

Product: KOMATSU 330M Rigid Dump Truck Service Repair Workshop Manual(DG744)

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DG744

Shop Manual



330M

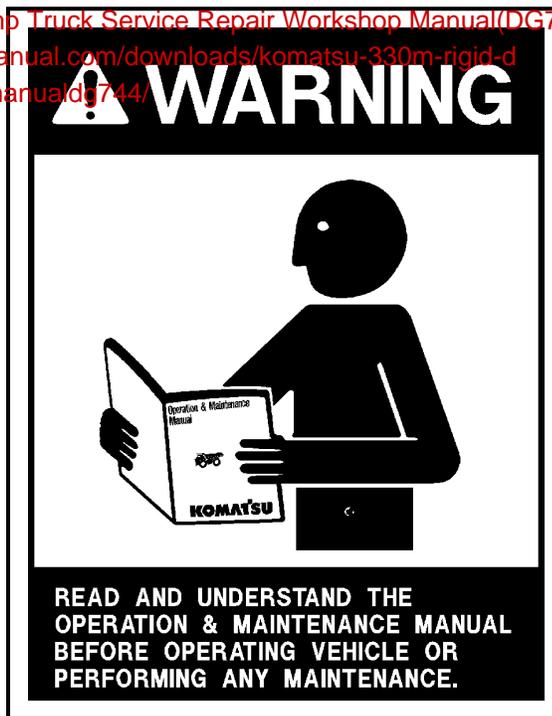
DUMP TRUCK

SERIAL NUMBERS **A10212 - A10223**

KOMATSU®

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Unsafe use of this machine may cause serious injury or death. Operators and maintenance personnel must read and understand this manual before operating or maintaining this machine.

This manual should be kept in or near the machine for reference, and periodically reviewed by all personnel who will come into contact with it.

This material is proprietary to Komatsu America Corp (KAC), and is not to be reproduced, used, or disclosed except in accordance with written authorization from KAC.

It is the policy of the Company to improve products whenever it is possible and practical to do so. The Company reserves the right to make changes or add improvements at any time without incurring any obligation to install such changes on products sold previously.

Because of continuous research and development, periodic revisions may be made to this publication. Customers should contact their local Komatsu distributor for information on the latest revision.

**CALIFORNIA
Proposition 65 Warning**

Diesel engine exhaust, some of its constituents, and certain vehicle components contain or emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**CALIFORNIA
Proposition 65 Warning**

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.



NON-OEM PARTS IN CRITICAL SYSTEMS

For safety reasons, Komatsu America Corp. strongly recommends against the use of non-OEM replacement parts in critical systems of all Komatsu equipment. Critical systems include but are not limited to steering, braking and operator safety systems.

Replacement parts manufactured and supplied by unauthorized sources may not be designed, manufactured or assembled to Komatsu's design specifications; accordingly, use of such parts may compromise the safe operation of Komatsu products and place the operator and others in danger should the part fail.

Komatsu is also aware of repair companies that will rework or modify an OEM part for reuse in critical systems. Komatsu does not generally authorize such repairs or modifications for the same reasons as noted above.

Use of non-OEM parts places full responsibility for the safe performance of the Komatsu product on the supplier and user. Komatsu will not in any case accept responsibility for the failure or performance of non-OEM parts in its products, including any damages or personal injury resulting from such use.

FOREWORD

This Manual is written for use by the service technician and is designed to help the technician become fully knowledgeable of the truck and all its systems in order to keep it running and in production. All maintenance personnel should read and understand the materials in this manual before performing maintenance and/or operational checks on the truck. All safety notices, warnings and cautions should be understood and followed when accomplishing repairs on the truck.

The first section covers component descriptions, truck specifications and safe work practices, as well as other general information. The major portion of the manual pertains to disassembly, service and reassembly. Each major serviceable area is dealt with individually. For example: The disassembly, service and reassembly of the radiator group is discussed as a unit. The same is true of the engine and engine accessories, and so on through the entire mechanical detail of the truck. Disassembly should be carried only as far as necessary to accomplish needed repairs.

The illustrations used in this manual are, at times, typical of the component shown and may not necessarily depict a specific model.

This manual shows dimensioning of U.S. standard and metric (SI) units throughout and all references to "Right", "Left", "Front", or "Rear" are made with respect to the operator's normal seated position, unless specifically stated otherwise.

Standard torque requirements are shown in torque charts in the general information section and individual torques are provided in the text in bold face type, such as **100 ft.lbs. (135 N.m)** torque. All torque specifications have $\pm 10\%$ tolerance unless otherwise specified.

A Product Identification plate is normally located on the truck frame upright in front of the left side front wheel and designates the Truck Model Number, Product Identification Number (vehicle serial number), and Maximum G.V.W. (Gross Vehicle Weight) rating.

The HAULPAK[®] Model designation consists of three numbers and one letter (i.e. 330M). The three numbers represent the basic truck model. The letter "M" designates a Mechanical drive and the letter "E" designates an Electrical propulsion system.

The Product Identification Number (vehicle serial number) contains information which will identify the original manufacturing bill of material for this unit. This complete number will be necessary for proper ordering of many service parts and/or warranty consideration.

The Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) is what determines the load on the drive train, frame, tires, and other components. The vehicle design and application guidelines are sensitive to the **total maximum Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)** and this **means the total weight**: the Empty Vehicle Weight + the fuel & lubricants + the payload.

To determine allowable payload:

Service all lubricants for proper level and fill fuel tank of empty truck (which includes all accessories, body liners, tailgates, etc.) and then weigh truck.

Record this value and subtract from the GVW rating. The result is the allowable payload.

NOTE: Accumulations of mud, frozen material, etc. become a part of the GVW and reduces allowable payload. To maximize payload and to keep from exceeding the GVW rating, these accumulations should be removed as often as practical.

Exceeding the allowable payload will reduce expected life of truck components.



This “ALERT” symbol is used with the signal words, “CAUTION”, “DANGER”, and “WARNING” in this manual to alert the reader to hazards arising from improper operating and maintenance practices.



*“DANGER” identifies a specific potential hazard
WHICH WILL RESULT
in either INJURY OR DEATH
if proper precautions are not taken.*



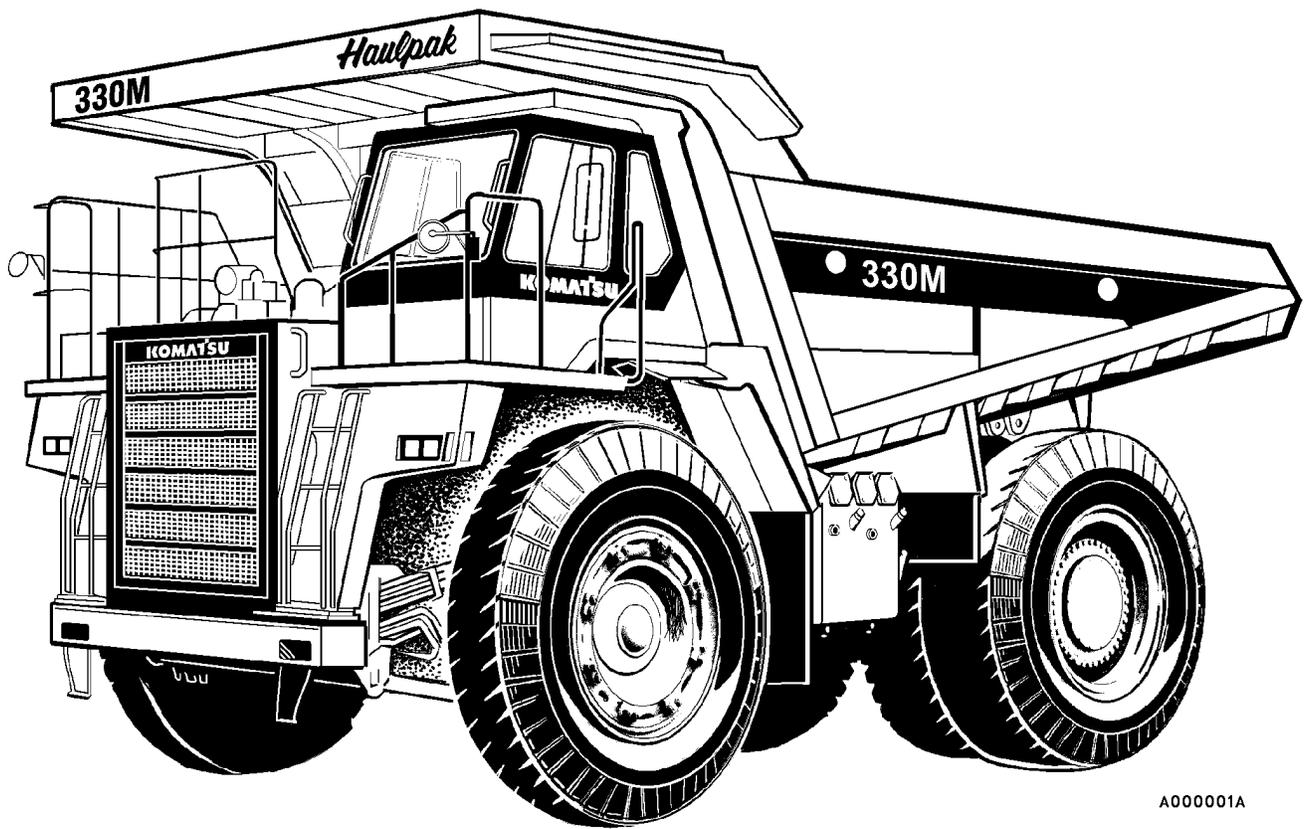
*“WARNING” identifies a specific potential hazard
WHICH MAY RESULT
in either INJURY OR DEATH
if proper precautions are not taken.*



*“CAUTION” is used for general reminders
of proper safety practices
OR
to direct the reader’s attention to avoid unsafe
or improper practices which may result
in damage to the equipment.*

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KOMATSU 330M HAULPAK TRUCK

SECTION A
GENERAL INFORMATION
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MAJOR COMPONENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS A2-1

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NOTES

MAJOR COMPONENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

The 330M Truck is powered by a Komatsu diesel engine.

TRANSMISSION

The TORQFLOW transmission consists of a 3-element, single-stage, two-phase torque converter and a planetary gear, multiple disc clutch transmission which is hydraulically actuated and force-lubricated for optimum heat dissipation.

The TORQFLOW transmission is capable of seven (7) forward speeds and one (1) reverse gear. Automatic shifting is controlled by electronic shift control with automatic clutch modulation in all gears. A lockup system consisting of a wet, double-disc clutch, is activated in F1–F7 gears for increased fuel savings.

FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY

The final drive consists of a plug-in differential with planetary wheel drive.

OPERATOR'S CAB

The Operator's Cab is spacious and comfortable and includes wide windows all around for excellent visibility. All pedals, controls and instruments are arranged for maximum efficiency and ease of operation. The electronic display/monitoring panel keeps the operator informed of the truck's operating systems. Audible alarms and lights warn the operator of system malfunctions.

POWER STEERING

The 330M is equipped with full hydraulic power steering. The system includes an electric motor driven pump which automatically provides emergency power if the steering pump hydraulic flow is reduced below an established minimum.

BRAKE SYSTEM

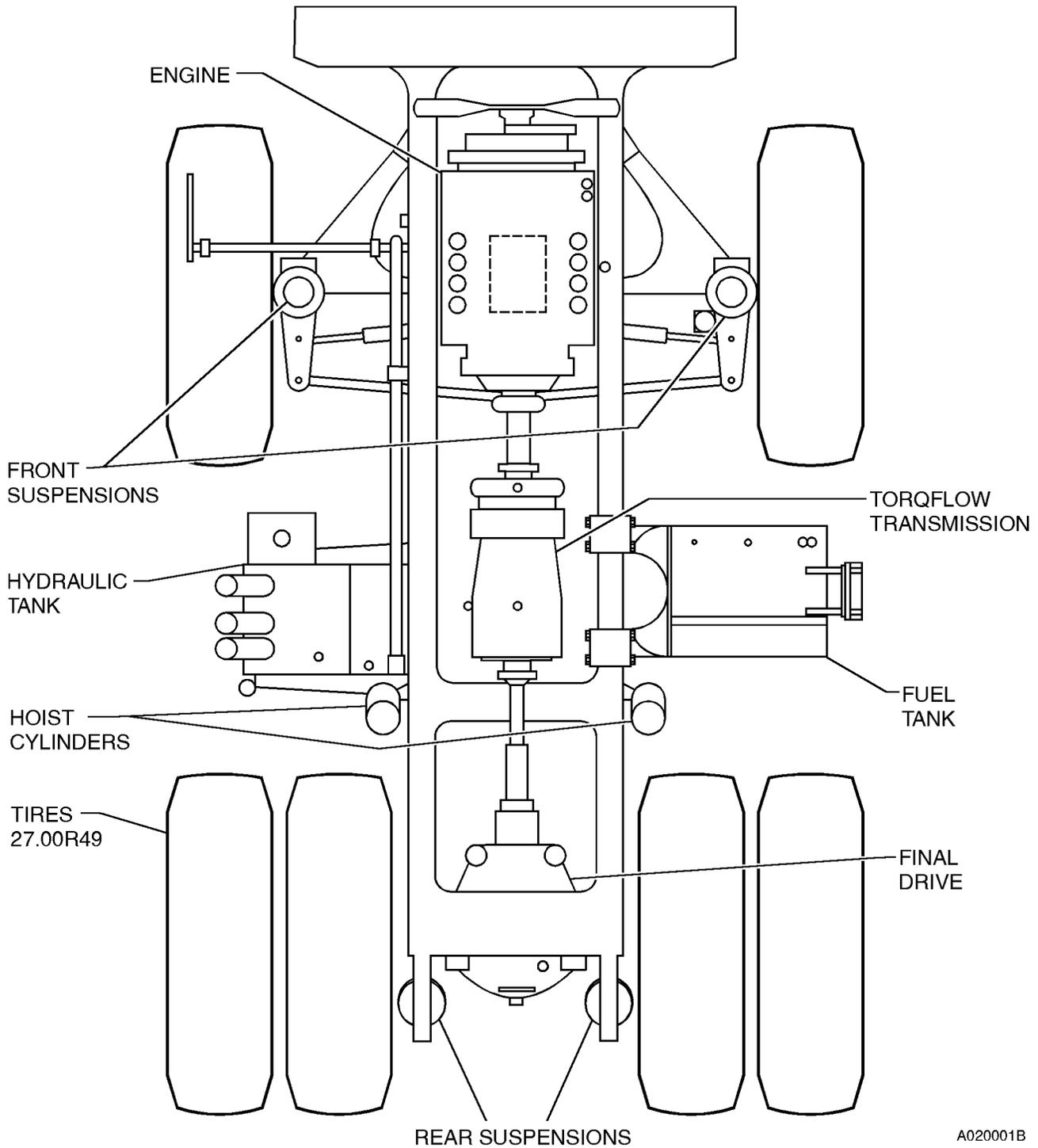
Depressing the brake pedal actuates front and rear air-over-hydraulic service brakes. The front service brakes are caliper disc type. The rear service brakes are oil-cooled, multiple-disc brakes (acts also as retarder).

RETARDER

The operator can manually apply the rear oil-cooled, multiple-disc retarder brakes by moving the retarder control lever which is mounted on the steering column. These brakes are automatically activated when the engine speed exceeds the rated revolutions of the shift position.

SUSPENSION

Hydro-pneumatic suspension cylinders are used at each wheel to reduce shock and provide riding comfort for the operator and machine stability.



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330M MAJOR COMPONENTS

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Komatsu SA12V140Z-1
 Number of Cylinders 12
 Operating Cycle 4-Stroke
 Rated 783 kW **(1050 SAE Brake HP)** @ 2000 RPM
 Flywheel 753 kW **(1010 SAE HP)** @ 2000 RPM
 Maximum torque 4631 N.m **(3415 lb-ft)** @ 1400 RPM

TORQFLOW TRANSMISSION

Automatic Electronic Shift Control
 . . . with Automatic Clutch Modulation In All Gears.
 Lockup Clutch Wet, Double-disc,
 Activated in F1–F7 gears.
 Torque Converter 3-Element, Single-stage,
 Two-phase
 Transmission . Planetary Gear, Multiple Disc Clutch,
 Hydraulically Actuated, Force-lubricated
 Speeds 7 Forward, 1 Reverse
 Max Travel Speed 61.9 Km/h **(38.5 MPH)**

FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY

Final Drive Plug-in Differential
 with Planetary Wheel Drive
 Reduction Ratios:
 Bevel Set 3.47:1
 Planetary Final Drive 6.50:1
 Total Reduction 22.54:1

ELECTRIC SYSTEM

Batteries 4 x 12V / 200 Amp Hr.
 1450 Cold Cranking Amps
 Alternator 24 Volt, 75 Ampere Output
 Lighting 24 Volt
 Starter One 24-Volt

AIR SYSTEM

Compressor 0.85 m³/min **(30 cfm)**

SERVICE CAPACITIES

	Liters	U.S. Gallons
Engine (Includes Lube Oil Filters)	147	(39)
Cooling System	256	(66)
Fuel Tank	1250	(330)
Transmission And Torque Converter	125	(33)
Steering & Hoist System Tank Only	248 145	(65.5) (38.3)
Brake Cooling System Tank Only	366 248	(96.6) (65.5)
Final Drive Case Differential & both planetaries	250	(66)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

The steering/hoisting and retarder cooling circuits are independent circuits. Load sensing steering system controls the flow to the steering circuit in accordance with demand.

Hydraulic Pumps 2-Separate Gear Pumps
 Steering/Hoist Functions
 Flow rated at 636 l/min. **(168 U.S. gal/min.)**
 Retarder Cooling
 Flow rated at 1001 l/min. **(264 U.S. gal/min.)**
 Hoist Control Valve Spool Type
 Positions Raise, Hold, Float, and Lower
 Hydraulic Cylinders
 Hoisting 2-Stage Telescoping Piston
 Steering Double Acting Piston
 Relief Valve Setting 210 kg/cm² **(3,000 psi)**

SERVICE BRAKES

Actuation: Air-Over-Hydraulic
 Front Caliper Disc Brakes
 Rear Oil-Cooled, Multiple-Disc
 . . . Act as both Service and Retarder Brakes
 Retarder Brakes:
 Normally Applied Manually By Operator.
 Automatically Actuated when engine speed exceeds the rated revolutions of the shift position for the transmission.
 Parking Brake: Spring-loaded, Caliper Disc
 Actuates On Drive Shaft
 Emergency Brakes:
 An emergency relay valve actuates the brakes automatically should air pressure in the air tank drop below a pre-set value.
 Manual operation is also possible.

STEERING

Min Turning Radius 9.9 m (32' 6")
 Automatic Emergency Steering Standard

TIRES

Rock Service (E-3) Tubeless
 Standard 27.00R49XRBT
 Rim Size 50 cm X 124.4 cm (19.5 in. X 49 in.)
 Separable Tire Rims

DUMP BODY CAPACITY (Standard)

Struck 38.6 m³ (50.5 yds³)
 Heaped @ 2:1 (SAE) 60.1 m³ (78.7 yds³)

WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION

Based on SAE 2:1 Heaped 60 m³ (78 yds³)
 (w/Komatsu Engine; and 27.00R49 Tires)

EMPTY	Kilograms	Pounds
Front Axle	33 145	73,080
Rear Axle	35 905	79,170
Total	69 050	152,250

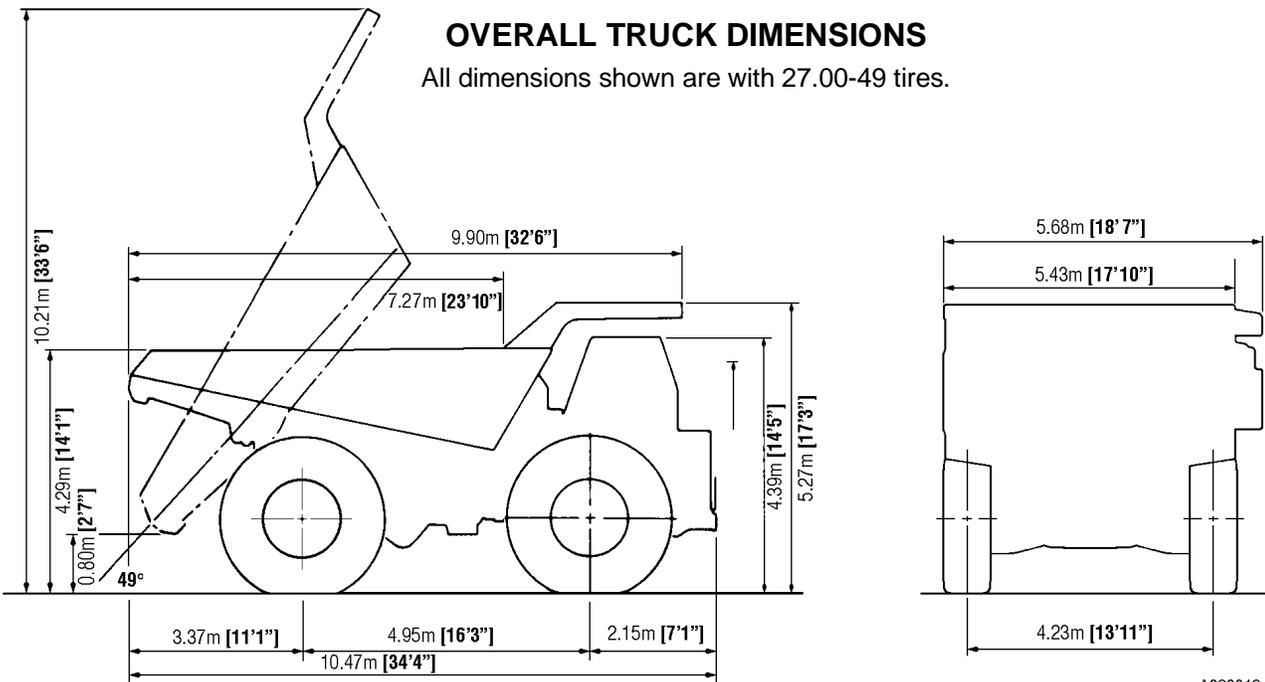
LOADED (100 Ton PAYLOAD)

	Kilograms	Pounds
Front Axle	54 080	119,280
Rear Axle	112 320	247,720
Total *	166 400	367,000

* **Not to Exceed** 166 400 kg (367,000 lbs.).
Including Options, Fuel & Payload

OVERALL TRUCK DIMENSIONS

Loading Height 4.29 m (14' 1")
 Minimum Clearance Height (Empty) 5.27 m (17' 3")
 Overall Length 10.47 m (34' 4")
 Maximum Width 5.68 m (18' 7")



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GENERAL SAFETY

This safety section also contains precautions for optional equipment and attachments.



Read and follow all safety precautions. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

SAFETY RULES

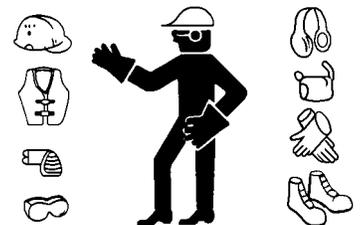
- ONLY trained and authorized personnel can operate and maintain the machine.
- Follow all safety rules, precautions and instructions when operating or performing maintenance on the machine.
- When working with another operator or a person on worksite traffic duty, be sure all personnel understand all hand signals that are to be used.

SAFETY FEATURES

- Be sure all guards and covers are in their proper position. Have guards and covers repaired if damaged. (See Walk-Around Check, Page 3-17)
- Learn the proper use of safety features such as safety locks, safety pins, and seat belts, and use these safety features properly.
- NEVER remove any safety features. ALWAYS keep them in good operating condition.
- Improper use of safety features could result in serious bodily injury or death.

CLOTHING AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE ITEMS

- Avoid loose clothing, jewelry, and loose long hair. They can catch on controls or in moving parts and cause serious injury or death. Also, do not wear oily clothes because they are flammable.
- Wear a hard hat, safety glasses, safety shoes, mask or gloves when operating or maintaining the machine. Always wear safety goggles, hard hat and heavy gloves if your job involves scattering metal chips or minute materials--this is so particularly when driving pins with a hammer and when cleaning the air cleaner element with compressed air. Check also that there is no one near the machine.



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UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION

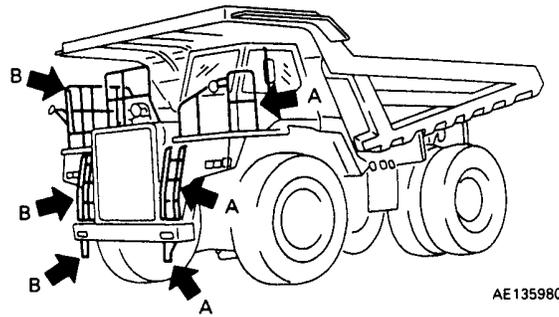
- Any modification made without authorization from Komatsu can create hazards.
- Before making a modification, consult your Komatsu distributor. Komatsu will not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by any unauthorized modification.

STANDING UP FROM THE SEAT

- To prevent any accident occurring if you should touch any control lever that is not locked, always carry out the following before standing up from the operator's seat.
- Place the gear shift lever at neutral and set the parking lever to the PARKING position.
- Lower the dump body, set the dump lever to the HOLD position, then apply the lock.
- Stop the engine. When leaving the machine, always lock everything. Always remember to take the key with you. If the machine should suddenly move or move in an unexpected way, this may result in serious bodily injury or death.

MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

- NEVER jump on or off the machine. NEVER get on or off a moving machine.
- When getting on or off the machine, face the machine and use the handhold and steps.
- Never hold any control levers when getting on or off the machine.
- Always maintain three-point contact with the handholds and steps to ensure that you support yourself.
- When bringing tools to the operator's compartment, always pass them by hand or pull them up by rope.
- If there is any oil, grease, or mud on the handholds or steps, wipe it off immediately. Always keep these parts clean. Repair any damage and tighten any loose bolts.
- Use the handrails and steps marked by arrows in the diagram below when getting on or off the machine.
 - A: For use when getting on or off the machine from the left door.
 - B: For use when getting on or off the machine from the engine hood or right door.



FIRE PREVENTION FOR FUEL AND OIL

Fuel, oil, and antifreeze can be ignited by a flame. Fuel is particularly **FLAMMABLE** and can be **HAZARDOUS**.

- Keep flame away from flammable fluids.
- Stop the engine and do not smoke when refueling.
- Tighten all fuel and oil tank caps securely.
- Refueling and oiling should be made in well ventilated areas.
- Keep oil and fuel in the determined place and do not allow unauthorized persons to enter.



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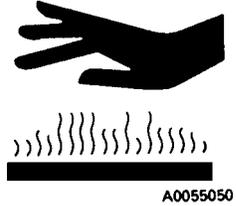
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PRECAUTIONS WHEN HANDLING AT HIGH TEMPERATURES

- Immediately after operations, the engine cooling water, engine oil, differential and final drive case oil, and hydraulic oil are at high temperature and are under pressure. If the cap is removed or the oil or water is drained or the filters are replaced, there is danger of serious burns. Always wait for the temperature to go down, and carry out the operation according to the specified procedure.
- To prevent hot water from spurting out:
 - 1) Stop the engine.
 - 2) Wait for the water temperature to go down.
 - 3) Turn the cap slowly to release the pressure before removing the cap.
- To prevent hot oil from spurting out:
 - 1) Stop the engine.
 - 2) Wait for the oil temperature to go down.
 - 3) Turn the cap slowly to release the pressure before removing the cap.



ASBESTOS DUST HAZARD PREVENTION

Asbestos dust can be HAZARDOUS to your health if it is inhaled.

If you handle materials containing asbestos fibers, follow these guidelines as given below:

- NEVER use compressed air for cleaning.
- Use water for cleaning to keep down the dust.
- Operate the machine with the wind to your back, whenever possible.
- Use an approved respirator if necessary.

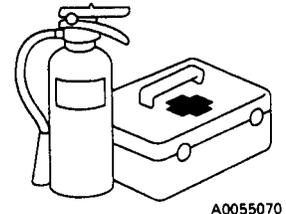


PREVENTION OF INJURY BY WORK EQUIPMENT

- Never enter or put your hand or arm or any other part of your body between movable parts such as the dump body and chassis or cylinders. If the work equipment is operated, the clearance will change and this may lead to serious bodily injury or death.

FIRE EXTINGUISHER AND FIRST AID KIT

- Be sure fire extinguishers have been provided and know how to use them.
- Provide a first aid kit at the storage point.
- Know what to do in the event of a fire.
- Be sure you know the phone numbers of persons you should contact in case of an emergency.



PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING ROPS

- If ROPS is installed, the ROPS must never be removed when operating the machine.
- The ROPS is installed to protect the operator if the machine should roll over. It is designed not only to support the load if the machine should roll over, but also to absorb the impact energy.
- The Komatsu ROPS fulfills all of the regulations and standards for all countries, but if it is rebuilt without authorization or is damaged when the machine rolls over, the strength will drop and it will not be able to fulfill its function properly. It can only display its performance if it is repaired or modified in the specified way.
- When modifying or repairing the ROPS, always contact your Komatsu distributor.
- Even if the ROPS is installed, it cannot show its full effect if the operator does not fasten the seat belt properly. Always fasten the seat belt when operating.

PRECAUTIONS FOR ATTACHMENTS

- When installing and using an optional attachment, read the instruction manual for the attachment and the information related to attachments in this manual.
- Do not use attachments that are not authorized by Komatsu or your Komatsu distributor. Use of unauthorized attachments could create a safety problem and adversely affect the proper operation and useful life of the machine.
- Any injuries, accidents, and product failures resulting from the use of unauthorized attachments will not be the responsibility of Komatsu.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

BEFORE STARTING ENGINE

SAFETY AT WORKSITE

- Before starting the engine, thoroughly check the area for any unusual conditions that could be dangerous.
- Examine the road surface in the jobsite and determine the best and safest method of operation.
- Choose an area where the ground is as horizontal and firm as possible before carrying out the operation.
- If you need to operate on a road, protect pedestrians and cars by designating a person for worksite traffic duty or by installing fences around the worksite.
- Check the river bed condition, and depth and flow of water before crossing shallow parts of river. NEVER be in water which is in excess of the permissible water depth.
- The operator must check personally the work position, roads to be used, and existence of obstacles before starting operations.
- Always determine the travel roads in the worksite and maintain them so that it is always safe for the machines to travel.

FIRE PREVENTION

- Thoroughly remove wood chips, leaves, paper and other flammable things accumulated in the engine compartment. They could cause a fire.
- Check fuel, lubrication, and hydraulic systems for leaks. Have any leaks repaired. Wipe up any excess oil, fuel or other flammable fluids.
- Be sure a fire extinguisher is present and working.
- Do not operate the machine near any flame.



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IN OPERATOR'S CAB

- Do not leave tools or spare parts lying around in the operator's compartment. They may damage or break the control levers or switches. Always put them in the tool box on the right side of the machine.
- Keep the cab floor, controls, steps and handrails free of oil, grease, snow, and excess dirt.
- Check the seat belt, buckle and hardware for damage or wear. Replace any worn or damaged parts. Always use seat belts when operating your machine.

VENTILATION FOR ENCLOSED AREAS

- If it is necessary to start the engine within an enclosed area, provide adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes from the engine can KILL.



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KEEP MIRRORS, WINDOWS, AND LIGHTS CLEAN

- Remove any dirt from the surface of the windows or lights to ensure good visibility.
- Adjust the rear view mirror to a position where the operator can see best from the operator's seat, and keep the surface of the mirror clean. If any glass should break, replace it with a new part.
- Check that the machine is equipped with the head lamps and working lamps needed for the operating conditions. Check that all the lamps light up properly.

OPERATING MACHINE

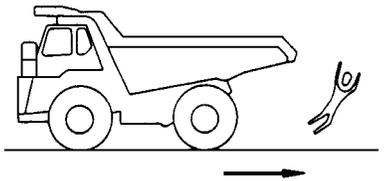
WHEN STARTING ENGINE

- Walk around your machine again just before mounting it, checking for people and objects that might be in the way.
- NEVER start the engine if a warning tag has been attached to the control.
- When starting the engine, sound the horn as an alert.
- Start and operate the machine only while seated.
- Do not allow any person other than the operator in the operator's compartment or any other place on the machine.
- For machines equipped with a back-up alarm buzzer, check that the alarm buzzer works properly.

CHECK WHEN TRAVELING IN REVERSE

Before operating the machine or work equipment, do as follows:

- Sound the horn to warn people in the area.
- Check that there is no one near the machine. Be particularly careful to check behind the machine.
- If necessary, designate a person to check the safety. This is particularly necessary when traveling in reverse.
- When operating in areas that may be hazardous or have poor visibility, designate a person to direct worksite traffic.
- Do not allow any one to enter the line of travel of the machine. This rule must be strictly observed even on machines equipped with a back-up alarm or rear view mirror.



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TRAVELING

- When traveling on rough ground, travel at low speed. When changing direction, avoid turning suddenly.
- Lower the dump body and set the dump lever to the FLOAT position when traveling.
- If the engine should stop when the machine is traveling, the steering wheel will not work, and it will be dangerous to drive the machine. Apply the brakes immediately and stop the machine.

TRAVELING ON SLOPES

- Traveling on slopes could result in the machine tipping over or slipping.
- Do not change direction on slopes. To ensure safety, go down to level ground before turning.
- Do not travel up and down on grass, fallen leaves, or wet steel plates. These materials may make the machine slip on even the slightest slope. Take all possible steps to avoid traveling sideways, and always keep the travel speed low.
- When traveling downhill, use the retarder brake to reduce speed. Do not turn the steering wheel suddenly. Do not use the foot brake except in an emergency.
- If the engine should stop on a slope, apply the brakes fully and apply the parking brake, also, to stop the machine.

ENSURE GOOD VISIBILITY

- When working in dark places, install working lamps and head lamps, and set up lighting in the work area if necessary.
- Stop operations if the visibility is poor, such as in mist, snow, or rain, and wait for the weather to improve to a condition that allows the operation to be carried out safely.

OPERATE CAREFULLY ON SNOW

- When working on snowy or icy roads, there is danger that the machine may slip to the side on even the slightest slope, so always travel slowly and avoid sudden starting, turning, or stopping.
- Be extremely careful when carrying out snow-clearing operations. The road shoulder and other objects are buried in the snow and cannot be seen.
- When traveling on snow-covered roads, always install tire chains.

AVOID DAMAGE TO DUMP BODY

- When working in tunnels, on bridges, under electric cables, or when entering a parking place or any other place where there are height limits, always drive extremely carefully and lower the dump body completely before driving the machine.

DO NOT GO CLOSE TO HIGH-VOLTAGE CABLES

- Going close to high-voltage cables can cause electric shock. Always maintain the safe distance given below between the machine and the electric cable.

Voltage	Min. Safety Distance	
6.6 kV	3 m	10 ft
33.0 kV	4 m	14 ft
66.0 kV	5 m	17 ft
154.0 kV	8 m	27 ft
275.0 kV	10 m	33 ft

- The following actions are effective in preventing accidents:
 - 1) Wear shoes with rubber or leather soles.
 - 2) Use a signalman to give warning if the machine approaches too close to the electric cable.
- If the work equipment should touch the electric cable, the operator should not leave the operator's compartment.
- When carrying out operations near high voltage cables, do not let anyone come close to the machine.
- Check with the electricity company about the voltage of the cables before starting operations.

WHEN DUMPING

- Before starting the dumping operation, check that there is no person or object behind the machine.
- Stop the machine in the correct position, and check again that there is no person or object behind the machine. Give the determined signal, then slowly operate the dump body. If necessary, use blocks for the wheels or position a flagman.
- When carrying out dumping operations on slopes, the machine stability will become poor and there is danger that it may tip over. Always carry out such operations extremely carefully.
- Do not travel with the dump body raised.

WORKING ON LOOSE GROUND

- Avoid operating your machine too close to the edge of cliffs, overhangs, and deep ditches. If these areas collapse, your machine could fall or tip over and result in serious injury or death. Remember that the soil after heavy rain or blasting is weakened in these areas.
- Earth laid on the ground and the soil near ditches are loose. They can collapse under the weight or vibration of your machine.
- When operating in places where there is danger of falling rocks or danger of the machine turning over, always install ROPS and a seat belt.

WHEN LOADING

- Check that the surrounding area is safe, stop the machine in the correct loading position, then load the body uniformly.
- Do not leave the operator's seat during the loading operation.

PARKING THE MACHINE

- Choose a horizontal road surface to park the machine. If the machine has to be parked on a slope, always put blocks under all the wheels to prevent the machine from moving.
- When parking on public roads, provide fences and signs, such as flags or lights, on the machine to warn pedestrians and other vehicles. Be sure that the machine, flags, or lights do not obstruct the traffic.
- Before leaving the machine, lower the dump body fully, set the parking lever to the PARKING position, stop the engine, then lock everything. Always take the key with you.

BATTERY

BATTERY HAZARD PREVENTION

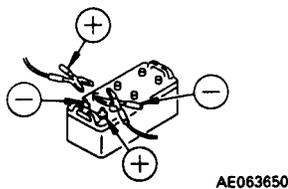
- Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid and can quickly burn the skin and eat holes in clothing. If you spill acid on yourself, immediately flush the area with water.
- Battery acid could cause blindness if splashed into the eyes. If acid gets into the eyes, flush them immediately with large quantities of water and see a doctor at once.
- If you accidentally drink acid, drink a large quantity of water or milk, beaten egg or vegetable oil. Call a doctor or poison prevention center immediately.
- When working with batteries ALWAYS wear safety glasses or goggles.
- Batteries generate hydrogen gas. Hydrogen gas is very EXPLOSIVE, and is easily ignited with a small spark of flame.
- Before working with batteries, stop the engine and turn the starting switch to the OFF position.
- Avoid short-circuiting the battery terminals through accidental contact with metallic objects, such as tools, across the terminals.
- When removing or installing, check which is the positive (+) terminal and negative (-) terminal.
- Tighten the battery cap securely.
- Tighten the battery terminals securely. Loosened terminals can generate sparks and lead to an explosion.



STARTING WITH BOOSTER CABLES

- ALWAYS wear safety glasses or goggles when starting the machine with booster cables.
- When starting from another machine, do not allow the two machines to touch.
- Be sure to connect the positive (+) cable first when installing the booster cables. Disconnect the ground or negative (-) cable first when removing them.
- If any tool touches between the positive (+) terminal and the chassis, it will cause sparks. This is dangerous, so be sure to work carefully.
- Connect the batteries in parallel: positive to positive and negative to negative.
- When connecting the ground cable to the frame of the machine to be started, be sure to connect it as far as possible from the battery.

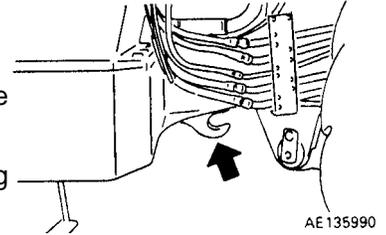
INCORRECT



TOWING

WHEN TOWING, FIX WIRE TO HOOK

- Towing in the wrong way may lead to serious personal injury or damage.
- When using another machine to tow this machine, use a wire rope with ample strength for the weight of this machine.
- Never tow a machine on a slope.
- Do not use any towing rope that has kinks or is twisted.
- Do not stand astride the towing cable or wire rope.
- When connecting a machine that is to be towed, do not let any one come between the towing machine and the machine that is being towed.
- Set the coupling of the machine being towed in a straight line with the towing portion of the machine, and secure it in position.



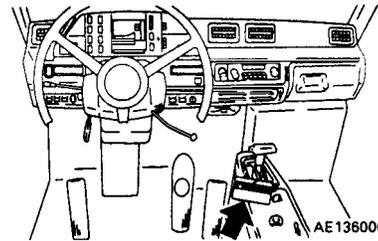
(For towing method, see page 3-28.)

PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE

BEFORE CARRYING OUT MAINTENANCE

WARNING TAG

- If others start the engine or operate the controls while you are performing service or lubrication, you could suffer serious injury or death.
- ALWAYS attach the WARNING TAG to the control lever in the operator's cab to alert others that you are working on the machine. Attach additional warning tags around the machine, if necessary.
- These tags are available from your Komatsu distributor. (Part No. 09963-03000)



PROPER TOOLS

- Use only tools suited to the task. Using damaged, low quality, faulty, or makeshift tools could cause personal injury.



A0055120

PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF CRITICAL PARTS

- Periodically replace parts used to insure safety or prevent accident. (See "PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENT PARTS FOR SAFETY DEVICES", Section 4.)
- Replace these components periodically with new ones, regardless of whether or not they appear to be defective. These components deteriorate over time.
- Replace or repair any such components if any defect is found, even though they have not reached the time specified.

STOPPING THE ENGINE BEFORE SERVICE

- When carrying out inspection or maintenance, always stop the machine on firm flat ground, lower the dump body, then stop the engine.
- If the engine must be run during service, such as when cleaning the radiator, always set the transmission lever to the neutral position and the parking brake lever to the PARKING position. Always carry out the work with two people. One person should sit on the operator's seat so that he can stop the engine if necessary. NEVER move any controls you do not need to operate.
- When servicing the machine, be careful not to touch any moving part or get your clothes caught.
- Put blocks under the wheels.
- When carrying out service with the dump body raised, always place the dump lever at the HOLD position, apply the lock, and insert the safety pins securely.

DURING MAINTENANCE

PERSONNEL

- Only authorized personnel can service and repair the machine. Extra precaution should be used when grinding, welding, and using a sledge-hammer.

ATTACHMENTS

- Place attachments that have been removed from the machine in a safe place so that they do not fall. If they fall on you or others, serious injury could result.



A0055130

WORK UNDER THE MACHINE

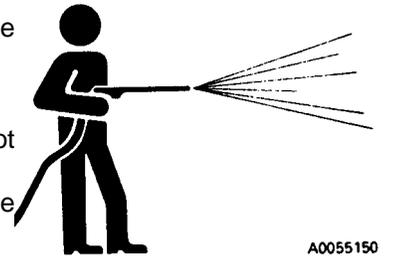
- Always lower all movable work equipment to the ground or to their lowest position before performing service or repairs under the machine.
- Always block the tires of the machine securely.
- Never work under the machine if the machine is poorly supported.



A0055140

KEEP THE MACHINE CLEAN

- Spilled oil or grease, or scattered tools or broken pieces are dangerous because they may cause you to slip or trip. Always keep your machine clean and tidy.
- If water gets into the electrical system, there is danger that the machine may not move or may move unexpectedly. Do not use water or steam to clean the sensors, connectors, or the inside of the operator's compartment.



A0055150

RULES TO FOLLOW WHEN ADDING FUEL OR OIL

- Spilled fuel and oil may cause you to slip, so always wipe it up immediately.
- Always tighten the cap of the fuel and oil fillers securely.
- Never use fuel for washing any parts.
- Always add fuel and oil in a well-ventilated place.



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A0055040

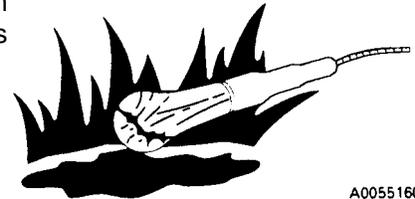
RADIATOR WATER LEVEL

- If it is necessary to add water to the radiator, stop the engine and allow the engine and radiator to cool down before adding the water.
- Slowly loosen the caps to relieve pressure before removing the caps.



USE OF LIGHTING

When checking fuel, oil, coolant, or battery electrolyte, always use lighting with anti-explosion specifications. If such lighting equipment is not used, there is danger or explosion.



PRECAUTIONS WITH BATTERY

- When repairing the electrical system or when carrying out electrical welding, remove the negative (-) terminal of the battery to stop the flow of current.

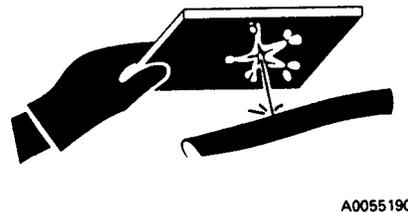


HANDLING HIGH-PRESSURE HOSES

- Do not bend high-pressure hoses or hit them with hard objects. Do not use any bent or cracked piping, tubes or hoses. They may burst during use.
- Always repair any loose or broken fuel hoses or oil hoses. If fuel or oil leaks, it may cause a fire.

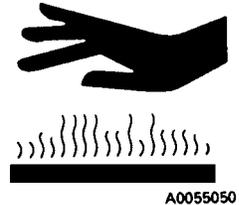
PRECAUTIONS WITH HIGH PRESSURE OIL

- Do not forget that the work equipment circuits are always under pressure.
- Do not add oil, drain oil, or carry out maintenance or inspection before completely releasing the internal pressure.
- If oil is leaking under high pressure from small holes, it is dangerous if the jet of high-pressure oil hits your skin or enters your eyes. Always wear safety glasses and thick gloves, and use a piece of cardboard or a sheet of wood to check for oil leakage.
- If you are hit by a jet of high-pressure oil, consult a doctor immediately for medical attention.



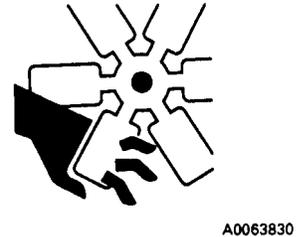
PRECAUTIONS WHEN CARRYING OUT MAINTENANCE AT HIGH TEMPERATURE OR HIGH PRESSURE

- Immediately after stopping operations, the engine cooling water and oil at all parts are at high temperature and under high pressure. In this condition, if the cap is removed, or the oil or water are drained, or the filters are replaced, it may result in burns or other injury. Wait for the temperature to go down, then carry out the inspection and maintenance in accordance with the procedures given in this manual.



ROTATING FAN AND BELT

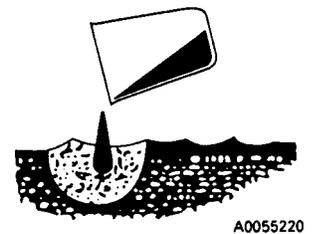
- Keep away from rotating parts and be careful not to let anything get caught in them.
- If your body or tools touch the fan blades or fan belt, they may be cut off or sent flying, so never touch any rotating parts.



WASTE MATERIALS

- Never dump waste oil in a sewer system, rivers, etc.
- Always put oil drained from your machine in containers. Never drain oil directly on the ground.
- Obey appropriate laws and regulations when disposing of harmful objects such as oil, fuel, coolant, solvent, filters, batteries, and others.

INCORRECT



TIRES

HANDLING TIRES

If tires are not used under the specified conditions, they may overheat and burst or be cut and burst by sharp stones on rough road surfaces. This may lead to serious injury or damage.

To maintain safety, always keep to the following conditions:

- Inflate the tires to the specified pressure. Abnormal heat is generated particularly when the inflation pressure is too low.
- Use the specified tires.

The values given in this manual for the tire inflation pressure and permissible speed are general values. The actual values may differ depending on the type of tire and the condition under which they are used. For details, please contact your Komatsu distributor or tire maker.

If the tires become hot, a flammable gas is produced, and this may ignite. It is particularly dangerous if the tires become overheated when the tires are under pressure. If the gas generated inside the tire ignites, the internal pressure will suddenly rise, and the tire will explode, and this may lead to serious personal injury. Explosions differ from punctures or tire bursts, because the destructive force is extremely large. Therefore, the following operations are strictly prohibited when the tire is under high internal pressure:

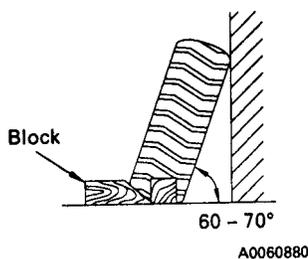
- Welding the rim
- Building fires or carrying out welding near the wheel or tire.



If you do not understand the proper procedure for carrying out maintenance or replacement of the wheel or tire, and you use the wrong method, the wheel or tire may burst and cause serious injury or damage. When carrying out such maintenance, please consult your Komatsu distributor or tire maker.

STORING TIRES AFTER REMOVAL

- As a basic rule, store the tires in a warehouse which unauthorized persons cannot enter. If the tires are stored outside, always erect a fence around the tires and put up "No Entry" and other warning signs that even young children can understand.
- Stand the tire on level ground, and block it securely so that it cannot roll or fall over.
- If the tire should fall over, get out of the way quickly. The tires for construction equipment are extremely heavy, so trying to hold the tire may lead to serious injury.



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARING FOR OPERATION

The safest trucks are those which have been properly prepared for operation. At the beginning of each shift, a careful check of the truck should be made by the operator before attempting to start the engine.

Vehicle breakdowns and UNSCHEDULED downtime and loss of production can be reduced.

SAFETY IS THINKING AHEAD

Prevention is the best safety program. Prevent a potential accident by knowing the employer's safety requirements and all necessary job site regulations, as well as use and care of the safety equipment on the truck.

Only qualified operators or technicians should attempt to operate or maintain the truck.

Safe practices start before the operator gets to the equipment!

- Wear the proper clothing. Loose fitting clothing, unbuttoned sleeves and jackets, jewelry, etc., can catch on a protrusion and cause a potential hazard.
- Always use the personal safety equipment provided for the operator such as hard hat, safety shoes, safety glasses or goggles. There are some conditions when protective hearing devices should also be worn for operator safety.
- When walking to and from the truck, maintain a safe distance from all machines even if the operator is visible.

At The Truck - Ground Level Walk Around Inspection

At the beginning of each shift, a careful walk around inspection of the truck should be made before the operator attempts engine start-up. A walk around inspection is a systematic ground level inspection of the truck and its components to insure that the truck is safe to operate before entering the operator's cab.

Start at the left front corner of the truck (see illustration, next page), and move in a counter-clockwise direction, front-to-rear, across the rear, and continuing forward up the opposite side of the truck to the original starting point. If these steps are taken in sequence, and are repeated from the same point and in the same direction before every shift, many potential problems may be avoided.

If problems or potential problems are found during the "walk-around", be sure to notify maintenance.

Local work practices may prevent an operator from performing all tasks suggested here, but to the extent permitted, the operator should follow this or similar routine.

1. Start at left front of truck (see illustration, next page). While performing the walk around inspection, visually inspect all lights and safety equipment for external damage from rocks or misuse. Make sure lenses are clean and unbroken.
2. Move behind the front of the left front tire, inspect the hub and brake assemblies for leaks and any abnormal conditions. Check that the air system cooler is clean and not covered with mud, etc.

Check that all suspension attaching hardware is secure and inspect for evidence of wear. Check that the suspension extension (exposed piston rod) is correct, and that there are no leaks.

3. Inspect fan and air conditioner belts for correct tension, obvious wear, and tracking. Inspect fan guard for security and condition.
4. Look overhead at bottom of cab and check for leakage of the steering control valve and/or hoses.
5. Move outboard of the front wheel, and inspect attaching lugs/wedges to be sure all are tight and complete. Check tires for cuts, damage or "bubbles" and that inflation appears to be correct.
6. Move behind the rear of the front wheel, inspect for leaks at hub or brakes or any unusual conditions. Inspect suspension hardware to be sure it is all in place. Inspect the tie-rod pivots and steering cylinder for proper greasing, and for security of all parts. Inspect for any hydraulic leaks.
7. Check pumps on front of transmission for leakage and that all parts are secure. Also check the transmission filter for leaks.

8. Inspect sight glass for transmission oil level. With engine stopped, hydraulic fluid should be between the upper two marks.

(Refer to decal on transmission oil pan.) Notify maintenance if oil appears to be low.

