WORK CLOTHES BECOME SPLASHED WITH FUEL, CHANGE IMMEDIATELY. FUEL-SOAKED CLOTHES ARE AN EXTREME FIRE HAZARD.

DISPOSE OF ANY FUEL-SOAKED RAGS LYING AROUND A WORK AREA WHERE THEY MAY BE EXPOSED TO FLAME, SPARK OR CIGARETTE SMOKING.



3.1 FUEL

The performance of the VERSATILE® Model 4400 Swather depends on the quality of the petroleum products used. The necessary fuel, fluids and lubricants are widely available from dealer outlets of major refiners.

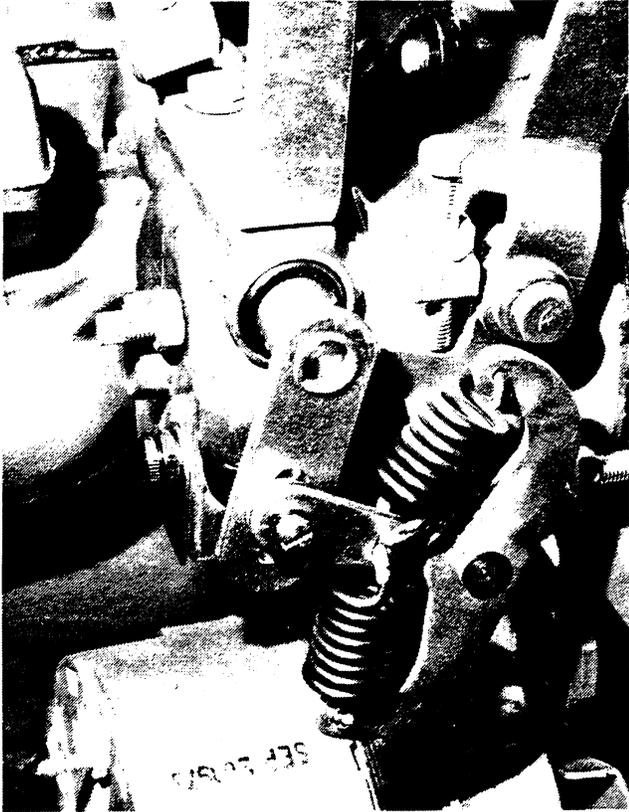


FIGURE 1-1: Gas Engine Governor Oil Plug

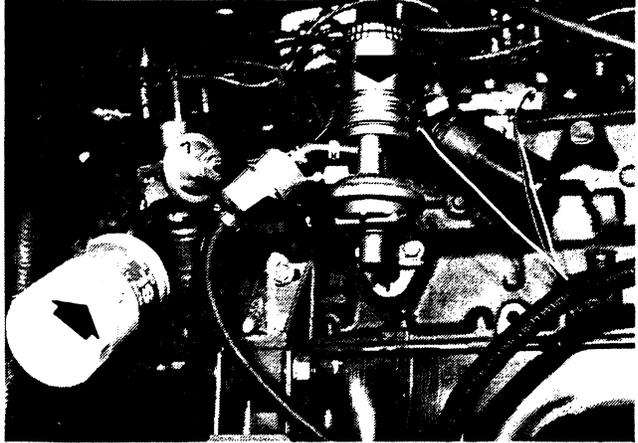


FIGURE 1-2: Gas Engine Oil and Fuel Filters

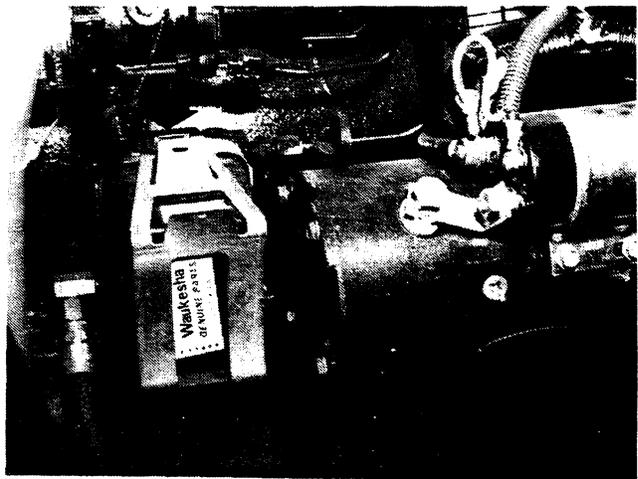


FIGURE 1-4: Diesel Engine Fuel Filter

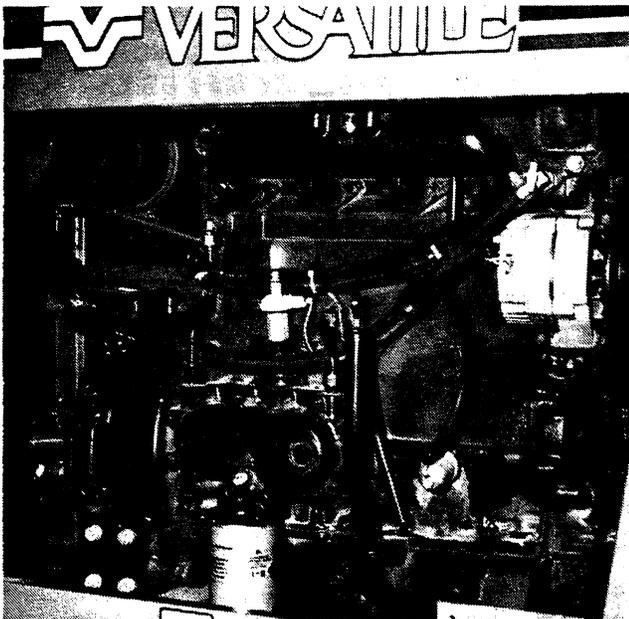


FIGURE 1-3: Diesel Engine Oil Filter



FIGURE 1-5: Main Drive U-Joints

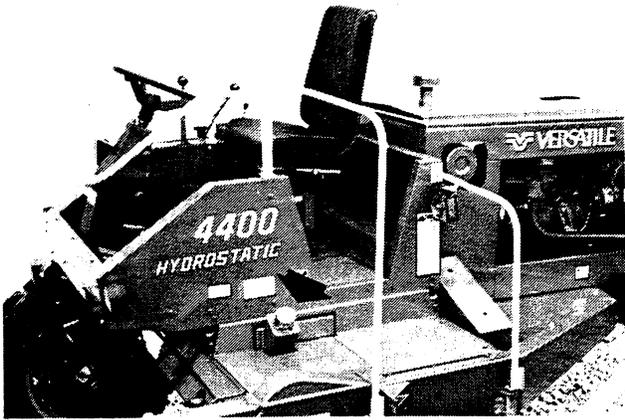


FIGURE 1-6: Hydraulic Tank

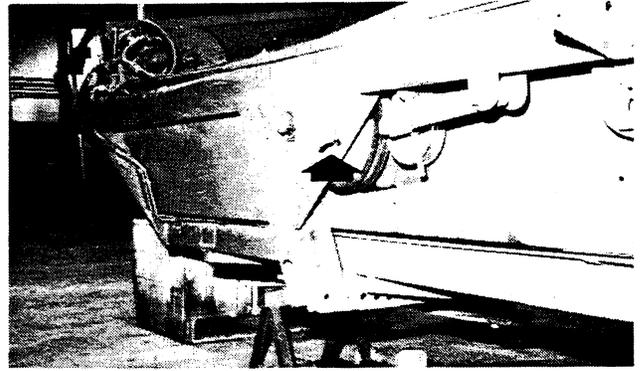


FIGURE 1-7: Pitman Assembly

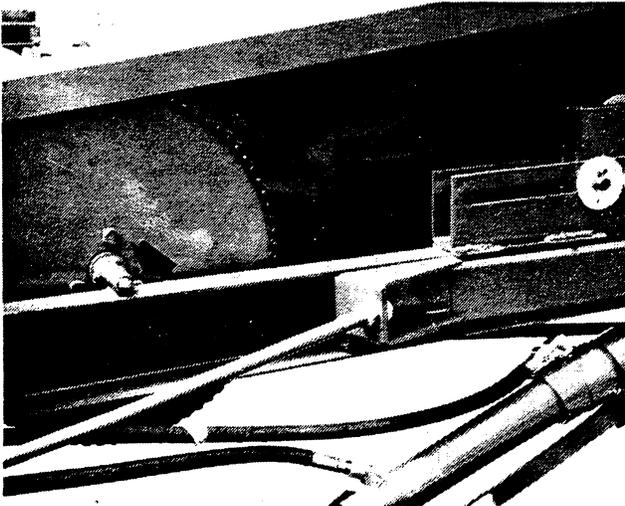


FIGURE 1-8: Intermediate Reel Pulley



FIGURE 1-9: Crimper Top and Bottom Roller Grease Fittings

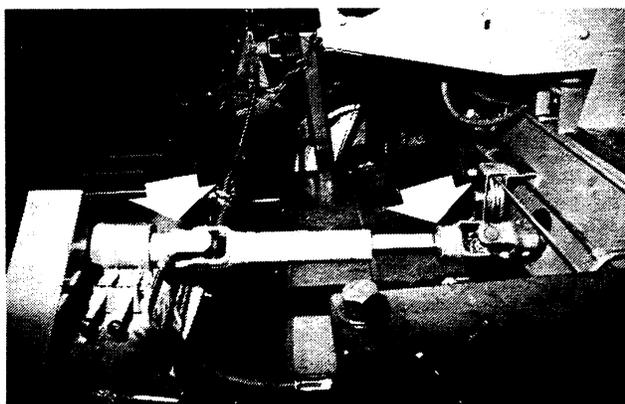


FIGURE 1-10: Table Driveshaft U-Joints



FIGURE 1-11: Air Compressor Belt and Oil Plug

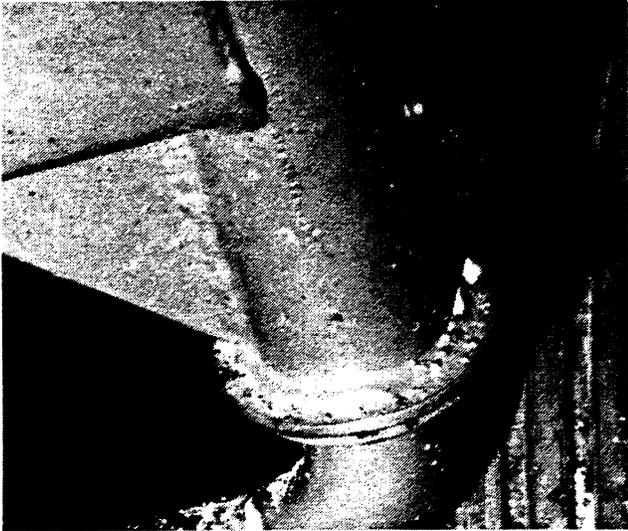


FIGURE 1-12: Rear Wheel Swivel Grease Fitting

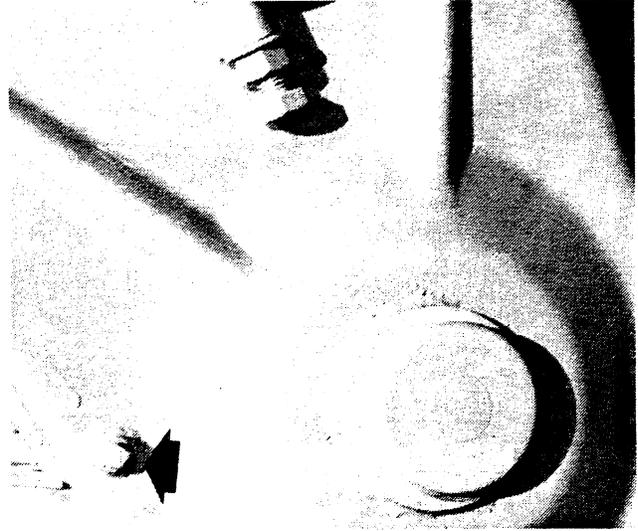


FIGURE 1-13: Wheel Leg Oil Plug

3.1.1 Fuel Type

3.1.1.1 GAS ENGINE

Tank Capacity 32 gal US (120 L)

1. A minimum octane rating of 93 (regular gasoline).
2. An absence of dirt and moisture.

3.1.1.2 DIESEL ENGINE

Tank Capacity 32 gal US (120 L)

The engine uses No. 2 diesel fuel, but No. 1 or other fuels within the following specifications may be used:

1. Maximum of 0.7 percent sulfur content.
2. Sediment and water content of 0.1 percent or less.
3. Cetane number of at least 40. A high cetane number fuel may be necessary at low temperatures or high altitudes.
4. Maximum ash content of 0.02 percent.

3.1.2 Fuel Storage

1. Fuel should be stored in tanks designed for fuel storage.
2. Fuel tanks should be shielded from direct sunlight.
3. Tanks should be equipped with a water trap or sediment filter.
4. A nearly empty tank invites moisture condensation. Fill tanks regularly. Check for condensation periodically by draining a small amount from tank bottom.

3.2 FLUIDS

3.2.1 Coolant

Gas Engine Capacity 12 qt US (11.4 L)

Diesel Engine Capacity 17 qt US (16 L)

The swather is factory-shipped with a 1:1 mixture of water and antifreeze in its cooling system. When replacing coolant, observe the following:

1. Water should be clean and soft; generally, any drinking water is satisfactory.
2. Select a recognized brand of ethylene glycol based antifreeze. Use a 1:1 mixture.

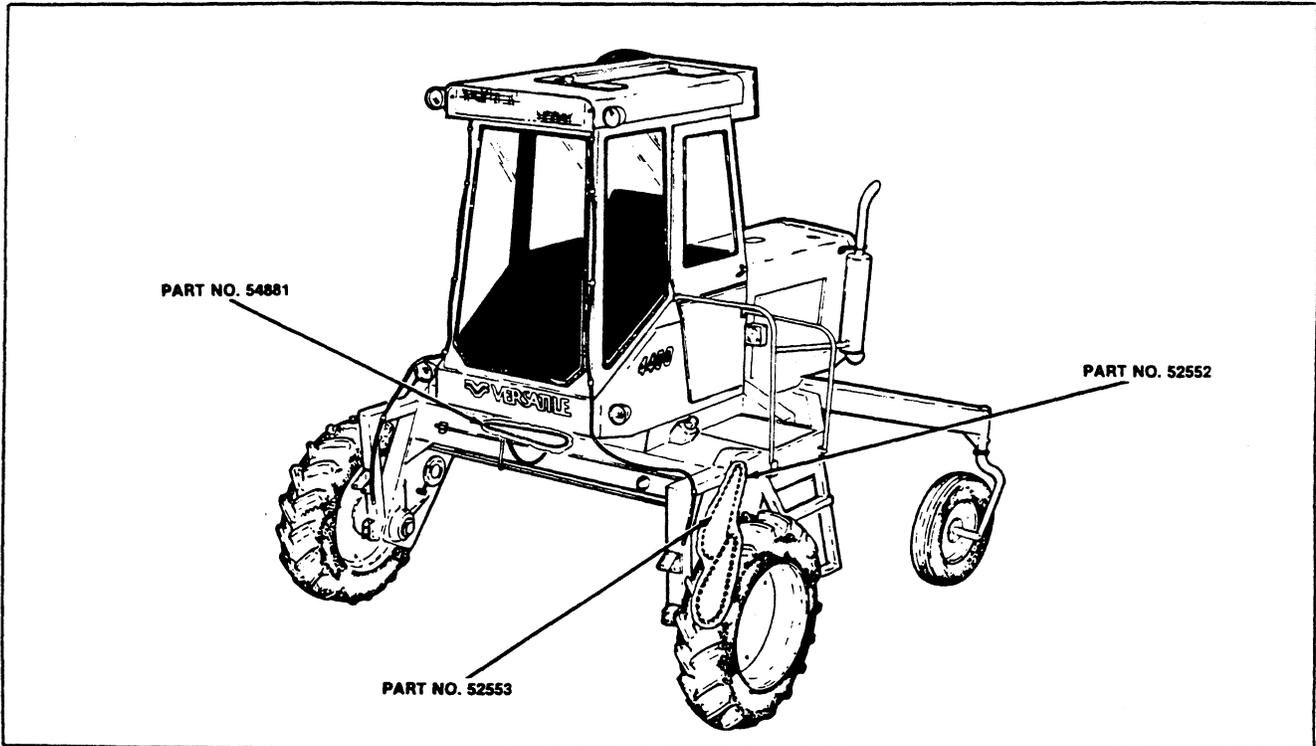


FIGURE 1-14: Chain Locations

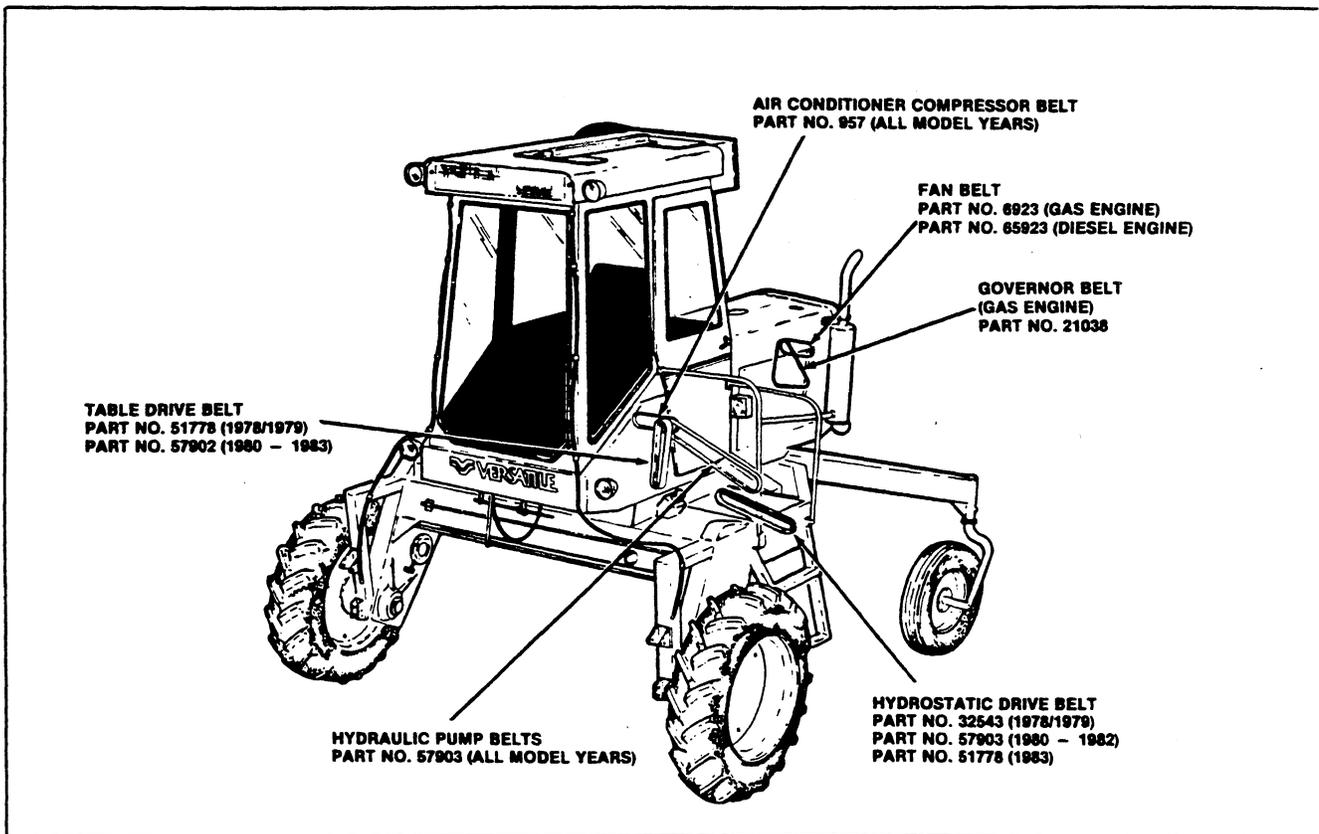


FIGURE 1-15: Belt Locations

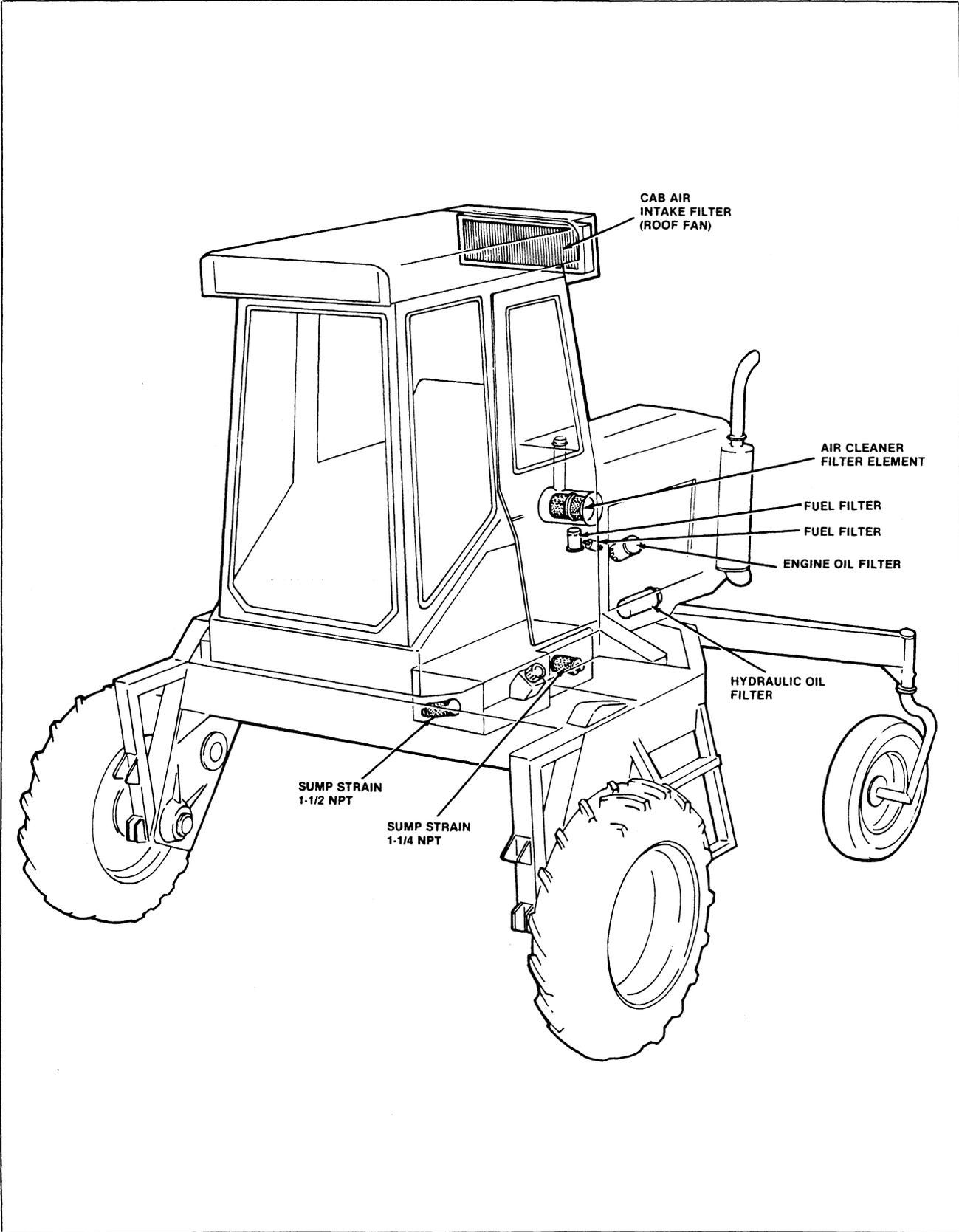


FIGURE 1-16: Filter Locations

- CAUTION

ADD COOLANT ONLY WHEN ENGINE HAS COOLED BELOW BOILING.

LOOSEN CAP TO RELIEVE PRESSURE BEFORE REMOVING IT COMPLETELY.



BE ALERT

NEVER OVERFILL COOLING SYSTEM.

3.2.2 Adding and Replacing Coolant

Premix a quantity of makeup coolant in the 1:1 ratio and use it to top up the radiator coolant level as required.

Whenever the cooling system is drained, be sure to open all draincocks on the engine and radiator. Refill the system with coolant in the 1:1 ratio mixture.

3.2.3 Hydraulic Fluid

Tank Capacity 20 gal US (76 L)

The swather is shipped with SAE 10W30 oil. SAE 10W40 oil can be used in ambient temperatures above 90° F (33° C). Do not mix brands or grades of oil in the hydraulic/hydrostatic system.

3.3 LUBRICANTS

3.3.1 Lubricant Grades

CD (commercial grade) oil protects against low-temperature deposits, rust and corrosion.

SC (service grade) oil controls high and low-temperature deposits, wear, rust and corrosion.

SF (service grade) oil protects against oxidation, high-temperature engine deposits and corrosion.

3.3.2 Engine Oil

Gas Engine Capacity

1979 to 1982 4.5 qt US (4.2 L) with oil filter
1983 5.4 qt US (5.1 L) with oil filter

Refer to Tables 1-7, 1-8, 1-9 for correct component replacement. Refer to Figures 1-14 and 1-15 for Belts and Chains general location.

Diesel Engine Capacity

..... 7 qt US (7.1 L) with oil filter

SAE 10W30 motor oil of grades CD and SF is recommended.

3.3.3 Gas Engine Governor

Capacity 2.5 to 3 oz
(72.5 to 87 mL)

SAE 10W30 Motor oil of grade CD and SF is recommended.

3.3.4 Wheel Legs

Capacity 1.2 gal US (4.5 L)

At temperatures 90° F (32° C) and below, use SAE 90 gear oil. Above this temperature, use SAE 140 gear oil.

3.3.5 Crimper Gearbox

Capacity 3/4 qt US (0.75 L)

At temperatures 90° F (32° C) and below, use SAE 90 gear oil. Above this temperature, use SAE 140 gear oil.

3.3.6 Grease

SAE multipurpose grease is recommended for all pressure grease fittings.

4 Belts, Chains and Filters

4.1 GENERAL

Refer to Tables 1-7, 1-8, 1-9 for correct component replacement. Refer to Figures 1-14 and 1-15 for Belts and Chains general location.

4.2 COMPONENT REPLACEMENT PART NUMBERS

TABLE 1-7: Drive Belts

	1980 - 83	1979	1978
Fan (Gas Engine)	6923	6923	6923
Fan (Diesel Engine)	65923		
Governor (Gas Engine)	21038	21038	21038
Air Conditioning Compressor	957	957	957
Main Drive	57903	32543	32543
Table Drive, Double Band	57902	57902	57902
Table Drive Pump	51778	51778	51778
Reel Drive	28619	28619	28619
Knife Drive	52631	52631	52631
Crimper Main Drive, Grip Belt	52802	52802	52802
Crimper Main Drive	52729	52729	52729

TABLE 1-8: Drive Chains

	1980 - 83	1979	1978
Wheel Drive RC-40	52552	52552	52552
Wheel Drive RC-2	52553	52553	52553
Reel Drive	28651	28651	28651
Table			
Outer and Inner Roller	55119	55119	55119
Crimper			
Top Roller	52800	52800	52800
Bottom Roller	52801	52801	52801
General			
Canvas Tightener	28563	28563	28563
Sliding Unit (R)	51477	51477	51477
Sliding Unit (L)	51479	51479	51479
Adjustment (Crimper)	52000	52000	52000
Flow Control (PCFC)	54881	54881	54881

TABLE 1-9: Filters

	1980 – 83	1979	1978
Gas Engine (oil)	6920	6920	6920
Gas Engine (fuel)	58736	58736	58736
Diesel Engine (oil)	75037		
Diesel Engine (fuel)	75044		
Hydraulic Tank 1-1/2 Sump Strain	58227	58227	58227
Hydraulic Tank 1-1/4 Sump Strain	35381	35381	35381
Hydraulic Oil Line	6501	6501	6501
Table-Suction (Filter)	NA	16321	16321
Table-Suction (Element)	NA	6502	6502
Table Return (F)	NA	7709	7709
Table Return (E)	362103V1	362103V1	362103V1
Roof Fan Assembly	58736	58736	58736

5 Storage

5.1 STORING THE SWATHER

Warm engine and do the following:

1. Change engine oil and filter.
2. Clean engine exterior of grease and foreign matter.
3. Flush cooling system and refill with recommended coolant.
4. Change wheel leg oil.
5. Change oil in hydrostatic/hydraulic circuit and reservoir.
6. Run the swather to circulate oil to all components.
7. Clean swather thoroughly and touch up all scratched or chipped surfaces.
8. Remove, clean and repair canvases. Hang them in a dry place away from rodents.
9. Remove chains (except in wheel leg) and clean thoroughly. Brush heavy oil on them to prevent corrosion.
10. Coat all exposed metal surfaces (axles, piston rods on cylinders and shafts on pumps) with grease or rust preventive.
11. Relieve belt tension.
12. Jack up swather and block up axles and tables to remove weight from tires. Remove wheels and store in a cool, dark and dry place. Cover tires if exposed to heat and sun.
13. Seal the following openings: air cleaner inlet, muffler, fuel tank, radiator, hydraulic and hydrostatic system.
14. Store swather in a dry, protected place. If outside, cover with protective material.
15. Make a list of parts required for following season. The off season allows for time to prepare the machine, and the dealer is able to provide better service.

5.2 PREPARATION OF ENGINE FOR STORAGE

Before storing the swather, start the engine and run until coolant temperature is up to at least 160° F (70° C). (Shielding the radiator may be necessary to achieve this temperature under no load). Shutting the engine down while the temperature is well up helps prevent condensation formation during storage.

5.3 STORING BATTERY

If the swather is to be stored for more than 30 days, remove the battery with the electrolyte level at the bottom of the split ring. Charge the battery before storing it.

IMPORTANT

Battery should be brought to a full-charge state (1.265 SG) at least every 30 days of storage.

Smear petroleum jelly or light multipurpose grease over terminals and posts to prevent corrosion.

5.4 PREPARATION AFTER STORAGE

1. Inflate tires to recommended pressure. Install wheels and remove supports.
2. Check cooling system.
3. Check oil levels in crankcase, axles and hydraulic/hydrostatic system.
4. Check belts for slippage. Adjust as required.

5.5 ENGINE STARTUP AFTER STORAGE

1. Electrical cables must be clean, tight and in good condition. They should be cleaned at all connection points before starting unit.
2. If a new battery is installed, it must be of equivalent or higher capacity than original battery.
3. The battery must be fully charged (1.235 to 1.265 hydrometer reading). This reading should not be taken immediately after charging or on discharged battery. Distilled water will greatly add to battery life. Any drinking water can be used also.

IMPORTANT

Water and electrolyte do not mix immediately. Do not top up battery with water in freezing weather, unless engine is to be run at least one hour.

- CAUTION

ENSURE ALL CONTROLS ARE IN NEUTRAL BEFORE STARTING ENGINE.

OPERATE ALL CONTROLS ONLY FROM THE OPERATOR'S SEAL.

STOP ENGINE BEFORE SERVICING SWATHER.

KEEP ALL SHIELDS IN PLACE.



BE ALERT

4. Install battery and connect it.
5. Tighten all V-belts and drive belts. Alternator belt must be tight and in good condition to keep battery charged.
6. Clean all fuel lines and strainers and fill fuel tank.
7. Install all chains and canvases. Adjust tension.
8. Lubricate swather and run at half speed for an hour to circulate all fluids.
9. Check all bearings, belts, nuts, bolts and drives for looseness and overheating.
10. Never crank engine for more than 30 seconds. Cool starting motor for two minutes before another crank cycle.
11. If the engine does not start within 30 seconds (assuming starting aids are used as necessary and cranking speed is ample) engine is probably not receiving fuel.
12. Avoid engine high speed rev-up. Bearings are dry after storage and can be damaged by a high-speed start.

6 Troubleshooting

Engine System

	Faulty thermostat	Throttle open	Parkbrake disengaged	Speed control out of neutral	Low battery output	Defective safety switch	Faulty ignition wiring ¹	Faulty/dirty fuel pump	Broken coil resistor	Governor out of adjustment	Loose carburetor butterfly screws	Dirty fuel filter	Clogged radiator fins	Loose fan belt	Damaged radiator cap	Loose/broken vacuum line	Low coolant level	Engine needs tune-up ¹	Carburetor mix too rich ¹	Engine rings unseated/worn	Plugged air cleaner/filter	
Starter does not crank engine			•	•	•	•																
Engine cranks but does not start							•	•											•			•
Engine stops when key goes into ignition									•													
Engine surges										•	•	•					•					
Engine overheats	•												•	•	•		•					
High fuel consumption																			•	•		•
Engine diesels		•																		•		
Exhaust smoke bluish under load																						•
Exhaust smoke black under load																		•	•	•		•

1. Gasoline engine only

Hydraulic System

	Slipping belts	Canvases loose	Scored/seized cylinder shaft	Low oil level	Faulty pump/control valve	Relief valve setting too low	Leaky seals on cylinder	Air in system	Faulty cylinder adjustment	Seals, O-rings, poppets damaged	Misaligned hydraulic motors	Clogged suction screen	Adjust speed control valve	Faulty hydraulic hose	Line on sliding unit cylinders reversed
Leaking cylinders			•							•					
No lift on table or reel			•	•	•										
Table drops too fast					•										
Table/reel drop. Lever in neutral					•			•							
Table doesn't lift, reel does						•									
Left side of reel doesn't lift all the way							•								
Uneven table height								•	•						
Left side of table drops during operation							•			•					
Canvas or rollers stick											•				
Canvas speed too low at full throttle	•	•		•									•	•	•
Hydraulic motor malfunctioning				•				•		•	•	•			
Sliding units creep in wrong direction															•

**Hydrostatic System
(Closed Loop)**

	Adjust friction washer on speed control shaft	Adjust speed control/steering	Check hydrostatic belt tension	Low oil level	Air in system	Check mounting bolts	Service relief valve/pump	Adjust chain drive tension	Damaged steering linkage	Engine malfunction	Dirty cooler	Plugged oil filter	Air leaks	Faulty transmission pump	Oil leak
Transmission creeps/noisy in neutral		•							•						
Transmission loses speed	•		•						•	•				•	•
Noisy operation				•	•	•			•					•	
Erratic or no transmission output			•	•			•		•	•				•	
Poor steering		•	•					•	•					•	
Oil overheating				•							•	•		•	
Foaming oil				•									•	•	

Table

Machine/main driveshaft vibration	•	Table flotation set improperly
Poor or difficult cutting	•	Loose bolts at pitman/swaybar joints
Swather lays poor swath	•	Main driveline misaligned
Grain falls over cutterbar front	•	Material buildup on knife
Grain loss	•	Misaligned guards
Reel wraps in tangled crops	•	Worn/loose knife clips
Improper drying	•	Poor knife register
Excessive drying/bleaching	•	Swather speed too fast
	•	Wrong canvas speed
	•	Reel too far forward, high
	•	Cutterbar too high
	•	Reel speed slow
	•	Poor reel position
	•	Guards, knives, clips, guards bent/broken
	•	Incorrect reel setting
	•	Reel speed too fast
	•	Crimper shields adjusted too narrow
	•	Improper roller tension
	•	Roller gap too small

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