

Product: Doosan 400-III PLUS Wheel Loader Service Repair Workshop Manual
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Mega 400-III PLUS

Shop Manual

4023-7130E

Serial Number 1001 and Up

Daewoo reserves the right to improve our products in a continuing process to provide the best possible product to the market place. These improvements can be implemented at any time with no obligation to change materials on previously sold products. It is recommended that consumers periodically contact their distributors for recent documentation on purchased equipment.

This documentation may include attachments and optional equipment that is not available in your machine's package. Please call your distributor for additional items that you may require.

Illustrations used throughout this manual are used only as a representation of the actual piece of equipment, and may vary from the actual item.

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Mega 400-III PLUS

Serial No. 0001 and Up

Pub.No. 4023-7130E



Product Label



Instructions

**Trim Out The Label Along
The Lines And Insert Into
Pocket On The Binder Spine**

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SAFETY



S0103000

WHEEL LOADER SAFETY



CAUTION!

Follow all safety recommendations and safe shop practices outlined in the front of this manual or those contained within this section.

Always use tools and equipment that is in good working order.

Use lifting and hoisting equipment capable of safely handling load.

Remember, that ultimately safety is your own personal responsibility.

MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER RANGE
Mega 200-III	1001 and Up
Mega 250-III	1001 and Up
Mega 400-III PLUS	1001 and Up

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TO THE OPERATOR OF A DAEWOO WHEEL LOADER

DANGER!

Improper use of wheel loader could cause serious injury or death. Before operating wheel loader, or performing maintenance, operator or technician must read and understand entire Operation and Maintenance Manual.

Any operation, maintenance, traveling or shipping methods that do not follow safety guidelines printed in this Manual could cause serious injury or death.

Please respect the importance of taking responsibility for your own safety, and that other people who may be affected by your actions.

Safety information on the following pages is organized into the following topics.

1. "General Safety Essentials" on page 4
2. "Location of Safety Labels" on page 4
3. "Unauthorized Modifications" on page 4
4. "Operation" on page 7
5. "Equipment" on page 12
6. "Maintenance" on page 16
7. "Shipping and Transportation" on page 19

SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL

Be Prepared – Get to Know All Operating and Safety Instructions

This is the Safety Alert Symbol. Wherever it appears – in this manual or on safety signs on the machine – you should be alert to potential for personal injury or accidents. Always observe safety precautions and follow recommended procedures.

LEARN SIGNAL WORDS USED WITH SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL

Words "**CAUTION**," "**WARNING**," and "**DANGER**" used throughout this manual and on labels on machine indicate hazards or unsafe practices. All three statements indicate that safety is involved. Observe precautions indicated whenever you see the Safety Alert "Triangle," no matter which signal word appears next to the "Exclamation Point" symbol.

CAUTION!

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against a generally unsafe practice.



WARNING!

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death. It may also be used to alert against a highly unsafe practice.



DANGER!

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, is very likely to cause death or extremely serious injury. It may also be used to alert against equipment that may explode or detonate if handled or treated carelessly.

GENERAL SAFETY ESSENTIALS

ACCESSORY APPLICATIONS

Wheel loader has been designed primarily for moving earth with a bucket. For use as a grapple or for other object handling, contact Daewoo. Lifting-work applications are permitted in approved lift configuration, to rated capacity only, with no side-loading (unless prohibited by local regulation). Do not use machine for activities for which it was not intended. Do not use bucket for lifting work, unless lift slings are used in approved configuration.

LOCATION OF SAFETY LABELS

Location of safety labels (decals) can vary from unit to unit. Refer to appropriate Operation and Maintenance Manual, and Parts Manual for your unit.

Always replace damaged or faded decals.

UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATIONS

IMPORTANT

If you need more information or have any questions or concerns about safe operating procedures or working wheel loader correctly in a particular application or in specific conditions of your individual operating environment, please consult your local Daewoo representative.

Any modification made without authorization or written approval from Daewoo can create a safety hazard, for which machine owner must be held responsible.

For safety's sake, replace all OEM parts with correct authorized or genuine Daewoo part. For example, not taking time to replace fasteners, bolts or nuts with correct replacement parts could lead to a condition in which safety of critical assemblies is dangerously compromised.

WORK-SITE PRECAUTIONS

ATTACHMENT PRECAUTIONS

Options kits are available through your dealer. Contact Daewoo for information on available one-way (single-acting) and two-way (double-acting) piping/valving/ auxiliary control kits. Because Daewoo cannot anticipate, identify or test all attachments that owners may wish to install on their machines, please contact Daewoo for authorization and approval of attachments, and their compatibility with options kits.

AVOID HIGH-VOLTAGE CABLES

Serious injury or death can result from contact or proximity to high-voltage electric lines. The bucket does not have to make physical contact with power lines for current to be transmitted.

Use a spotter and hand signals to stay away from power lines not clearly visible to operator.

VOLTAGE	MINIMUM SAFE DISTANCE
6.6kV	3 m (9' - 10")
33.0kV	4 m (13' - 1")
66.0kV	5 m (16' - 5")
154.0kV	8 m (26' - 3")
275.0kV	10 m (32' - 10")

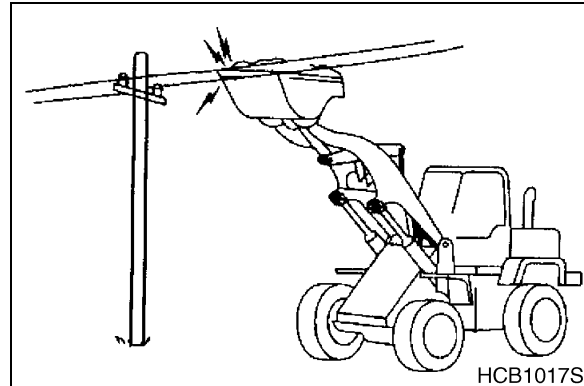


Figure 1

Use these minimum distances as a guideline only. Depending upon voltage in line and atmospheric conditions, strong current shocks can occur with boom or bucket as far away as 4 - 6 m (13 - 20 ft) from power line. Very high voltage and rainy weather could further decrease that safety margin.

NOTE: Before starting any type of operation near power lines (either above ground or buried cable-type) you should always contact power utility directly and work out a safety plan with them.

BEFORE STARTING TO DIG, CONTACT AUTHORITIES

Below ground hazards also include natural gas lines, water mains, tunnels and buried foundations. Know what's underneath work site before starting to dig.

BE AWARE OF HEIGHT OBSTACLES

Any type of object in vicinity of boom could represent a potential hazard, or cause operator to react suddenly and cause an accident. Use a spotter or signal person working near bridges, phone lines, work site scaffolds, or other obstructions.

USE CARE ON LOOSE SUPPORT

Working heavy loads over loose, soft ground or uneven, broken terrain can cause dangerous side load conditions and possible tipover and injury. Travel without a load or balanced load may also be hazardous.

If temperatures are changing, be cautious of dark and wet patches when working or traveling over frozen ground. Stay away from ditches, overhangs and all other weak support surfaces. Halt work and install support mats or blocking if work is required in an area of poor support.

USE SOLID SUPPORT BLOCKING

Never rely on lift jacks or other inadequate supports when work is being done. Block wheels fore and aft to prevent any movement.

DIGGING BENEATH OVERHANGS

Digging beneath an overhang is dangerous. Overhang could collapse on top of operator and cause serious injury or death. Go on to another digging area before steep overhangs are formed. Know height and reach limits of wheel loader and plan ahead while working. Park wheel loader away from overhangs before work shutdown.

DIGGING BENEATH WHEEL LOADER

Digging beneath wheel loader is dangerous. Earth beneath could collapse. This could cause wheel loader to tip, which could cause serious injury or death to operator. Working around deep pits, trenching or along high walls may require support blocks, especially after heavy rainfalls or during spring thaws.

SLOPING TERRAIN REQUIRES CAUTION

Dig evenly around work site whenever possible, trying to gradually level any existing slope. If it's not possible to level area or avoid working on a slope, reducing size and cycling rate workload is recommended.

On sloping surfaces, use caution when positioning wheel loader prior to starting a work cycle. Stay alert for instability situations in order to avoid getting into them. For example, you should always avoid working bucket over downhill side of machine when parked perpendicular to slope. Avoid full extensions of bucket in a downhill direction. Lifting bucket too high, too close to machine, while wheel loader is turned uphill can also be hazardous.

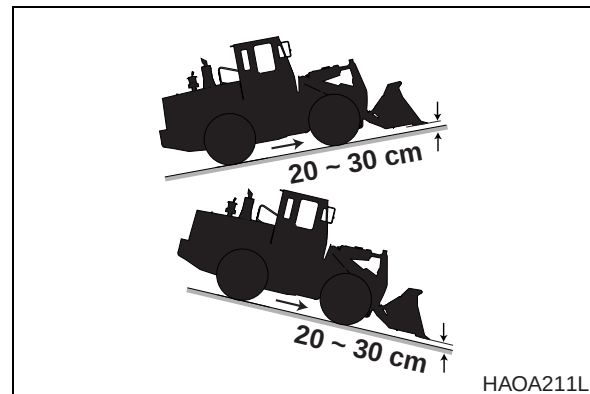


Figure 2

STAY ALERT FOR PEOPLE MOVING THROUGH WORK AREA

When loading a truck you should always know where the driver is.

Avoid loading over the cab of a truck even if the driver is in a safe spot. Someone else could have gone inside, for any number of reasons. Avoid working where unseen passersby might be.

Slow down work cycle and use slower travel speeds in congested or populated areas. Use a commonly understood signal so that other members of work crew can warn operator to slow or halt work in an impending hazardous situation.

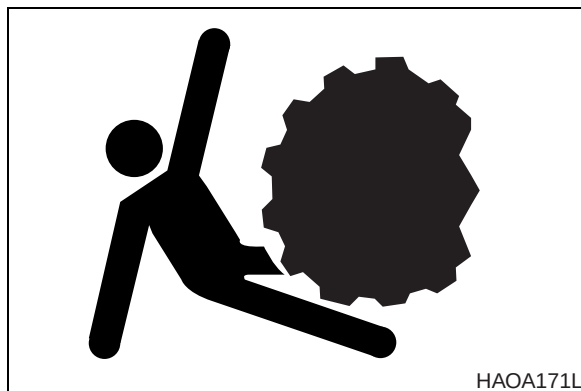


Figure 3

BE AWARE OF AND CONFORM TO LOCAL REGULATIONS

Minimum levels of insurance coverage, work permits or certification, physical barriers around work-site or restricted hours of operation may be mandated by governing authorities. There may also be guidelines, standards or restrictions on equipment that may be used to perform certain kinds of work. Check and follow all local requirements, which may also be related to below ground hazards and power lines.

OPERATION

OPERATE WHILE SEATED AT OPERATOR'S STATION ONLY

Never reach in through a window to work a control. Do not try to operate wheel loader unless you're in command position – seated at controls. You should stay alert and focused on your work at all times but Do not twist out of seat if job activity behind you (or to the side) requires your attention.

Use a spotter or signal person if you can't see clearly and something is happening behind you.

Replace damaged safety labels and lost or damaged operator's manuals.

Do not let anyone operate machine unless they've been fully and completely trained, in safety and in operation of the machine.



Figure 4

BEFORE STARTING ENGINE, DO A “PRE-START” SAFETY CHECK:

- Walk around your machine before getting in operator's cab. Look for evidence of leaking fluid, loose fasteners, misaligned assemblies or any other indications of possible equipment hazard.
- All equipment covers and machinery safety guards must be in place, to protect against injury while machine is being operated.
- Look around work site area for potential hazards, or people or property that could be at risk while operation is in progress.
- Never start engine if there is any indication that maintenance or service work is in progress, or if a warning tag is attached to controls in cab.
- A machine that has not been used recently, or is being operated in extremely cold temperatures, could require a warm-up or maintenance service prior to start up.
- Check gauges and monitor displays for normal operation prior to starting engine. Listen for unusual noises and remain alert for other potentially hazardous conditions at start of work cycle.
- Check tire inflation and check tires for damage or uneven wear. Perform maintenance before operation.

NEVER USE ETHER STARTING AIDS

An electric-grid type manifold heater is used for cold starting. Glowing heater element can cause ether or other starting fluid to detonate, causing injury.

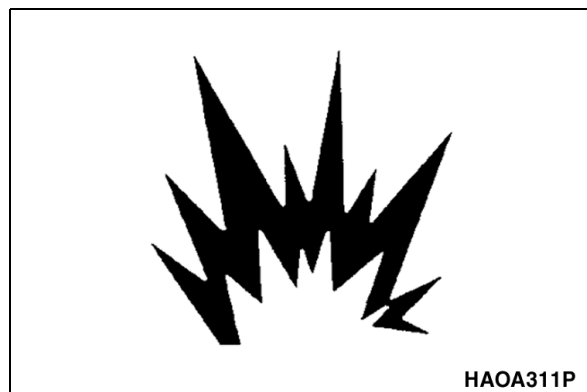


Figure 5

MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

Never get on or off a moving machine. Do not jump on/off. Entry/egress path should be clear of mud, oil and spills and mounting hardware must be kept tight and secure.

Always use handholds or steps and maintain at least 3-point contact of hands and feet. Never use controls as handholds.

Never get up from operator's seat or leave operator's station and dismount machine if engine is running.

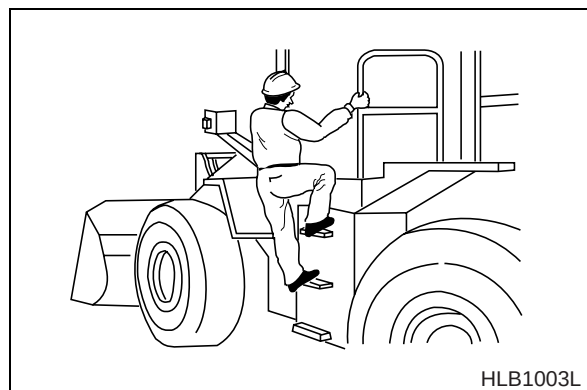


Figure 6

OBSERVE GENERAL SAFETY RULES

Only trained and authorized personnel, with a good knowledge and awareness of safe procedures, may be allowed to operate or perform maintenance or service on wheel loader.

All personnel at work site should be aware of assigned individual responsibilities and tasks. Communication and hand signals used should be understood by everyone.

Terrain and soil conditions at job site, approaching traffic, weather-related hazards and any above or below ground obstacles or hazards should be observed and monitored by all work crew members.

ENGINE VENTILATION

Engine exhaust gases can cause loss of judgment, loss of alertness, and loss of motor control. These gases can also cause unconsciousness, serious injury and fatal accidents.

Make sure of adequate ventilation before starting engine in any enclosed area.

You should also be aware of open windows, doors or ductwork into which exhaust may be carried, or blown by wind, exposing others to danger.

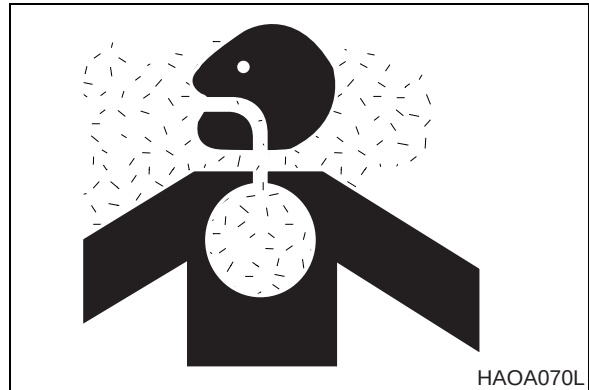


Figure 7

ASBESTOS DUST HAZARD PREVENTION

Asbestos dust can be HAZARDOUS to your health if it is inhaled.

If you handle materials containing asbestos fibers, follow these guidelines as given below:

- Never use compressed air for cleaning
- Use water for cleaning to keep down the dust.
- Work on the machine or component with the wind at your back whenever possible.
- Use an approved respirator.

TAKE TIME TO PROVIDE GOOD VISIBILITY

Halt work if visibility is poor. Strong rains, snow, fog and extremely dusty conditions can all obscure visibility so badly that it is best to wait for weather to change or dust to settle before continuing operation.

Night work in areas of limited visibility should be halted if installation of extra work lights on machine (or work area) is necessary.

Keep dirt and dust off of windows and off lens surfaces of work lights. Stop working if lights, windows or mirrors need cleaning or adjustment.

FUEL, OIL AND HYDRAULIC FLUID FIRE HAZARDS

Add fuel, oil, antifreeze and hydraulic fluid to machine only in a well ventilated area. Machine must be parked with controls, lights and switches turned "OFF." Engine must be "OFF" and any flames, glowing embers, auxiliary heating units or spark-causing equipment must be doused, turned "OFF" and/or kept well clear of machine.

Static electricity can produce dangerous sparks at fuel filling nozzle. In very cold, dry weather or other conditions that could produce static discharge, keep tip of fuel nozzle in constant contact with neck of fuel filling nozzle, to provide a ground.

Keep fuel and other fluid reservoir caps tight and do not start engine until caps have been secured.

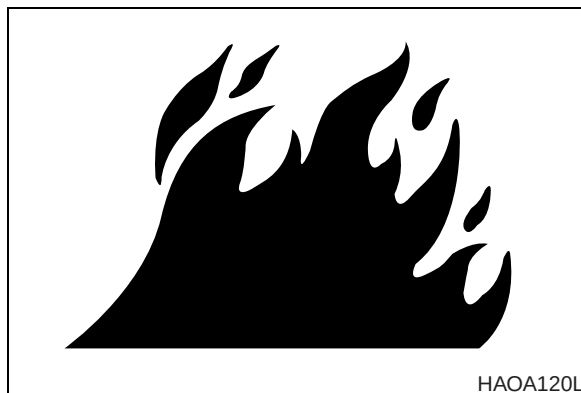


Figure 8

BOOST STARTING OR CHARGING ENGINE BATTERIES

Turn "OFF" all electrical equipment before connecting leads to battery. This includes electrical switches on battery charger or boost starting equipment.

When boost-starting from another machine or vehicle do not allow two machines to touch. Wear safety glasses or goggles while required parallel battery connections – positive to positive and negative to negative – are made.

24 volt battery units consisting of two series-connected twelve volt batteries have a cable connecting one positive terminal on one of the 12 volt batteries to a negative terminal on the other battery. Booster or charger cable connections must be made between non-series-connected positive terminals and between negative terminal of booster battery and metal frame of machine being boosted or charged. Refer to procedure and illustration in Operation and Maintenance Manual.

Connect positive cable first when installing cables and disconnect negative cable first when removing them. Final cable connection, at metal frame of machine being charged or boost-started, should be as far away from batteries as possible.

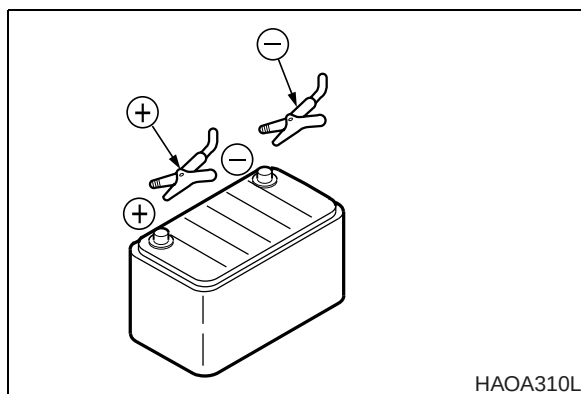


Figure 9

KEEP “PINCH POINT” AREAS CLEAR – USE CAUTION IN REVERSE

Use a signal person in high traffic areas and whenever operator's view is not clear, such as when traveling in reverse.

Anyone standing near wheels, or working assemblies of the attachment, is at risk of being caught between moving parts of machine.

Never allow anyone to ride on any part of machine or attachment, including any part of operator's cab.

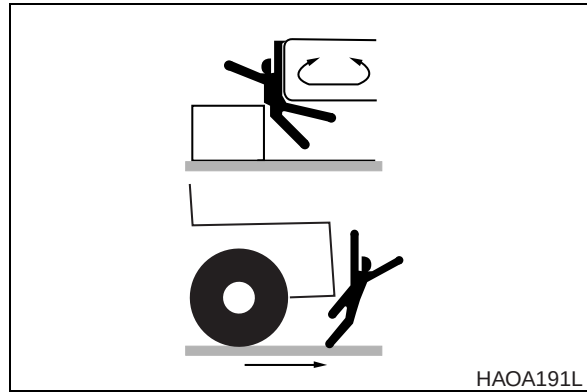


Figure 10

TRAVEL PRECAUTIONS

Engage frame lock for long-distance travel. When traveling, wheel loader always keeps lights on; make sure that you are in compliance with all state and local regulations concerning warning flags and signs.

Attachment control levers should not be operated while traveling.

Fold in work equipment so that outer end of boom is as close to machine as possible, and is low – 203 mm – 304 mm (8" – 12") above ground.

Never travel over obstacles or slopes that will cause machine to tilt severely. Travel around any slope or obstacle that causes 10 degrees tilt, or more.

OPERATE CAREFULLY ON SNOW AND ICE AND IN VERY COLD TEMPERATURES

In icy cold weather avoid sudden travel movements and stay away from even very slight slopes. Machine could skid off to one side very easily.

Snow accumulation could hide or obscure potential hazards. Use care while operating or while using machine to clear snow.

Warming up engine for a short period may be necessary, to avoid operating with sluggish or reduced working capacity. Jolting shocks and impact loads caused by bumping or bottoming boom or attachment are more likely to cause severe stress in very cold temperatures. Reducing work cycle rate and work load may be necessary.

PARKING MACHINE

Avoid making sudden stops, or parking machine wherever it happens to be at the end of the work day. Plan ahead so that the wheel loader will be on a firm, level surface away from traffic and away from high walls, cliff edges and any area of potential water accumulation or runoff. If parking on inclines is unavoidable, block wheels to prevent movement. Lower bucket or other working attachment completely to ground, or to an overnight support saddle. There should be no possibility of unintended or accidental movement.

SHUTDOWN CONTROL FUNCTIONS

After bucket has been lowered to overnight storage position, move all switches and controls to "OFF" position. Move parking brake switch to "LOCK" position. This will apply parking brake. Move pilot cutoff switch to "LOCK" position. This will disable bucket control lever. Move key in ignition switch to "OFF" position, and remove key from switch.

Engage all lock-down security equipment that may have been installed on machine.

IMPORTANT

When hydraulic system maintenance or service work must be performed, be aware that accumulators in system store fluid under pressure after system has been shut down. To release hydraulic pressure in accumulators, operate control with engine "OFF" until accumulator pressure is completely dissipated.

EQUIPMENT

ROUGH OPERATION MAY REQUIRE USE OF CERTIFIED SAFETY EQUIPMENT

Work in mines, tunnels, deep pits or on loose or wet surfaces could produce danger of falling rock, roll over or hazardous flying objects. Additional protection for operator's cab could be required in form of a FOPS/Falling Object Protective Structure and/or ROPS/Roll Over Protective Structure reinforcement system.

Any reinforcement system that is installed on machine must pass safety and certification standards and carry appropriate labeling and rating information. For example, most often added type of reinforcement system, FOPS, must meet or exceed Society of Automotive Engineers standard SAE J1356, "Performance Criteria for Falling Object Guards for Wheel loaders."

Never attempt to alter or modify any type of protective structure reinforcement system, by drilling holes, welding or remounting or relocating fasteners. Any serious impact or damage to system requires a complete integrity reevaluation. Reinstallation, recertification and/or replacement of system may be necessary.

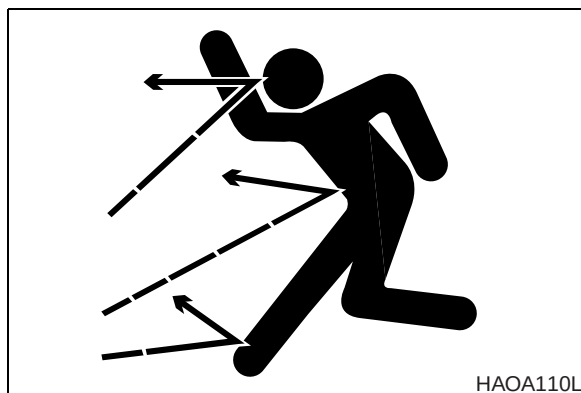


Figure 11



Figure 12

INSTALL ADDITIONAL SAFETY EQUIPMENT IF CONDITIONS REQUIRE

When working with a breaker or in some shear work applications, a front guard over windshield may be required. Windshield guard may or may not be OPS/certified, depending upon the specific application and working situation.

Laminate glass protection for the front, side or rear windows may also be recommended depending upon particular site conditions.

Contact your Daewoo distributor for available safety guards and/or recommendations if there is any danger of getting hit by objects that could strike the operator's cab. Make sure that all other work site crew members are kept well away from wheel loader and safe from potential hazards.

MOVEMENT ALARMS

If wheel loader is equipped with an audible travel movement alarm, test alarm on a daily basis. Audible alarm should sound as soon as travel system is engaged.

SEAT BELTS SHOULD BE USED AT ALL TIMES

Whenever engine is running, operator should be seated at the control station with seat belt properly engaged.



HAOD060P

Figure 13

WINDOW GLASS BREAKING TOOL

This loader is equipped with a glass breaking tool. It is located in the lower left side of the cab just rear of the door. This tool can be used in case of an emergency situation which requires the breaking of glass to exit from the operator's cabin. Grip the handle firmly and use the sharp point to break the glass.



HAOQ061S

Figure 14

KEEP A FIRE EXTINGUISHER AT HAND

It is recommended that an appropriately sized (2.27 kg [5 lb] or larger) multi-purpose "A/B/C" fire extinguisher be mounted in cab. Check and service fire extinguisher at regular intervals and make sure that all work site crew members are adequately trained in its use.

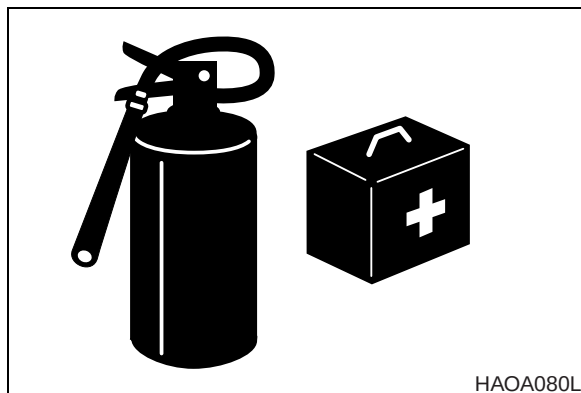


Figure 15

MAINTAIN STANDARD SAFETY EQUIPMENT IN GOOD CONDITION

Machinery guards and body panel covers must be in place at all times. Keep well clear of rotating parts. Pinch point hazards such as cooling fan and alternator drive belts could catch hair, jewelry or oversize or very loose clothing.

Safety labels must be replaced if they are damaged or become unreadable. Information on labels gives work crew members an important safety reminder. Part numbers for each decal and required mounting locations are shown on pages 1-2 through 1-4 of this section.

SAFETY-CRITICAL PARTS MUST BE REPLACED PERIODICALLY

Replace following fire-related components as soon as they begin to show any sign of wear, or at regular periodic intervals, whether or not deterioration is visible:

- Fuel system flexible hoses, the tank overflow drain hose and the fuel filler cap.
- Hydraulic system hoses, especially the pump outlet lines and front and rear pump branch hoses.
- Keep mounting brackets and hose and cable routing straps tight. Hose routing should have gradual bends.

HYDRAULIC CYLINDER SEALS REQUIRE PERIODIC REPLACEMENT

Check cylinder drift rate at regular intervals. Overhaul seal kits are available through Daewoo.

HIGH PRESSURE HYDRAULIC LINES CAN STORE A GREAT DEAL OF ENERGY

Exposed hydraulic hoses on arm or boom could react with explosive force if struck by a falling rock, overhead obstacle or other job site hazard. Extra safety guards may be required. NEVER allow hoses to be hit, bent or interfered with during operation.

OPERATOR'S CAB SHOULD BE KEPT CLEAN

Clean grease and dirt from pedals and controls. This contributes to safe operation. Cleaning also provides an opportunity to inspect equipment. Minor damage can be repaired or corrected before major problems result.

Keep cab floor and consoles free of tools and personal items.

WEAR EYE PROTECTION AND SAFETY CLOTHING – USE PROPER TOOLS

Contain long hair, and avoid wearing loose clothes or jewelry that could get caught in controls.

Full eye protection, a hard hat, safety shoes and gloves may be required at job site.

While working on machine, never use inadequate tools. They could break or slip, causing injury, or they may not adequately perform intended functions.

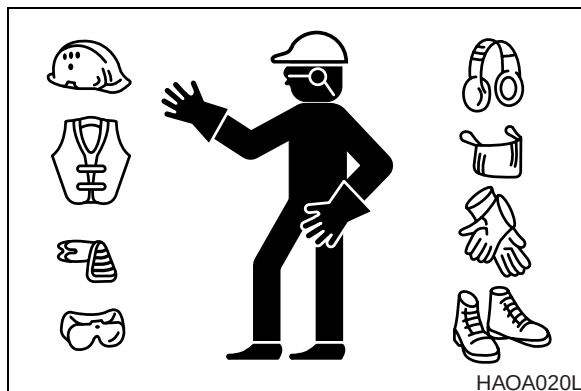


Figure 16

BREATHING MASKS, EAR PROTECTION MAY BE REQUIRED

Do not forget that some risks to your health may not be immediately apparent. Exhaust gases and noise pollution may not be visible, but these hazards can cause disabling or permanent injuries.

NOTE: *Sound level in closed operator's cab is 75 dB(A). Additional information on machine sound and vibration levels can be found in Shop Manual.*

ASBESTOS FIBER HAZARD

Materials containing asbestos fiber can be present on job site. Breathing air that contains asbestos fiber can ultimately cause serious or fatal lung damage. To prevent lung damage from asbestos fiber, observe following precautions:

1. Use a respirator that is approved for use in an asbestos-laden atmosphere.
2. Use water for cleaning and for keeping dust down.
3. NEVER use compressed air for cleaning.

BATTERY ELECTROLYTE AND EXPLOSIVE GASES CAN BE LETHAL

Flush eyes with water for 10-15 minutes if acid is splashed in face. Anyone who swallows acid must have **immediate** medical aid. *Call Poison Control listing in the front cover of the telephone directory.*

Explosive battery gas can be set off by sparks from incidental contact or static discharge. Turn "OFF" all switches and engine when working on batteries. Keep battery terminals tight. Contact between a loose terminal and post can create an explosive spark.

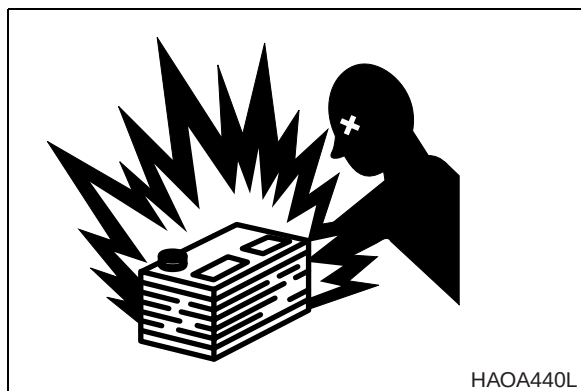


Figure 17

DISCONNECT BATTERIES BEFORE ELECTRICAL SERVICE OR ELECTRICAL WELDING

Remove cable to negative terminal first when disconnecting cable. Connect positive terminal cables first when installing a battery.

USE LOW HEAT PORTABLE LIGHTING

Hot surfaces on trouble lights or portable work lights can set off fuel or battery explosive gases.

MAINTENANCE

USE WARNING TAG DURING SERVICE

Alert others that service or maintenance is being performed and tag operator's cab controls – and other machine areas if required – with a warning notice.

Warning tags for controls are available from Daewoo distributors; see Figure 18.

DO NOT RUN ENGINE IF REPAIRS OR WORK ARE BEING PERFORMED ALONE

You should always have at least two people working together if engine must be run during service. One person needs to remain in operator's seat, ready to work controls or stop machine and shut "OFF" engine.



Figure 18

ALWAYS USE ADEQUATE EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS AND BLOCKING

Do not allow weight or equipment loads to remain suspended. Lower everything to ground before leaving operator's seat. Do not use hollow, cracked or unsteady, wobbling weight supports. Do not work under any equipment supported solely by a lift jack.

DO NOT WORK ON HOT ENGINES OR HOT COOLING OR HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS

Wait for engine to cool off after normal operation. Park wheel loader on a firm, level surface and lower all equipment before shutting down and switching "OFF" controls. When engine lube oil, gearbox lubricant or other fluids require change, wait for fluid temperatures to decrease to a moderate level before removing drain plugs.

NOTE: *Oil will drain more quickly and completely if it is warm. Do not drain fluids at temperatures exceeding 95°C (203°F), however do not allow full cool-down.*

COOL-DOWN IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO RADIATOR OR RESERVOIR CHECKS

Stop engine and allow heat to dissipate before performing service on engine radiator or hydraulic fluid reservoir. Both assemblies have air vent levers at or near filler cap for venting built-up air pressure. Release levers before trying to take off filler caps and **LOOSEN CAPS SLOWLY**, prior to removal.

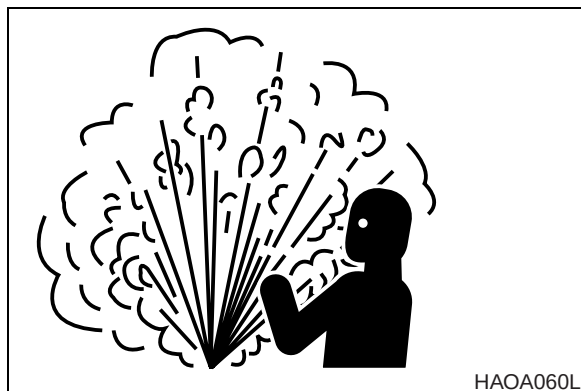


Figure 19

PRESSURIZED HYDRAULIC OIL FLUID LEAKS CAN BE DANGEROUS

Fluid leaks from hydraulic hoses or pressurized components can be difficult to see but pressurized oil has enough force to pierce skin and cause serious injury.

Always use a piece of wood or cardboard to check for suspected hydraulic leaks. Never use your hands or expose your fingers.

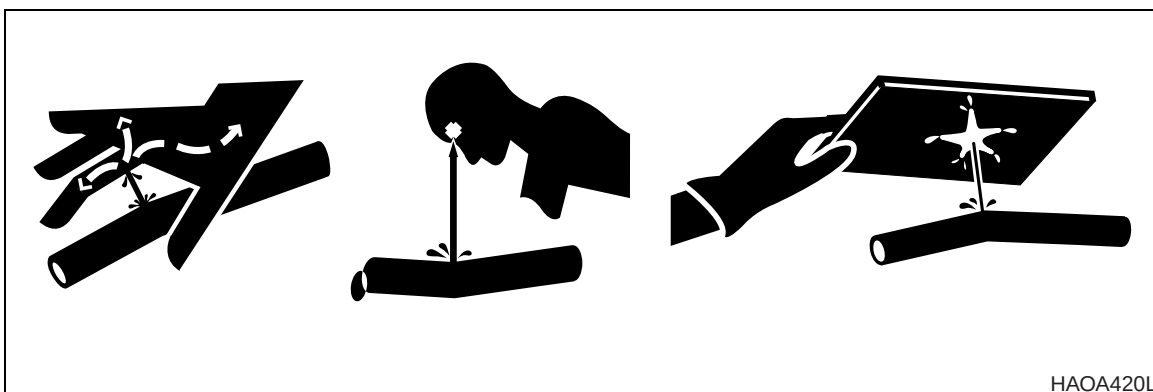


Figure 20

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION IF PRESSURIZED OIL PIERCES SKIN.



WARNING!

Failure to obtain prompt medical assistance could result in gangrene or other serious damage to tissue.

USE CORRECT REPLACEMENT FASTENERS TIGHTENED TO PROPER TORQUE

Refer to “General Maintenance” section of Shop Manual for information on tightening torques and recommended assembly compounds and always use correct part.

Poor or incorrect fastener connections can dangerously weaken assemblies.

DISPOSE OF ALL PETROLEUM-BASED OILS AND FLUIDS PROPERLY

Physical contact with used motor oil may pose a health risk. Wipe oil from your hands promptly and wash off any remaining residue.

Used motor oil is an environmental contaminant and may only be disposed of at approved collection facilities. Never drain any petroleum-based product on ground or dispose of old oil in municipal waste collection containers, or in metropolitan sewer systems or rural landfills.

Check state and local regulations for other requirements.

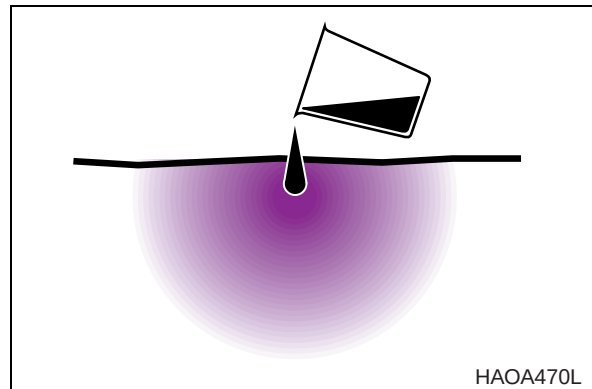


Figure 21

CHECK TIRE PRESSURE AND CONDITION

Maintain tire pressure but do not over inflate. Inspect tires and wheels daily. When inflating tires, follow procedures in Maintenance Section of Operation and Maintenance Manual, which include using an extension to allow you to avoid standing in front of or over a tire. Do not change a tire unless you have both experience and proper equipment.

SHIPPING AND TRANSPORTATION

OBEY STATE AND LOCAL OVER-THE-ROAD REGULATIONS

Check state and local restrictions regarding weight, width and length of a load prior to making any other preparation for transport.

Hauling vehicle, trailer and load must all be in compliance with local regulations governing intended shipping route.

Partial disassembly or tear-down of wheel loader may be necessary to meet travel restrictions or particular conditions at job site.

Refer to the section "Transportation" section of operation manual.

SUMMARY OF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS FOR LIFTING



WARNING!

Improper lifting can allow load to shift and cause personal injury or damage to the machine

To make safe lifts, the following items must be evaluated by operator and work site crew.

- Condition of ground support
- Wheel loader configuration and attachments
- Weight, lifting height and lifting radius
- Safe rigging of load
- Proper handling of suspended load

Taglines on opposite sides of load can be very helpful in keeping a suspended load secure, if they are anchored safely to control points on ground.

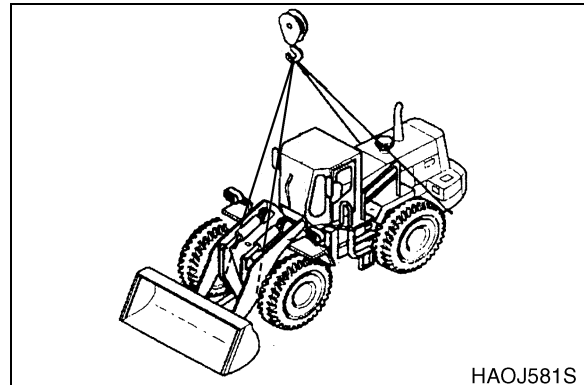


Figure 22

SPECIFICATIONS

Product: Doosan 400-III PLUS Wheel Loader Service Repair Workshop Manual
Full Download: <https://www.arepairmanual.com/downloads/doosan-400-iii-plus-wheel-loader-service-repair-workshop-manual/>

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