

Triumph Speed Triple* Motorcycle Service Manual

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* From VIN 210445 onwards.

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Service Manual - Speed Triple

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Introduction

Introduction

This manual is designed primarily for use by trained technicians in a properly equipped workshop. However, it contains enough detail and basic information to make it useful to the owner who desires to perform his own basic maintenance and repair work. The work can only be carried out if the owner has the necessary hand and special service tools to complete the job.

A basic knowledge of mechanics, including the proper use of tools and workshop procedures is necessary in order to carry out maintenance and repair work satisfactorily. Whenever the owner has insufficient experience or doubts his ability to do the work, an authorised Triumph dealer must undertake all adjustments, maintenance, and repair work.

In order to perform the work efficiently and to avoid costly mistakes, read the text and thoroughly familiarise yourself with procedures before starting work.

All work should be performed with great care and in a clean working area with adequate lighting.

Always use the correct special service tools or equipment specified. Under no circumstances use makeshift tools or equipment since the use of substitutes may adversely affect safe operation.

Where accurate measurements are required, they can only be made using calibrated, precision instruments.

For the duration of the warranty period, an authorised Triumph Dealer must perform all repairs and scheduled maintenance.

To maximise the life of your Motorcycle:

- Accurately follow the maintenance requirements of the periodic maintenance chart in the service manual.
- Do not allow problems to develop. Investigate unusual noises and changes in the riding characteristics of the motorcycle. Rectify all problems as soon as possible (immediately if safety related).
- Use only genuine Triumph parts as listed in the parts catalogue/parts microfiche.
- Follow the procedures in this manual carefully and completely. Do not take short cuts.
- Keep complete records of all maintenance and repairs with dates and any new parts installed.
- Use only approved lubricants, as specified in the owner's handbook, in the maintenance of the motorcycle.

How to use this manual

To assist in the use of this manual, the section title is given at the top.

Each major section starts with a contents page, listing the information contained in the section.

The individual steps comprising repair operations are to be followed in the sequence in which they appear.

Adjustment and repair operations include reference to service tool numbers and the associated illustration depicts the tool.

Where usage is not obvious, the tool is shown in use.

Adjustment and repair operations also include reference to wear limits, relevant data, torque figures, specialist information and useful assembly details.

Warning, Caution and Note

Particularly important information is presented in the following form:

 Warning
This warning symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury, or loss of life.

 Caution
This caution symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to or destruction of equipment.

Note:

- This note symbol indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.

Tampering with Noise Control System Prohibited

Owners are warned that the law may prohibit:

- a) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use; and
- b) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

References

References to the left-hand or right-hand side given in this manual are made when viewing the motorcycle from the rear.

Operations covered in this manual do not always include reference to testing the motorcycle after repair. It is essential that work is inspected and tested after completion and if necessary a road test of the motorcycle is carried out particularly where safety related items are concerned.

Dimensions

The dimensions quoted are to design engineering specification with service limits where applicable.

During the period of running-in from new, certain adjustments may vary from the specification figures given in this manual. These will be reset by the dealer at the 500 mile/800 km service, and thereafter should be maintained at the figures specified in this manual.

Repairs and Replacements

Before removal and disassembly, thoroughly clean the motorcycle. Any dirt entering the engine or other parts will work as an abrasive and shorten the life of the motorcycle. Particular attention should be paid when installing a new part, that any dust or metal filings are cleared from the immediate area.

Force

Common sense should dictate how much force is necessary in assembly and disassembly. If a part seems especially difficult to remove or install, stop and examine what may be causing the problem. Never lever a component as this will cause damage both to the component itself and to the surface being levered against.

Whenever tapping to aid removal of an item is necessary, tap lightly using a hide or plastic faced mallet.

Edges

Watch for sharp edges, especially during engine disassembly and assembly. Protect the hands with industrial quality gloves.

When replacement parts are required, it is essential that only genuine Triumph parts are used.

Safety features and corrosion prevention treatments embodied in the motorcycle may be impaired if other than genuine Triumph parts are fitted. In certain territories, legislation prohibits the fitting of parts not to the manufacturer's specification.

Tightening procedure

Generally, when installing a part with several bolts, nuts or screws, they should all be started in their holes and tightened to a snug fit, evenly and in a cross pattern. This is to avoid distortion of the part and/or causing gas or oil leakage. Conversely, bolts, nuts, or screws, should all be loosened (in sequence if specified) by about a quarter of a turn and then removed.

Where there is a tightening sequence specified in this Service Manual, the bolts, nuts, or screws must be tightened in the order and by the method indicated.

Torque wrench setting figures given in this Manual must be observed. The torque tools used must be of accurate calibration.

Locking devices, where specified, must be fitted. If the efficiency of a locking device is impaired during removal it must be renewed. This applies particularly to micro-encapsulated fixings which must always be replaced if disturbed. Where necessary, the text in this manual will indicate where such a fixing is used.

Introduction

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1 General Information

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Ignition System Safety Precautions

Warning

The ignition system produces extremely high voltages. Do not touch any part of the ignition system or any cables while the engine is running. An electric shock caused by contact with the ignition system may lead to illness, injury or death.

Warning

Wearers of surgically implanted heart pacemaker devices should not be in close proximity to ignition circuits and or diagnostic equipment.

The ignition system and any diagnostic equipment may interrupt the normal operation of such devices causing illness or death.

Dangerous Substances

Warning

Many liquids and other substances used in motor vehicles are poisonous and should under no circumstances be consumed and should, as far as possible, be kept from contact with the skin. These substances among others include acid, anti-freeze, asbestos, brake fluid, fuel, lubricants, and various adhesives. Always pay close attention to the instructions printed on labels and obey the instructions contained within. These instructions are included for your safety and well-being.

NEVER DISREGARD THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

Fluoroelastomers

Warning

Fluoroelastomer material is used in the manufacture of various seals in Triumph motorcycles.

In fire conditions involving temperatures greater than 315°C this material will decompose and can then be potentially hazardous. Highly toxic and corrosive decomposition products, including hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, fluorinated olefins and carbon monoxide can be generated and will be present in fumes from fires.

In the presence of any water or humidity hydrogen fluoride may dissolve to form extremely corrosive liquid hydrofluoric acid.

If such conditions exist, do not touch the material and avoid all skin contact. Skin contact with liquid or decomposition residues can cause painful and penetrating burns leading to permanent, irreversible skin and tissue damage.

Oils

Warning

The engine and bevel box oils may be hot to the touch. Contact with hot oil may cause the skin to be scalded or burned.

Warning

Prolonged or repeated contact with engine oil can lead to skin dryness, irritation and dermatitis. In addition used engine oil contains potentially harmful contaminants which can cause cancer. Wear suitable clothing and avoid skin contact.

Health Protection Precautions

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Overalls must be cleaned regularly. Discard heavily soiled clothing and oil impregnated footwear.
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds. Always

General Information

be aware of who your nearest first-aiders are and where the medical facilities are kept.

- Use barrier creams, applying before each work period to protect the skin from the effects of oil and grease and to aid removal of the same after completing work.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use petrol, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- Where practicable, de-grease components prior to handling.



Warning

Any risk of eye injury must be avoided. Always wear eye protection when using a hammer, air line, cleaning agent or where there is ANY risk of flying debris or chemical splashing.

Environmental Protection Precautions



Caution

Do not pour oil on the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water courses. To prevent pollution of water-courses etc., dispose of used oil sensibly. If in doubt contact your local authority.

Burning of used engine oil in small space heaters or boilers can be recommended only for units of approved design. If in doubt, check with the appropriate local authority and/or manufacturer of the approved appliance.

Dispose of used oil and used filters through authorised waste disposal contractors, to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact your local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

Brakes



Warning

Brake fluid is hygroscopic which means it will absorb moisture from the air. Any absorbed moisture will greatly reduce the boiling point of the brake fluid causing a reduction in braking efficiency.

Replace brake fluid in line with the routine maintenance schedule. A dangerous riding condition could result if this important maintenance item is neglected!

Do not spill brake fluid onto any area of the bodywork as this will damage any painted or plastic surface.

Always use new brake fluid from a sealed container and never use fluid from an unsealed container or from one that has been previously opened.

Do not mix different brands of fluid. Check for fluid leakage around brake fittings, seals and joints.

Check regularly for brake hose damage.

FAILURE TO OBSERVE ANY OF THE ABOVE WARNINGS MAY REDUCE BRAKING EFFICIENCY LEADING TO AN ACCIDENT.



Warning

If there has been an appreciable drop in the level of the fluid in either brake fluid reservoir, consult your authorised Triumph Dealer for advice before riding.

If the brake lever or pedal feels soft when it is applied, or if the lever/pedal travel becomes excessive, there may be air in the brake lines or the brake may be defective.

It is dangerous to operate the motorcycle under such conditions and remedial action must be taken by your authorised Triumph dealer before riding the motorcycle.

Failure to take remedial action may reduce braking efficiency leading to an accident.



Warning

Use only D.O.T. 4 specification brake fluid as listed in the general information section of this manual. The use of brake fluids other than those D.O.T. 4 fluids listed in the general information section may reduce the efficiency of the braking system leading to an accident.

Failure to change the brake fluid at the interval specified in the routine maintenance schedule may reduce braking efficiency resulting in an accident.

Warning

Never use mineral based grease in any part of the braking system or in any area where contact with the braking system is possible. Mineral based grease will damage the hydraulic seals in the calipers and master cylinders.

Damage caused by contact with mineral based grease may reduce braking efficiency resulting in an accident.

Safety Instructions

Jacking and lifting

Warning

Always ensure that any lifting apparatus has adequate load and safety capacity for the weight to be lifted. Ensure the motorcycle is well supported to prevent any possibility of the machine falling prior during lifting or jacking or while repairs and servicing are carried out.

Never rely on a single means of support when working with the motorcycle. Use additional safety supports and straps to prevent toppling.

Do not leave tools, lifting equipment, spilt oil, etc. in a place where they could become a hazard to health. Always work in a clean, tidy area and put all tools away when the work is finished.

Precautions against damage

Avoid spilling brake fluid or battery acid on any part of the bodywork. Wash spillages off with water immediately.

Disconnect the battery earth lead before starting work, see **ELECTRICAL PRECAUTIONS**.

Always use the recommended service tool where specified.

Protect exposed bearing and sealing surfaces, and screw threads from damage.

Coolant

Warning

Coolant mixture, which is blended with anti-freeze and corrosion inhibitors contains toxic chemicals which are harmful to the human body. Never swallow anti-freeze, corrosion inhibitors or any of the motorcycle coolant.

Warning

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. When the engine is hot, the coolant inside the radiator is hot and also under pressure. Contact with the pressurised coolant will cause scalds and skin damage.

Caution

The coolant anti-freeze contains a corrosion inhibitor which helps prevent damage to the metal surfaces inside the cooling system. Without this inhibitor, the coolant would 'attack' the metals and the resulting corrosion would cause blockages in the cooling system leading to engine overheating and damage. Always use the correct anti-freeze as specified in the Owner's Handbook. Never use a methanol based anti-freeze as this does not contain the required corrosion inhibition properties.

Caution

Distilled water must be used with the anti-freeze (see specification for anti-freeze) in the cooling system.

If hard water is used in the system, it causes scale accumulation in the water passages, and considerably reduces the efficiency of the cooling system. Reduced cooling system efficiency may lead to the engine overheating and engine damage.

General Information

Cleaning components

A high flash-point solvent is recommended to reduce fire hazard.

Always follow container directions regarding the use of any solvent.

Always use the recommended cleaning agent or equivalent.

Do not use degreasing equipment for components containing items which could be damaged by the use of this process. Whenever possible, clean components and the area surrounding them before removal. Always observe scrupulous cleanliness when cleaning dismantled components.

Lubrication

The majority of engine wear occurs while the engine is warming up and before all the rubbing surfaces have an adequate lubrication film. During assembly, oil or grease (whichever is more suitable) should be applied to any rubbing surface, which has lost its lubrication film. Old grease and dirty oil should be cleaned off. This is because used lubricants will have lost some lubrication qualities and may contain abrasive foreign particles.

Use recommended lubricants. Some oils and greases in particular should be used only in certain applications and may be harmful if used in an application for which they are not intended. This manual makes reference to molybdenum disulphide grease in the assembly of certain engine and chassis parts. Always check manufacturer recommendations before using such special lubricants.

Joints and joint faces

Assemble joints dry unless otherwise specified in this Manual.

If gaskets and/or jointing compound is recommended for use; remove all traces of old jointing material prior to reassembly. Do not use a tool which will damage the joint faces and smooth out any scratches or burrs on the joint faces using an oil stone. Do not allow dirt or jointing material to enter any tapped holes.

Gaskets, O-rings

Do not re-use a gasket or O-ring once it has been in service. The mating surfaces around the gasket should be free of foreign matter and perfectly smooth to avoid oil or compression leaks.

Liquid gasket, non-permanent locking agent

Follow manufacturer's directions for cleaning and preparing surfaces where these compounds will be used. Apply sparingly as excessive amounts of sealer may block engine oil passages and cause serious damage.

Prior to reassembly, blow through any pipes, channels or crevices with compressed air.



Warning

To prevent injury, always use eye, face and ear protection when using compressed air. Always wear protective gloves if the compressed air is to be directed in proximity to the skin.

Screw Threads

Metric threads to ISO standard are used.

Damaged nuts, bolts and screws must always be discarded.

Castellated nuts must not be slackened back to accept a split-pin, except in those recommended cases when this forms part of an adjustment.

Do not allow oil or grease to enter blind threaded holes. The hydraulic action on screwing in the bolt or stud could split the housing.

Always tighten a nut or bolt to the recommended torque figure. Damaged or corroded threads can affect the torque reading.

Unless specified, threaded fixings must always be fitted dry (no lubrication).



Warning

Never lubricate a thread unless instructed to do so. When a thread of a fixing is lubricated, the thread friction is reduced. When the fixing is tightened, reduced friction will cause overtightening and possible fixing failure.

A fixing which fails in service could cause component detachment leading to loss of control and an accident.

Locking Devices

Always release locking tabs and fit new locking washers, do not re-use locking tabs.

Fitting a split pin

Always fit new split-pins of the correct size for the hole in the bolt or stud. Do not slacken back castle nuts when fitting split pin, except in those recommended cases when this forms part of an adjustment.

Always fit new roll pins of an interference fit in the hole.

Circlips, retaining rings

Replace any circlips and retaining rings that are removed. Removal weakens and deforms circlips causing looseness in the circlip groove. When installing circlips and retaining rings, take care to compress or expand them only enough to install them.

Always use the correct replacement circlip as recommended in the Triumph parts catalogue.

Self locking nuts

Self-locking nuts can be re-used, providing resistance can be felt when the locking portion passes over the thread of the bolt or stud.

DO NOT re-use self-locking nuts in critical locations, e.g. suspension components. Always use the correct replacement self-locking nut.

Encapsulated bolt

An encapsulated bolt can be identified by a coloured section of thread which is treated with a locking agent.

Unless a specified repair procedure states otherwise, encapsulated bolts cannot be reused and **MUST** be replaced if disturbed or removed.

 Warning
Failure to replace an encapsulated bolt could lead to a dangerous riding condition. Always replace encapsulated bolts.

Oil and grease seals

Replace any oil or grease seals that are removed. Removal will cause damage to an oil seal which, if re-used, would cause an oil leak.

Ensure the surface on which the new seal is to run is free of burrs or scratches. Renew the component if

the original sealing surface cannot be completely restored.

Protect the seal from any surface which could cause damage over which it has to pass when being fitted. Use a protective sleeve or tape to cover the relevant surface and avoid touching the sealing lip.

Lubricate the sealing lips with a recommended lubricant. This will help to prevent damage in initial use. On dual lipped seals, smear the area between the lips with appropriate grease.

When pressing in a seal which has manufacturer's marks, press in with the marks facing out.

Seals must be pressed into place using a suitable driver. Use of improper tools will damage the seal.

Press

A part installed using a press or driver, such as a wheel bearing, should first be coated with oil or grease on its outer or inner circumference so that it will locate smoothly.

Ball bearing

When installing a ball bearing, the bearing race which is an interference fit should be pushed by a suitable driver. This prevents severe stress or damage to the load carrying components. Press a ball bearing until it touches the shoulder in the bore or on the shaft.

Press or drift seals to the depth of its housing, with the sealing lip facing the lubricant to be retained if the housing is shouldered, or flush with the face of the housing where no shoulder is provided.

Fuel Handling Precautions

General

The following information provides basic precautions which must be observed if petrol (gasoline) is to be handled safely. It also outlines other areas of risk which must not be ignored. This information is issued for basic guidance only and, if in doubt, appropriate enquiries should be made of your local Fire Officer.

General Information

Petrol - Gasoline

When petrol (gasoline) evaporates it produces 150 times its own volume in vapour which when diluted with air becomes a readily ignitable mixture. The vapour is heavier than air and will always fall to the lowest level. It can readily be distributed throughout any indoor environment by air currents, consequently, even a small spillage of petrol (gasoline) is potentially very dangerous.

Warning

Petrol (gasoline) is highly flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. When opening the fuel tank cap always observe all the following items;

Turn the motorcycle ignition switch OFF.

Do not smoke.

Always have a fire extinguisher containing FOAM, CO₂, HALON or POWDER close at hand when handling or draining fuel or fuel systems. Fire extinguishers must also be present in areas where fuel is stored.

Always disconnect the vehicle battery, negative (black) lead first, before carrying out dismantling or draining work on a fuel system.

Whenever petrol (gasoline) is being handled, drained, stored or when fuel systems are being dismantled, make sure the area is well ventilated. All potential forms of ignition must be extinguished or removed (this includes any appliance with a pilot light). Any lead-lamps must be flame-proof and kept clear of any fuel spillage.

Warning notices must be posted at a safe distance from the site of the work to warn others that petrol is being openly handled. The notice must instruct the reader of the precautions which must be taken.

Failure to observe any of the above warnings may lead to a fire hazard which could result in personal injury.

Warning

No one should be permitted to repair components associated with petrol/gasoline without first having specialist training on the fire hazards which may be created by incorrect installation and repair of items associated with petrol/gasoline.

Repairs carried out by untrained personnel could bring about a safety hazard leading to a risk of personal injury.

Warning

Draining or extraction of petrol/gasoline from a vehicle fuel tank must be carried out in a well ventilated area.

The receptacle used to contain the petrol/ gasoline must be more than adequate for the full amount of fuel to be extracted or drained. The receptacle should be clearly marked with its contents, and placed in a safe storage area which meets the requirements of local authority regulations.

When petrol/gasoline has been extracted or drained from a fuel tank, the precautions governing naked lights and ignition sources should be maintained.

Failure to observe any of the above warnings could bring about a safety hazard leading to a risk of personal injury.

Fuel tank removal

Fuel tanks should have a 'PETROL (GASOLINE) VAPOUR' warning label attached to them as soon as they are removed from the vehicle. In all cases, they must be stored in a secured, marked area.

Chassis repairs

Warning

If the motorcycle is involved in an accident or collision it must be taken to an authorised Triumph dealer for repair or inspection. Any accident can cause damage to the motorcycle, which if not correctly repaired, may cause a second accident which may result in injury or death.

The frame must not be modified as any modification to the frame such as welding or drilling may weaken the frame resulting in an accident.

Electrical Precautions

The following guidelines are intended to ensure the safety of the operator whilst preventing damage to the electrical and electronic components fitted to the motorcycle. Where necessary, specific precautions are detailed in the relevant sections of this manual which should be referred to prior to commencing repair operations.

Equipment - Prior to commencing any test procedure on the motorcycle ensure that the relevant test equipment is working correctly and any harness or connectors are in good condition, in particular mains leads and plugs.



Warning

The ignition system produces extremely high voltages. Do not touch any part of the ignition system or any cables while the engine is running. An electric shock caused by contact with the ignition system may lead to illness, injury or death.



Warning

Wearers of surgically implanted heart pacemaker devices should not be in close proximity to ignition circuits and/or diagnostic equipment. The ignition system and any diagnostic equipment may interrupt the normal operation of such devices causing illness or death.



Warning

The battery contains harmful materials. Always keep children away from the battery whether or not it is fitted in the motorcycle. Do not jump start the battery, touch the battery cables together or reverse the polarity of the cables as any of these actions may cause a spark which would ignite battery gasses causing a risk of personal injury.

High Voltage Circuits - Whenever disconnecting live H.T. circuits always use insulated pliers. Exercise caution when measuring the voltage on the coil terminals while the engine is running, high voltage spikes can occur on these terminals.

Connectors and Harness - The engine of a motorcycle is a particularly hostile environment for electrical components and connectors. Always ensure these items are dry and oil free before disconnecting and connecting test equipment. Never force

connectors apart either by using tools or by pulling on the wiring itself. Always ensure locking mechanisms are disengaged before removal and note the orientation to enable correct reconnection. Ensure that any protective covers and substances are replaced if disturbed.

Having confirmed a component to be faulty, switch off the ignition and disconnect the battery negative (black) lead first. Remove the component and support the disconnected harness. When replacing the component keep oily hands away from electrical connection areas and push connectors home until any locking mechanism becomes fully engaged.

Battery disconnecting

Before disconnecting the battery, switch off all electrical equipment.



Warning

To prevent the risk of a battery exploding and to prevent damage to electrical components ALWAYS disconnect the battery negative (black) lead first. When reconnecting the battery, always connect the positive (red) lead first, then the negative (black) lead. Always disconnect the battery when working on any part of the electrical system.

Failure to observe the above warnings may lead to electrical damage and a fire hazard which could cause personal injury.

Always ensure that battery leads are routed correctly and are not close to any potential chafing points.

Disciplines

Switch off the ignition prior to making any connection or disconnection in the system. An electrical surge can be caused by disconnecting 'live' connections which can damage electronic components.

Ensure hands and work surfaces are clean and free of grease, swarf, etc. as grease collects dirt which can cause tracking or high-resistance contacts.

Prior to commencing any test, and periodically during any test, touch a good earth to discharge body static. This is because some electronic components are vulnerable to static electricity.

General Information

Electrical wires

All the electrical wires are either single-colour or two-colour and, with only a few exceptions, must be connected to wires of the same colour. On any of the two-colour wires there is a greater amount of one colour and a lesser amount of a second colour. A two-colour wire is identified by first the primary colour and then the secondary colour. For example, a yellow wire with thin red stripes is referred to as a 'yellow/red' wire; it would be a 'red/yellow' wire if the colours were reversed to make red the main colour.

Inspection

Disassembled parts should be visually inspected and replaced with new ones if there are any signs of the following:

Abrasions, cracks, hardening, warping, bending, dents, scratches, colour changes, deterioration, seizure or damage of any nature.

Replacement Parts



Warning

Only Triumph genuine parts should be used to service, repair or convert Triumph motorcycles. To ensure that Triumph genuine parts are used, always order parts, accessories and conversions from an authorised Triumph dealer. The fitting of non-approved parts, accessories or conversions may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspects of the motorcycle operation which may result in an accident causing serious injury or death.



Warning

Always have Triumph genuine parts, accessories and conversions fitted by an authorised Triumph dealer. The fitment of parts, accessories and conversions by a dealer who is not an authorised Triumph dealer may affect the handling, stability or other aspects of the motorcycle operation which may result in an accident causing serious injury or death.



Warning

Always have Triumph approved parts, accessories and conversions fitted by a trained technician. To ensure that a trained technician is used, have an authorised Triumph dealer fit the parts. The fitment of parts, accessories and conversions by personnel other than a trained technician at an authorised Triumph dealer may affect the handling, stability or other aspects of the motorcycle operation which may result in an accident causing serious injury or death.

Service data

The service data listed in this manual gives dimensions and specifications for brand new, original parts. Where it is permissible to allow a part to exceed these figures, then the service limit is given.

The terms of the motorcycle warranty will be invalidated by the fitting of other than genuine Triumph parts.

All genuine Triumph parts have the full backing of the motorcycle warranty. Triumph dealers are obliged to supply only genuine Triumph recommended parts.

Specification

Triumph are constantly seeking to improve the specification, design and production of their motorcycles and alterations take place accordingly.

While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this Manual, it should not be regarded as an infallible guide to current specifications of any particular motorcycle.

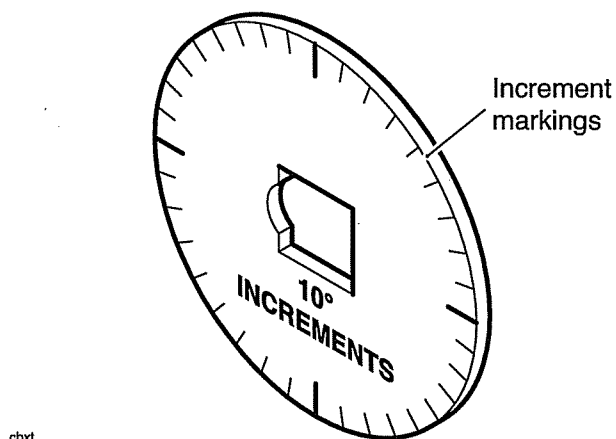
Authorised Triumph Dealers are not agents of Triumph and have no authority to bind the manufacturer by any expressed or implied undertaking or representation.

Service Tools and Garage Equipment

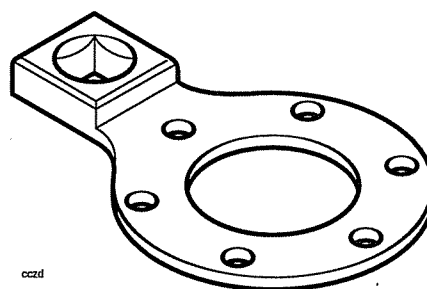
Special service tools have been developed to facilitate removal, dismantling and assembly of certain mechanical components in a practical manner without causing damage. Some operations in this Service Manual cannot be carried out without the aid of the relevant service tools. Where this is the case, the tools required will be described during the procedure.

Special Service Tools

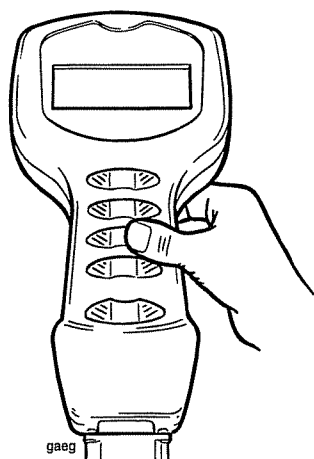
T3880105 – Angular Torque Gauge



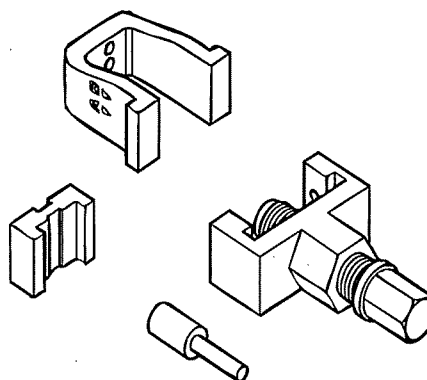
T3880371 – Holder, Oil Pump Drive Gear



T3880250 – Engine Management Diagnostics

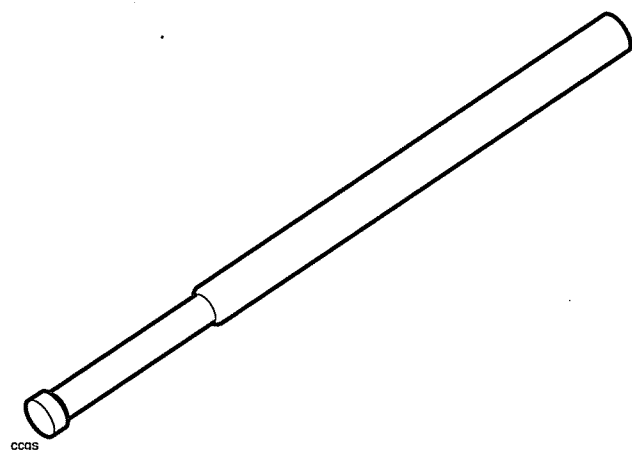


A9938017 – Chain Link Tool Kit

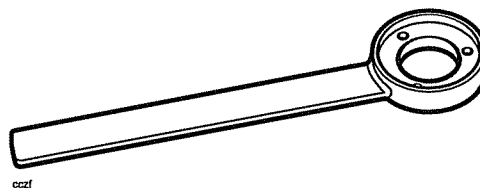


General Information

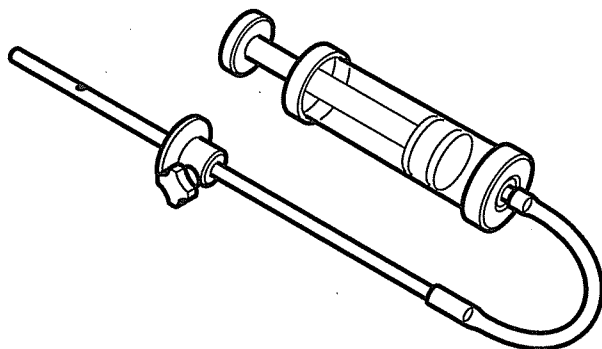
3880085-T0301 – Fork Piston Holder



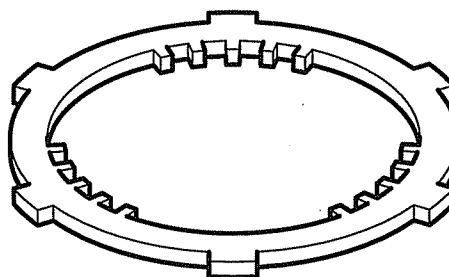
T3880017 – Holder, Sprag Clutch



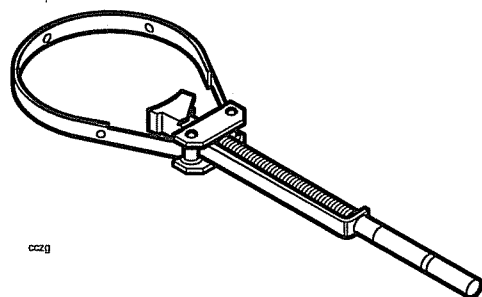
3880160-T0301 – Fork Filler / Evacuator



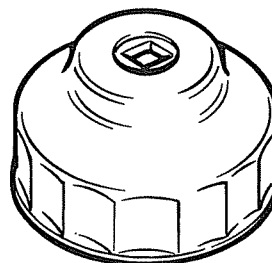
T3880305 – Clutch Anti-rotation Tool



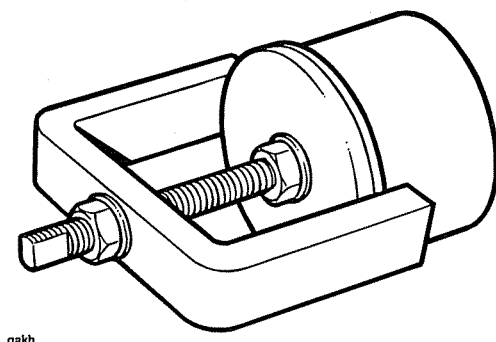
T3880375 – Alternator Rotor Holder



T3880312 – Oil Filter Wrench

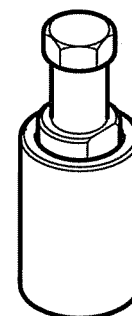


T3880315 – Extractor, Cylinder Liners



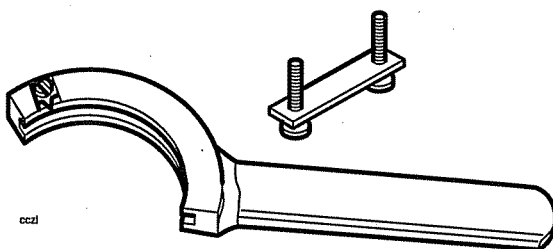
gakh

T3880365 – Puller, Alternator Rotor



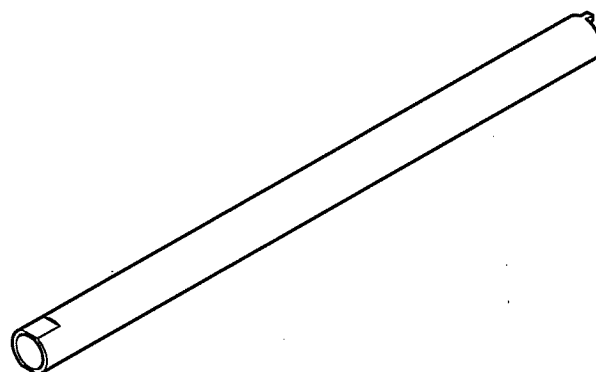
cczh

T3880016 – Holder, Balancer Gear



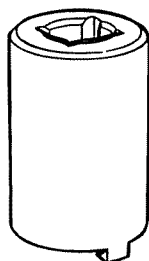
cczl

T3880004 – Holder, Damping Cylinder



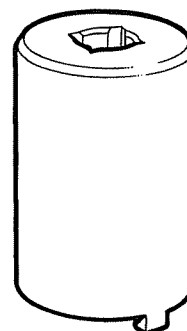
odet

T3880290 – Wrench, Swinging Arm Adjuster



gabcc

T3880295 – Wrench, Swinging Arm Adjuster Lock Ring

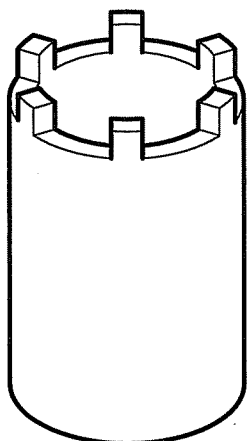


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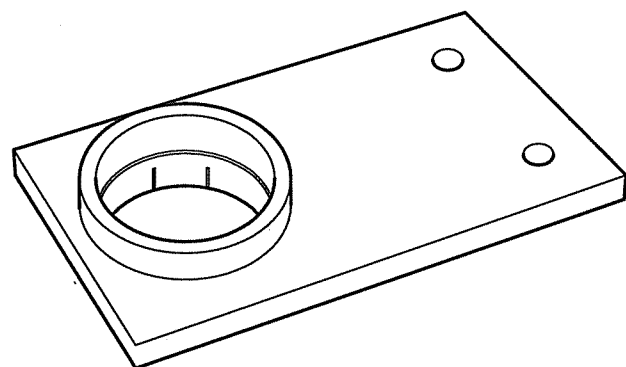
General Information

T3880024 - Socket 45 mm

cdbp

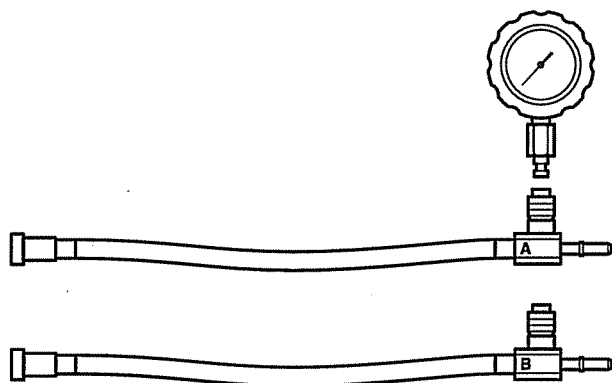


T3880002 – Support Plate



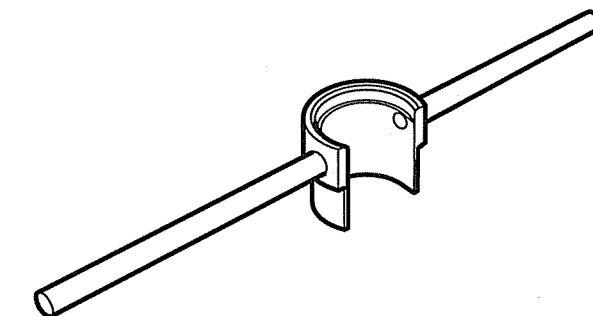
ccxa

T3880001 - Fuel Pressure Gauge



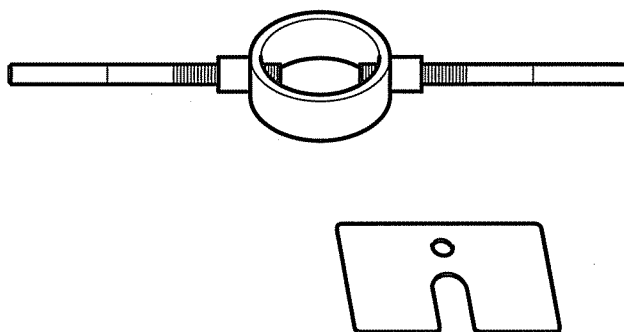
cdgh

T3880003 – Fork Seal and Bush Fitment



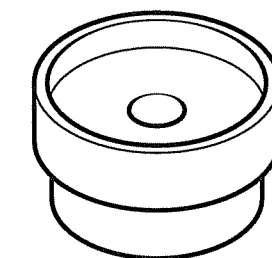
ccxb

T3880067 - Fork Spring Compressor



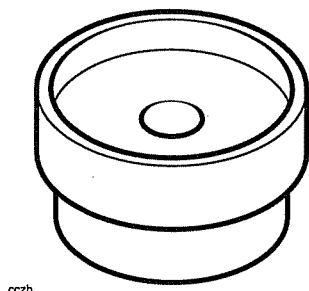
ccgw

3880065-T0301 - Bearing Installer

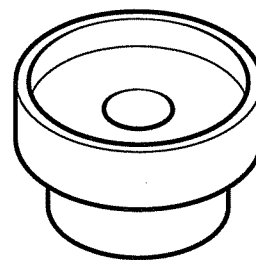


cczb

3880075-T0301 - Bearing Installer



3880070-T0301 - Bearing Installer



General Information

Full Specification

Speed Triple

Engine

Engine Configuration	3 Cylinder 12 valve DOHC
Arrangement	Transverse in-line
Displacement	1050 cc
Bore x Stroke	79x71.4 mm
Compression Ratio	12.0:1
Cylinder Numbering	Left to Right (no.3 adjacent to camchain)
Cylinder Sequence	Number 1 at left
Firing Order	1-2-3
Maximum Power	130PS (128bhp) at 9,100rpm
Maximum Torque	105 Nm (78ft.lbf) at 5,100 rpm

Cylinder Head Valves

Valve Head Diameter	In.	33.5 mm
	Ex	27.0 mm
Valve Lift	In.	8.75 mm
	Ex	7.45 mm
Valve Stem Diameter	In.	4.975-4.990 mm
Service Limit		4.965 mm
Valve Stem Diameter	Ex	4.955-4.990 mm
Service Limit		4.945 mm
Valve Guide Bore Diameter	In.	5.000-5.015 mm
Service Limit		5.043 mm
Valve Guide Bore Diameter	Ex	5.000-5.035 mm
Service Limit		5.063 mm
Valve Stem to Guide Clearance	In.	0.010-0.040 mm
	Ex	0.030-0.060 mm
Valve Seat Width (in head)	In.	0.9-1.1 mm
Service Limit		1.5 mm
Valve Seat Width (in head)	Ex	1.1-1.3 mm
Service Limit		1.7 mm
Valve Seat Width (valve)		1.5-1.9 mm
Valve Seat Angle		45°
Inlet / Exhaust Valve Spring 'Load at Length'		470 N +/-30 at 26.30 mm (inner)
Valve Clearance	In.	0.10-0.20 mm
	Ex.	0.20-0.30 mm
Valve Bucket Diameter		28.476-28.490 mm
Service Limit		28.549 mm

Full Specification

Valve Bucket Bore Diameter	28.515-28.535 mm
Service Limit	28.549 mm

Speed Triple

Camshafts

Cam Timing	Inlet	Open 11.25° BTDC (@ 1.0 mm lift)
		Close 41.25° ABDC (@1.0 mm lift)
	Duration	232.50°
	Exhaust	Open 34° BBDC (@ 1.0 mm lift)
		Close 4° ATDC (@1.0 mm lift)
	Duration	228°
Camshaft Journal Diameter		22.930-22.960 mm
		22.953-22.956 mm (outrigger)
Camshaft Journal Clearance		0.040-0.091 mm
Service Limit		0.13 mm
	Outrigger	0.044-0.068 mm
Service Limit		0.13 mm
Camshaft Journal Bore Diameter		23.000-23.021 mm
Camshaft End Float		0.03-0.12 mm
Service Limit		0.20 mm
Camshaft Run-out		0.05 mm max.

Clutch / Primary Drive

Primary Drive	Type	Gear
Reduction Ratio		1.750 (60/105)
Clutch	Type	Wet multi-phase
No. of Friction Plates		10
Plate Flatness		Within 0.2 mm
Friction Plate Thickness (inner and outer)		3.80 mm
Service Limit		3.60 mm
Friction Plate Thickness (all others)		3.30 mm
Service Limit		3.10 mm
Clutch Actuation Method		Cable
Cable Free Play (at lever)		2.0-3.0 mm

Balancer

End Float	0.06-0.41 mm
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General Information

Full Specification

Speed Triple

Pistons

Cylinder Bore Diameter	79.040-79.060 mm
Service Limit	79.110 mm
Piston Diameter (at 90° to gudgeon pin)	78.970-78.980 mm
Service Limit	78.930 mm
Piston Ring to Groove Clearances	
Top	0.02-0.06 mm
Service Limit	0.075
Second	0.02-0.06 mm
Service Limit	0.075
Piston Ring End Gaps	
Top	0.28-0.49 mm
Service Limit	0.61
Second	0.43-0.64 mm
Service Limit	0.76
Oil	0.33-0.89 mm
Service Limit	1.03 mm
Gudgeon Pin Bore Diameter in Piston	16.993-17.001 mm
Service Limit	17.029 mm
Gudgeon Pin Diameter	16.984-16.989 mm
Service Limit	16.974 mm

Connecting Rods

Connecting Rod Small End Diameter	17.005-17.018 mm
Service Limit	17.028 mm
Connecting Rod Big End Side Clearance ..	0.15-0.30 mm
Service Limit	0.50 mm

Crankshaft

Crankshaft Big End Journal Diameter	34.948-35.000 mm
Service Limit	34.960 mm
Crankshaft Big End Bearing Clearance	0.036 mm-0.066
Service Limit	0.10 mm
Crankshaft Main Bearing Journal Diameter	37.960-37.967 mm
Service Limit	37.936 mm
Crankshaft End Float	0.05-0.20 mm
Service Limit	0.40 mm
Crankshaft Run-out	0.02 mm or less
Service Limit	0.05 mm

Full Specification

Speed Triple

Transmission

Type	6 Speed, Constant Mesh
Gear Ratios	1st 2.733 (15/41)
	2nd 1.947 (19/37)
	3rd 1.545 (22/34)
	4th 1.292 (24/31)
	5th 1.154 (26/30)
	6th 1 074 (27/29)
Gear Selector Fork Thickness	5.8-5.9 mm
Service Limit	5.7 mm
Gear Selector Groove Width	6.0-6.1 mm
Service Limit	6.25 mm
Gear Selector Fork to Groove Clearance	0.55 mm max.

Final Drive

Final Drive	Chain
Final Drive Ratio	2.333 (18/42)
Chain Type	DID X-ring
Number of Links	106
20 Link Length	321 mm
Drive Chain Play	35-40 mm
Chain Lubrication	Mobil chain spray

Lubrication

Type	Pressure Lubrication, Wet Sump
Oil Capacity (dry fill)	3.50 litres
Oil Capacity (wet fill including filter)	3.20 litres
Oil Capacity (wet fill excluding filter)	3.00 litres
Oil pressure (in main gallery)	40.0 lb/in ² min. @ 80°C oil temperature @ 5000 RPM
Oil Pump Rotor Tip Clearance	0.15 mm
Service Limit	0.2 mm
Oil Pump Body Clearance	0.15-0.22 mm
Service Limit	0.35 mm
Oil Pump Rotor End Float	0.02-0.07 mm
Service Limit	0.10 mm

General Information

Full Specification

Speed Triple

Ignition System

Type	Digital Inductive
Electronic Rev Limiter	10,900 (r/min)
Pick-up Coil Resistance	0.56 K Ω +/-10% @ 20°C
Ignition Coil Type	Plug-top
Spark Plug Type	NGK CR9EK
Spark Plug Gap	0.7 mm

Fuel System

Fuel Type	Unleaded, 95 RON (U.S. 89 CLC/AKI)
Fuel Tank Capacity	18 litres
Low Level Warning Lamp	4 litres remaining
Fuel Pump Type	Submerged
Fuel Pressure (nominal)	3.0 bar
Purge Control System	Electronic, via fuel system ECU

Fuel Injection System

Type	Electronic, sequential
Idle Speed	1200 RPM
Injector Type	Twin jet, solenoid operated plate valve
Throttle	Cable / twist grip / electronic throttle potentiometer
Control Sensors	Barometric pressure, throttle position, coolant temperature, crankshaft position sensor, lambda sensor, induction air temperature.

Emissions Controls*

Catalysts	2, in silencer 1, in down pipe
Oxygen sensor	Heated, in down pipe
Secondary Air injection	Solenoid controlled, reed valve type
Evaporative Control	Activated carbon canister (California only)

* Catalysts and oxygen sensor fitted in all markets except Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

Coolant System

Coolant Mixture	50/50 Distilled water / anti-freeze
Anti-Freeze Type	Mobil anti-freeze
Freezing point	-35°C
Cooling System Capacity	2.8 litres
Radiator Cap Opening Pressure	1.1 bar
Thermostat Opening Temperature	88°C (nominal)

Full Specification

Cooling Fan Switch On Temperature	103°C
Temperature Gauge Sensor Resistance	2.9 – 3.3 KΩ @ 15°C

Speed Triple

Suspension

Front Fork Travel	120 mm
Recommended Fork Oil Grade	Showa SS8
Oil Level (fork fully compressed)	120 mm
Oil Volume (dry fill)	469 cc
Fork Pull Through	Flush with top of yoke upper face
Rear Wheel Travel	140 mm
Rear Suspension Bearing Grease	Mobil grease HP 222

Brakes

Front Type	Two hydraulically actuated four piston radial callipers acting on twin discs
Caliper Piston Diameter	33.96 mm / 30.23 mm
Disc Diameter	320 mm
Disc Thickness	4 mm (3.5 mm minimum)
Disc Run-out Max.	0.3 mm (0.1 mm standard)
Master Cylinder Diameter	14 mm
Recommended Fluid	Mobil universal brake and clutch fluid DOT4
Rear Type	Hydraulically actuated 2 piston calliper, single disc
Caliper Piston Diameter	27 mm
Disc Diameter	220 mm
Disc Thickness	6.0 mm
Service Limit	5.0 mm
Master Cylinder Diameter	14 mm
Recommended Fluid	Mobil universal brake and clutch fluid DOT4

Wheels and Tyres

Front Wheel Size	MT 3.5 x 17
Front Tyre Size	120/70 ZR 17
Front Tyre Pressure	2.35 Bar
Recommended Front Tyre	Option 1 Michelin Pilot Power
	Option 2 Bridgestone BT014
	Option 3 Pirelli Diablo
Front Wheel Rim Axial Run-out	0.5 mm
Front Wheel Rim Radial Run-out	0.5 mm
Rear Wheel Size	MT 5.5 x 17
Rear Tyre Size	180/55 ZR 17

General Information

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Full Specification**Speed Triple**

Rear Tyre Pressure	2.9 Bar
Recommended Rear Tyres	Option 1 Michelin Pilot Power
	Option 2 Bridgestone BT 014
	Option 3 Pirelli Diablo
Rear Wheel Rim Axial Run-out	0.5 mm
Rear Wheel Rim Radial Run-out	0.5 mm

Frame

Frame Type	Twin-spar aluminium
Overall Length	2115mm (83.3in)
Overall Width	780mm (30.7in)
Overall Height	1250mm (49.2 in)
Wheelbase	1429mm (56.2in)
Seat Height	815mm (56.2in)
Castor	23.5 °
Trail	84 mm
Dry Weight	189 kg
Maximum Payload	185 kg
(rider, passenger, luggage and accessories)	

Electrical Equipment

Battery Type	YTX12BS
Battery Rating	12V – 10 Amp. Hour
Alternator Rating	35A
Fuses	#1 Instruments, fuel pump relay, EMS relay, starter relay
	#2 Ignition switch
	#3 Indicators, brake light, horn
	#4 Alarm, diagnostic connector, instruments, fuel pump
	#5 Blank
	#6 Engine management system
	#7 Cooling fan
	#8 Dip and main beam headlights, horn
	#9 Tail light, number plate light, side lights
	#10 Blank
	#11 Main fuse

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